The Leading Motor House of Asia:
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars
can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

VOL. II NO. 97 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1914. ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL
S. N. COMPANY.
MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES.

FROM BOMBAY FOR

MARSEILLES & LONDON.

BOMBAY to MARSEILLES in.....13 days.
BOMBAY to LONDON via MARSELLES by rail in ..... 14 ,,
BOMBAY to PLYMOUTH by sea in. 19 ,,
BOMBAY to LONDON by sea in..... 20 ,,
Except during the South West Monsoon when the journeys will occupy one additional day.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Adenwith	Tons.
25th April	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia	10000
29th ,,	Arcadia ..	7000	....	..
2nd May.	Caledonia ..	8000	....	..
9th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa	11000
14th ,,	Persia ..	8000	....	..
23rd ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mooltan	10000
30th ,,	Macedonia ..	10500	....	..
6th June	Salsette ..	6000	Morea	11000
13th ,,	India ..	8000	....	..
20th ,,	China ..	8000	Maloja	12500
27th ,,	Arabia ..	8000	....	..
4th July.	Salsette ..	6000	Marmora	10500
11th ,,	Arcadia ..	7000	....	..
18th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Moldavia	10000
25th ,,	Persia ..	8000	....	..
1st Aug.	Salsette ..	6000	Medina	12500
8th ,,	Caledonia ..	8000	....	..
15th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia	10000
22nd ,,	India ..	8000	....	..
29th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Egypt	8000

All the Company's Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.
Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamers at Port Said.
Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.
Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.
*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.
The S. S. "ARCADIA" 7,000, tons will leave Bombay at 4 p.m. on Wednesday, the 29th April, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES as follows:—

	SINGLE	RETURN.
	"A" rate. "B" rate.	"A" rate. "B" rate.
To MARSEILLES	...Rs. 594 or Rs. 495	Rs. 891 or Rs. 742-8.
,, LONDON	.....Rs. 627 or Rs. 528	Rs. 940-8. or Rs. 792.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, AUSTRALIA, and NEW ZEALAND.
The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
For accommodation and further information apply to—
A. R. BURNEY.
Acting Superintendent,
P. O. S. N. Co., Bombay.
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NIPPON YUSSEN KAISHA.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commander.	Ton	Arrival	Departure
Kamakura Maru	Hori	6126	12th April.	25th. April
Rangoon Maru	Kamoshita	5143	17th. ,,	27th. ,,
Kawachi Maru	Christiansen	6163	26th. ,,	7th. May.
Chiyo Maru	Murazumi	4965	6th. May	17th. ,,
Izuha Maru	Shinohe	6159	16th. ,,	27th ,,

For Freight apply to—
T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
York Building.
Hornby Road, Bombay

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, apply to
GRAHAM & CO.,
MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

INVESTMENT AGENCY.

of Shares and Securities
at the most favourable
liable advice and infor-
large to Investors. The
monthly guide giving
securities, sent gratis
daily quotations for-
reat facility afforded
rders of any amount
orough satisfaction
nce given.
t, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
(JOINT SERVICE).
SPRING SAILINGS, 1914.
TO MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

Steamers.	To	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Karachi	A&C	5566†	....	22nd April....
City of Lahore	A&C	6375	....	29th April...
City of Birmingham	A&C	7475‡	....	25th ay..
City of Calcutta	A&C	7630‡	....	10th June..
City of Benares	A&C	6984	....	20th June ..
City of Manchester	A&C	5551	24th June	....
City of York	A&C	7811‡	....	24th June.

*Calling at Bombay for passengers only.
‡"City of Manchester" and City of Karachi calls Marseilles and Plymouth.
‡These Steamers call at Port Sudan.
Excepting the Trafford Hall all other steamers carry 1st and 2nd Class Passengers.
†Carries neither Doctor nor Stewardess.

FARES.	1st Class Single.	1st Class Return.	2nd Class Single.	2nd Class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles ..	653	1091	489	809
Liverpool ..	605	957	402	704
London via Marseilles from Liverpool	..	999	..	737

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The A and C class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.
A and C class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each bin FREE OF CHARGE.
The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.
Through booking in connection with Nordeutcher Lloyd and Cunard Lines.
Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."
For passages and full particulars apply —Bombay.—Messrs. Ed. Bats and Sons ley.

KILLICK NIXON & Co.

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... ,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 18,550,000
HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung	Hsien	Liaoyang	Osaka
Changchun		Calcutta	Pekin
Dairen (Dalney)		London	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Hankow		Lyons	San Francisco
Harbin		Fengtien (Mukden)	Shanghai
Hongkong		Nagasaki	Tiehling
Honolulu		Newchwang	Tientsin
Kobe		New York.	Tokyo
Los Angeles		(Cal. U.S.A.)	Tsingtau

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000-provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. IGARASHI, Manager.
Post Box N. 207.
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,100,000
Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Eliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
JAMES SMITH,
Acting Manager.
Post Box 161.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND to DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.
WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.
Vessels. Tons. Sailing Date. Time. Routes.
LHASA, 2184, Fri. 24th April *6 a. m., Direct
LINGA, 2185, Mon. 27th April 11 a.m. †P. D. & C. M.
DWARKA, 1695, Thur. 30th April a.m. ‡C. M.
*or later arrival of English mail steamer.
†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.
‡Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.
(Weekly.)
S. S. "DWARKA," 1695 tons, on Thursday, the 30th April, calling at Muscat, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
(Weekly.)
S. S. "BARJORA," 3,164 tons, on Thursday the 23rd April, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomrah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
(Fortnightly.)
Steamer. Tonnage. Sailing on or about.
†PURNEA.....3206 Thursday, 30th April
*PUNDUA .....3305 ,, 14th May.
†PENTAKOTA ..... 3418 ,, 28th ,,.
*PALAMCOTTA .....3413 ,, 11th June.
†Calls at Lamoo, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
Passengers may book through to Cape Colony ports transhipping at Durban to the steamers of the Union Castle or other Line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.
(Direct.)
Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma Strait Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.
Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with,
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Nicol Road near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.
23rd April, 1914.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

The following sailings have now been arranged:—

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st Apl. ,,
CASTALIA ...	6388	G. Mitchell	1st May
ELYSIA	6368	J. A. Coverley	23rd ,, ,,
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th. June 1914
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	24th. June 1914
Circassia	6722	C.S. Osborne R.N.R.	11th July 1914
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th July 1914
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	10th. Aug. 1914
Elysia	6368	J.A. Coverley	24th. Aug. 1914
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	12th Sept. 1914
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	23rd. Sept. 1914
Circassia	6722	C.S. Osborne R.N.R.	12th Oct. 1914
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st Oct. 1914
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	6th Nov. 1914
Elysia	6368	J.A. Coverley	21st. Nov. 1914

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.
All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to London overland from Marselles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	443	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.
Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.
Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with very comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The advertised rates to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.
Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.
For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

F. CORNAGLIA,
LEADING CONFECTIONER AND CATERER OF WESTERN INDIA.
Cakes and Confectionery prepared daily on the Premises by Skilful European Labour only.
FANCY CAKES A SPECIALITY.
(Local and up-country orders promptly and carefully attended to).
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
F. CORNAGLIA,
83—85, Medows Street, and 7, Esplanade Road, Bombay, and 6, Arsenal Road, Poona.
TELEGRAMS: "CORNAGLIA." TELEPHONE No. 42.

BANKING.

THE EMPIRE BANK, LIMITED.
17-19, GREEN STREET, FORT BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. p. a. on minimum daily balances of Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 5 per cent. p. a.
SAVINGS BANK deposits at 4 per cent. p. a.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved security.
SECURITIES AND STOCKS Received for safe custody and dividends and interest thereon collected. Also bought and sold for constituents at market rates.
All kinds of Banking business transacted.
Further particulrs on application.
HEREDIA & Co.,
Agents.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:—APOLLO STREET.
BRANCHES:—
Mumbadevi (Bombay) and Ahmedabad.
Interest on fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent p. a. Savings Bank 4 per cent. Current accounts on daily balances 3 per cent. at Bombay.
Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.
JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

FOR ADVERTISEMENT RATES
APPLY
THE MANAGER,
"BOMBAY CHRONICLE,"
Medows Street,
Fort, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Subscribed Capital	£1,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£ 400,000
Reserve Fund	£ 30,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique.)
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. Haskell, Esq. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of. Martins Bank, Ltd.)
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
Sir Jacob Sassoon, Bart.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
BOMBAY OFFICE.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ per cent PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.
SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.
W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

THE BURMAH OIL CO., LD.
B. O. C. LAMP OILS.
B. O. C. PETROL.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS.
AND GREASES.
B. O. C. CANDLES.
Agents:—SHAW WALLACE & Co.,
TAJ BUILDINGS.
Wallace Street, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE NO. 102.

PHOTOGRAPHY
WITH
GOERZ CAMERAS
IS THE MOST DELIGHTFUL OF HOBBIES

THEIR USE ensures bright sparkling photos of artistic softness and gradation. With a GOERZ CAMERA you can rest assured that you will secure splendid results of a quality such as you could not get with the average camera.
THE TRAVELLER or holiday maker will find in them compact models made ready for use in an instant, with which he can preserve for all time memories of the places and people he has seen.
THE ENGINEER and the Student of architecture has in them a light handy instrument which will enable him not only to obtain a record of buildings &c. in which he may be interested, but small architectural details which often are even more valuable to the student.
IN THE HOME the interest which can be obtained from one of the cameras is scarcely conceivable to the non-photographer. The SIMPLICITY of the Goerz Tenax series is such that any member of the household can use the cameras with happy results, while the pictures themselves are such that no professional photographer can ever hope to get. Records of children at play in their earlier years are priceless treasures when the youngsters have grown up and made homes of their own.
LADIES will find the charm of this fascinating hobby greatly enhanced by the use of a Tenax camera. Tenax cameras are so portable, simple and elegant. The Tenax cameras can be carried for hours without inconvenience or regret at being burdened with a camera, even if no exposures be made, and it is generally when entirely unexpected that we meet with the most pictorial subjects.
The Tenax cameras are capable of the finest and best photography and will do work of which the most advanced photographer can have reason to be proud.
CALL and inspect them or send for lists.
MARCKS & Co. Ltd. BOMBAY & POONA.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

INSURANCE.
FIRE
LIFE
MARINE
TRANSIT
PERSONAL ACCIDENT
AND SICKNESS
FIDELITY GUARANTEE
MOTOR CARS
FOR PROSPECTUS AND RATES
Apply to
E. F. HALLIWELL.
General Insurance Agent.
"BIBLE HOUSE", 166, Hornby Road,
Fort, BOMBAY
Phone: 2352 Telegrams: "Baltic

ALL INDIA
UNITED INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1906.
FIRE. LIFE.
(Funds invested in Government Securities.)

Authorised Capital...	...	50,00 000
Subscribed Capital ...	...	25,00,000
Paid up Capital	... ...	5,00,000
Reserve Funds	... ...	65,000
Claims Paid Over	... ...	1,50,000

Special Features.
Expert actuarial advice.
Rates low consistent with safety.
Policies simple in form.
Claims paid promptly.
Economical management.
WANTED on handsome salary and commission, agents and canvassers for Bombay and unrepresented parts of India.
For full particulars apply to:—
Messrs. M. M. SHIRAZEE & SONS.,
SECRETARIES.
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY,

STANDARD OIL CO., OF NEW YORK.
MARSHALL'S BUILDING.
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg	6 0	2 per case.
White Rose 150 deg	5 12	2 per case.
Chester Brand 125 deg	5 2	2 per case.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg	5 0	2 per case.
Tiger Brand 125 deg	4 15	2 per case.
Monkey Brand 125 deg	4 15	2 per case.
White Camelia 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6	0 per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in bulk	3 12	0 per 8 Imp. galns.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil, on Malbar Hill and Cumballa Hill, are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost a haulage.
In all cases oil sold by Standard Oil Co., of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla, Andheri and Thana Agents add one anna to the above prices.
Orders books applied gratis on application to THE MANAGER.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED" "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words, Re 1 per insertion; every additional line(six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the Publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES

may be had on application to—

The Manager "Bombay Chronicle" office, Bombay.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India: patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 80, Esplanade Road. 332

MAHABLESHWAR and PANCHGANI.—For seats in Mail Motors or Reserved Cars from Wathar apply to THE MAHABLESHWAR MOTOR SERVICE Co., Ltd., Mahableshwar. 1989b.

MAHABLESHWAR and PANCHGANI by Motor Cars from Poona First Class Fast, comfortable and reliable cars at competitive prices. MODY'S MOTOR MART, Poona. 382

BENEDICTINS DENTIFRICE. The wonderful French Dentifrice recommended by all Dentists and introduced for the first time in India. Can be had in liquid, paste or powder at: ARMY & NAVY STORES & THOMPSON & TAYLOR, Bombay. 2170

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workman at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos. 1011

WANTED.

WANTED a SCHOOL MISTRESS Matriculated or Senior Cambridge for a Hill Station School. Apply to Box No. 421, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2374

WANTED a trained hand, well up in Court work and proceedings. Pay Rs. 50.

Apply to THE JUDICIAL MINISTER, Bhopal. 1602

EXPERIENCED Indian Journalist would be gald to act as PRIVATE SECRETARY to Bombay Public Man. Free in the morning. Highest references. Apply to Box No. 523, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1401

WANTED gentleman TO SHARE a FLAT in one of the coolest and most convenient parts of the Fort. Expenses exceptionally moderate for position and style of accommodation. Apply to Box No. 526, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1691

WANTED an experienced STOREKEEPER to be placed in charge of large Engineering Stores. Write giving age, previous experience (which is essential) stating present salary, and enclose copies of all testimonials. Good salary will be paid to suitable applicant. Apply to Box No. 422, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2375

THE appointment of a SHORTHAND TYPIST on Rs. 100 in the Belgaum District Court has been sanctioned as an experimental measure for a period of one year. Candidates should apply with copies of their testimonials stating previous practical experience, whether they have any knowledge of law, and what vernacular languages they know.

L. CRUMP,
3453. District Judge.

WANTED a SUPERINTENDENT for the Victoria Memorial Orphanage and Technical School, Hyderabad Salary Rs. 400—50—700, with free quarters and carriage allowance.

Applicants must know Urdu and possess a thorough practical knowledge of carpentry, cane-weaving, polishing and bookbinding and be capable of administering the business of a large Institution.

For particulars apply to THE HONORARY SECRETARY to the Executive Committee of the Victoria Memorial Orphanage. 1581

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of SUPERINTENDENT of the Commissioner in Sind's PRINTING PRESS at Karachi, on a salary of Rs. 350 rising by annual increments of Rs. 20 to Rs. 450 per mensem, with house rent up to a limit of Rs. 100 per mensem. Applications should be accompanied with testimonials, and should state, age, qualifications and previous experience Training as a practical printer and ability to administer a large printing press essential.—Applications should reach the COMMISSIONER in Sind before the 30th April 1914. 1593

WANTED for the State Reception Department a caterer capable to arrange State Banquets, Dinner, Garden and other parties. He should possess a knowledge and experience for the proper upkeep of Crockery, Cutlery, Glassware and Linen, etc. Pay up to Rs. 100 per mensem, according to qualifications First six months on probation.—Applications should reach the undersigned before the end of April 1914.

BISHEN DAS,
Col. Rai Bahadur, Dewan,
Military Secretary,
Jammu and Kashmir State.
15th April 1914. 1601

WANTED.

WANTED SALESMEN and COLLECTORS Good opportunity for hard-working young men seeking employment. Apply SINGER Company. 2385

WANTED—Second-hand 3 H. P. 230 Volts D. C. MOTOR, must be in good condition. Apply to Box No. 423, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2381

APPOINTMENT WANTED—Librarian, Secretary or any responsible position. Testimonial from Earl Roberts V. O, Nc. Apply to Mr. G. M. O'HARA, Y. M. C. A., Wodehouse Road, Fort. 2382

WANTED—Information "WHAT HAPPENED TO MARY." A handsome reward to the informer. Please write "BAR-AT-LAW" C/o "Bombay Chronicle." 2380

WANTED a FLAT in Apollo Bunder or the Fort. First or second floor away from the tram lines. Moderate rental. Full particulars to Box No. 527, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1702

A YOUNG and ENERGETIC YOUTH lately holding a responsible POST of Manager in London and having thorough experience of Banking and accounts wants a suitable employment here or anywhere. Apply to Box No. 424, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2384

WANTED—A Mechanical 1st class Engineer having a thorough experience of Ginning, Pressing, Spinning, and Weaving Mills. Pay Rs. 200-300—Apply sharp with copies of testimonials to SAIT JAI NARAIN RANIWALA, Khurja City. 1591

WANTED—SECRETARY for the Bombay Presidency Nursing Association. Terms may be ascertained at Association's Office, Bastion Road, Fort. Applications to be sent to Lt.-Colonel T. JACKSON, St. George's Hospital, by the 25th April. 1700

WANTED—A passed Accountant, who will also work as Head Clerk for the Office of the State Engineer, Panna. Salary Rs. 60 p. m. He must know Urdu, Hindi and English. Preference will be given to experienced hands.—Apply with copies of testimonials to DEWAN, Panna, before 30th April 1914. 1590

WANTED—A wealthy Mutual Life Office has VACANCY for a SMART PARSEE or HINDU CANVASSER of good education and address. Salary and Commission offered. Important position to be gained by one able to produce business. Every encouragement given to the right man. Apply to Box No. 420 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2363

WANTED—A TRAVELLING INSPECTOR OF ACCOUNTS with at least five years' experience of an independent charge of a district. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 150 according to qualifications. A European or Anglo-Indian wanted only. Apply direct with testimonials to CHIEF AUDITOR and ACCOUNTANT, Barsi Light Railway, Kurduvadi, Deccan. 1701

WANTED.—Situation as a MANAGING CLERK in a Solicitors firm from June 1914, by a young energetic Hindu, Matriculate, well read in law with an aim to pass the High Court pleader's examination and ten years experience in correspondence and accounts. Business capabilities guaranteed. For further particulars address "G" C/o. "Bombay Chronicle." 2299

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, RANGOON. —WANTED for the Government College, Rangoon.—

(1) A PROFESSOR OF PHILOSOPHY for four months from 1st June, 1914. Pay Rs. 400 per mensem. Applicants should have taken the M.A. degree of a University in the first class and have had experience in College work.

(2) A LECTURER IN PHILOSOPHY for four months or possibly for a longer period from 1st June, 1914. Pay Rs. 200 per mensem. Applicants should have taken the M.A. degree of a University and experience in teaching is desirable.

Applications should be addressed to THE PRINCIPAL Government College, Rangoon. 1500

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE ON THE NILGIRI—GORE HOUSE, KOTAGIRI, with 40 acres of land Price Rs. 15,000.—Apply to Messrs. EDGE & GENGE, Solicitors, Octacamund. 1524

FOR SALE—SOUTH AFRICAN OSTRICHES. One pair breeding birds, 6 years old. One cock bird, 2½ yrs. old. Four birds, 12 months old.

Apply GEORGE CORNISH, Hyderabad, Deccan. 1603

FOR SALE—Best ALPHONSO and PAIRIE MANGOES and other fruits. Mangoes shipped to England. Send for Price List. DHOBLE & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay. 2302b

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WHITEHALL WHITE EDGED CARBON—A Novelty—The finest typewriting Carbon on the market. Try it. To be had at BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, the leading Stationers and Paper Merchants in India, Victoria Buildings, Parsee Bazaar Street. 2314

MOTOR CYCLES FOR SALE.

1914 New Hudson Three Speed.
1914 Clyno with Side Car.
1913 Rudge-Multi with Side Car.
1912 Triumph with Side Car.
1912 Premier with Side Car.

THE GREAT EASTERN MOTOR CO.,
Rampart Row,
2379 Fort.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—100 LOOMS made by Henry Levesey.

35 CARDS 40in. wide Howard and Bullough.
16 ROWING FRAMES of 160 spindles.
8 INTERMEDIATE ,, 120 do.
4 SLUBBING ,, 84 do.
4 MULES ,, 780 do.
4 DRAWING FRAMES of 3 heads and 7 delivery.
30 CARDS 40in. WIDE.

All the above made by ASSA LEES, 1893. These can be seen in a very good working condition any time by appointment. For prices and full particulars apply to K. A. HILALY, opp. Messrs. Kemp & Co. Byculla BOMBAY. 2387

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE.—(The Property of R. D. Sethna, Esqr., Official Assignee, Bombay proceeding to Europe).

1913 Pattern 18/24 H.P. Five-Seated Siddeley-Deasey, Modelle de Luxe Torpedo Car equipped with a One-Man Hood, Glass Screen, Detachable Wheels and all Accessories.

The Car cost new 8 months ago Rs. 11,000 and was brought out to India as a special demonstration Car by the Siddeley Deasy Company's Travelling Representative and is now as good as new and in perfect running order.

Apply for further particulars and price to BOMBAY CYCLE and MOTOR AGENCY, York Buildings, Hornby Road, 2334. Fort Bombay.

TO BE LET.

TO LET—ROOM unfurnished Rs. 50/- including E. L. & Fan, Verandah and Bathroom attached. WHITE-HOUSE. TOP FLOOR, oppt. Taj Mahal Hotel. 2357

TO BE LET.—Well situated and breezy FLAT in Sussex Road, Byculla next to Victoria Gardens. Modern sanitary arrangements. Rent moderate. Apply to Mr PERRY on premises 0926

WELL Furnished airy room TO LET, Apollo Bunder. Will suit married couple or two Bachelors with or without board. Electric light and fans. Apply to Box No. 525, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1600

TO BE LET a FLAT in Crescent House Colaba Causeway. Cool and airy. Electric lights and fans, sanitary arrangements. Immediate entry. Apply to HEBATBHOY ABDEALI, 118, Cutlery Bazar. 2320

TO BE LET—From 1st May 1914 "SOMERSET HOUSE" Warden Road, Breach Candy, Khamballa Hill lately residence of the late Hon. Mr. Justice Tyabji fitted with Electric Lights and Fans, large grounds. Tennis Courts and garden. Reasonable offers invited. Apply to HUSAIN B. TYABJI Esq., 15, Marine Line, Fort, Bombay. 1842

NOTICES.

SANDALWOOD.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the purchase of clean sandalwood (billets, roots, chips and sawdust) amounting to 100 tons more or less, to be delivered at Vellore, North Arcot, Madras. Tenders must reach the DISTRICT FOREST OFFICER, South Vellore, North Arcot, on or before the 1st May 1914. Further particulars on application. 1657

MAHABLESHWAR MOTOR SERVICE COMPANY, LIMITED.

GOVERNMENT MAIL CONTRACTORS.

RE THE WAI MOTOR CAR COMPANY IN LIQUIDATION.

UNDER the kind instructions of Mr. R. D. Sethna, the Official Liquidator, in the above, the Mahableshwar Motor Service Co. Ltd., will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at their Garage, 11, Elphinstone Road, Poona, at 12 NOON, on SUNDAY, April the 26th, 1914.

One 40/50 H. P. 4-Cylinder, Delauney Belville Motor Car, fitted with a long type of body capable of seating 12 persons inside and 2 besides the driver, and fitted with a canopy capable of carrying about 500 lbs. of luggage.

This car is a splendid vehicle for Public Service Work, and has just been thoroughly overhauled and is in good condition and running order. 2321

THE "DELHI" GOLD MEDAL ESSAY.

THE EDITOR, "Fauji Akhbar," has received from COLONEL KHAN BAHADUR SARDAR ASGHAR ALI KHAN, the promise of a Gold Medal to be presented annually to the writer of the best Essay on a subject which will be chosen each year, the winning Essay to be published in the "Fauji Akhbar." The rules for the Medal, which was presented in commemoration of the visit of H. I. M. the King-Emperor to India, and of the transfer of the Capital to Delhi, are as follows:—

1. The competition is open to any Commissioned Indian Officer of the Indian Army, Burma and Assam Military Police, Frontier Militia, and Imperial Service Troops, who (a) is himself an annual subscriber to the "Fauji Akhbar," or who (b) is a member of a Corps or Unit which subscribes for the "concession" number of copies of the "Fauji Akhbar."

2. Essays must be clearly written, on one side of the paper only. The paper used should, if possible, be foolcap size.

3. Essays may be written in English, Urdu Nagri, Gurmukhi, or Roman-Urdu.

4. Essays must not exceed two thousand five hundred words.

5. Essays must reach the Editor, "Fauji Akhbar," Simla, on or before October, 1st, 1914. The envelope, in which an Essay is sent, should be clearly marked "Delhi Essay" on the outside.

6. Essays will be judged by Colonel Asghar Ali Khan and the Editor, "Fauji Akhbar," jointly. In the event of the judges disagreeing, they will appoint a referee, who will be mutually agreed on by them, and whose decision will be final.

7 If, in the opinion of the judges, the best Essay is not of a sufficient standard of merit, they may, at their discretion, decide not to award the Medal.

8. All Essays submitted will be at the absolute disposal of the Editor, "Fauji Akhbar," who will be at liberty to publish any or all of them, as he may see fit.

9 The subject of the Essay for 1914 is as follows:—"The Suitability of the Four-Company System for Infantry Battalions of the Indian Army." 1670

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED ENGINE DRIVERS and FITTERS for work on Steam road rollers in this District. Only those who have passed Mechanical Engineers Examination and have worked on steam road-rollers need apply with copies of testimonials. The rate of salary should be given in the application.

2 The appointment is on the work establishment.

2368 EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Nasik District.

NOTICE.

LOST, OR STOLEN OR MISPLACED.

I the undersigned beg to NOTIFY that the undernoted shares have been lost or misplaced or stolen. The public are therefore warned against having any dealings with same and anybody so doing shall do so at his own risk.

40 Ordinary Shares of the Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ld. Nos. 62596-62635 (both inclusive) 4 Deferred Shares Nos. 4130-4133 and 1 of the Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Co. Ld. No. 1114.

AMRUTLAL VIRCHAND NARIELWALLA,
2383 Undi Vakhar, Broach.

THE INDIAN TEA AND COMMERCE LIMITED.

(Registered under the Indian Companies Act).

CAPITAL Rs. 2,00,000, (two lacs) divided into 40,000 Shares of Rs. 5 each, payable at once with share application with an admission fee of Re. 1. Board of Directors—Tea Garden Managers, all-tried experts in the managements of vast and successful tea-estates yielding high percentage of dividends annually ranging from 24 to 100 P. C. Negotiations for opening a tea-garden with 4,000 acres of suitable lands and for purchasing a big working concern are nearing completion.

Demand for shares being very considerable, the Directors intend to recommend to the share holders to raise the capital to Rs. 10,00,000, (ten lacs) and to invest the amount expected to be subscribed very soon, in five big estates if not more.

For particulars apply to—
Messrs. SINHA & DAS,
Managing Agent.
383 Karimganj A. B. Ry. (Sylhet).

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to ONE p. m., (Bombay Time), on THURSDAY the 30th day of April, 1914, for the supply of Timber.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500/- to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further deposit of Rs. 500/- will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
A. G. CHRISTIANSEN Esq.,
M.S.E., A.M.I.M.E.,
Storekeeper, Municipality.
21st April, 1914. 2376

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED tenders will be received by the Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer M. W. S., Bombay, at his office in Marine Lines, up to 1 p.m., (S. T.), on TUESDAY, the 28th April, 1914.

	Rs.
1. Supply of Bazar materials for works and repairs at Bombay and Santa-Cruz for a period of three years ending 31st March 1917 Approximately	10,000
2. Supply of Bazar materials for works and repairs at Deolali for a period of three years ending 31st March 1917 Approximately	3,000

3. The amount of each tender is not guaranteed, it may be more or less and the Contractor SHALL BE BOUND to supply in terms of his contract any additional supply of the nature of his tender which he may be directed to supply and he shall have no claim against Government should the value of supply be less than the amount entered in the tender.

4. Tenders must be submitted in the prescribed form and all particulars regarding the contract can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

5 Tenders will be opened in the presence of those who choose to attend and the undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest of any tender.

6. Earnest money Rs. 100 must accompany the tender and it will be returned immediately to all unsuccessful tenderers.

J. C. WATSON,
Major R.E.,
237 A. C. R. E., Bombay, M. W. S.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that our clients have contracted to purchase from KUMAR SHRI CHANDRADEVJI HARIDEVJI of Dharampore the undermentioned property. All persons having any claims against the said property by way of mortgage, sale inheritance gift, lien, lease or otherwise however are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, Prince Building, Meadow Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims and the same if any will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or oart and premises with the appurtenances situated and being at lower Mahim near Purbhadevi Road without the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 3787 Square Yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 454 New No. 4245 Old Survey No. 534 and New Survey No. 1/1731 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Fakirji Pestonji Surveyor on or towards the west by the property of the Church of Nossa Signora de Salvation on towards the North by the property of the said Church of Nossa Signora de Salvation and on or towards the South by a public passage and which said premises are assessed by the Municipal Commissioner under G Ward No. 2886 and 2887 and Street No. 352.

Dated this 22nd day of April 1914.

SHAMRAO MINOCHEHER & HIRALAL,
2373 Purchasers' Attorneys.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that LAKHMIDAS MATHURADAS and MULJI RANCHORDAS MATHURADAS have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. All persons claiming to have any right title or interest thereto either by way of sale, mortgage, lease, charge, gift, inheritance, bequest or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known to the undersigned at their office at 109 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise at the expiration of the said period the sale will be completed and all such claims if any will be considered to have been waived.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Toka land or ground containing by admeasurement 1370 square yards or thereabouts being a portion of a larger piece of land containing by admeasurement 3750 square yards situate lying and being at Bhoiwada Cross Road in the Island of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay assessed under F Ward Nos. 949 948, 953, & 954 street Nos. 308 309 313 and 314 and in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under collectors Old No. 14 New No. 1416 and new survey No. 2053 (1, 1A, 2 & 2A) and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the north partly by the property of Bomanji Dhanjibhoy Mistry and partly by that of Pallonji Pestonji on or towards the south by the said Bhoiwada Cross Road on or towards the East by the property of Ahmed Jan Mahomed and on or towards the west by the property of Joao Antonio Nunes.

Dated this 21st day of April 1914.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN,
2378 Purchaser's Attorneys.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

WITH effect from 1st May, 1914, FAST PASSENGER TRAINS will run between BAYANA and AGRA FORT connecting with the up and down Northern Express trains at Bayana.

Bombay Dep. 21 0 Agra Fort Dep. 7 50
Agra Fort Arr. 21 25 Bombay Arr. 8 30

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
250 General Traffic Manager.

THE CITY OF BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT ACT 1898.

NOTIFICATION OF A STREET SCHEME.

PAREL ROAD (CENTRAL) STREET SCHEME.

SCHEME NO. 43.

PURSUANT to Sections 27 (1) and 32 of the above Act, NOTICE is hereby given that the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay have, under the provisions of section 30 of the said Act, made a Street Scheme for portions of the Municipal Wards B, C. & E. of the City of Bombay, for forming or altering Streets within the limits of the area comprised in the Scheme which are bounded as follows:—

As to the part in Ward E.

On the North by parts of Clare and Parel Roads.

On the East proceeding from North to South by properties bearing Ward Nos. 4709 (1-2), 4708 (1-2) parts of, 4706 & 4707, part of Nesbit Road, parts of properties bearing Ward Nos. 4699 (1 & 2), 4694 to 4698 (1 & 2), 4689, 4688, 4663 (1) and 4618 (2), part of Piru Lane, part of properties bearing Ward Nos. 4606, 4601 to 4603, 4598, 4574 (2), 4574 (1) & 4573 and part of Babula Tank Road.

On the South—Partly by properties bearing B Ward Nos. 2311 & 2312 and partly by a portion of Parel Road.

On the West and proceeding from South to North by a portion of Grant Road, properties bearing Ward Nos. 1 (1), 1 (2), 2252 to 2270, part of Bellasis Junction Road, properties bearing Ward Nos. 3209, 3458, 3459 (1-2), 3460 to 3466 & 3467 to 3472, part of 4th Peerkhan Street, properties bearing Ward Nos. 3516 & 3517, part of 2nd Peerkhan street, properties bearing Ward Nos. 3518 (1 to 3), 3519, 3520, 3521 (1) & 3522 to 3530, part of New Nagpada Road, properties bearing Ward Nos. 3536 to 3542, 3543, 3554, 3555, parts of properties bearing Ward Nos. 3556 (1 & 2) & 3564 (1 to 3), part of Shephard Road, parts of properties bearing Ward Nos. 3388, 3587, 3586, 3585, 3569, 3568, 3567, 3566 & properties bearing Ward Nos. 3570, 3571, 3608, 3607, 3575 & 3721, and part of Clare Road.

As to the part in Wards B, & C: On the North—by parts of Parel and Babula Tank Roads.

On the East proceeding from North to South by properties bearing B Ward Nos. 3610 (1 & 4), 3611 to 3615, 3616 (1 to 3), 3617 (1 to 7), 2349 to 2358, 2335, 2336 (1 to 3), 2337 to 2348, 2281, 2313, 2277, 2276, 2275, 2274, 2273, 2272, 2271, 2270, 3396 to 3399, 2268, 2267, 2266, 2265, 2264, 2263, 2262 & 3386 & part of Imamwada Road.

On the South—by a portion of Parel Road and properties bearing C. Ward Nos. 8067, 6842 to 6843.

On the East—By a portion of the Board's Scheme 3, part of Dharamsey Street, properties bearing C Ward Nos. 8010A, 6932 to 6937, 7988, part of Guzar Street, & Parsi Agiary Street, part of Mevawalla Lane, properties bearing C Ward Nos. 7941 to 7943, part of 1st Cooper Street, property bearing C Ward No. 7932, part of 2nd Cooper Street, properties bearing C Ward Nos. 8095 to 8099, part of Yacoob Street, properties bearing C Ward Nos. 8100 to 8105, part of Bapty Road, and properties bearing C Ward No. 8106.

The Office of the said Trustees at Esplanade Road within the Fort of Bombay is the place where particulars of the said Scheme, Maps (Plans Nos. 28 and 33 dated 21st February 1914 & 26th February 1914 respectively) of the area comprised therein and the Statement specifying the land proposed to be acquired may be seen at all reasonable hours.

Dated 21st April 1914.

(Sd.) J. P. ORR,
2372 Chairman of the Board.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are INVITED for the supply of BLASTING POWDER and FUZE COILS of different kinds for the working season of 1914-15 i.e. from 1st October 1914 to end of May 1915.

Forms of tender can be had from this office on payment of annas eight on any day except Sundays and holidays.

Tenders should reach this office on or before the 30th May 1914. The successful tenderer will be required to establish a factory at Bhatghar for the manufacture of powder. Each tenderer should supply 50 lbs. of powder free as a sample 25 lbs. to be tested and 25 lbs. to be kept for reference.

(Sd.) C. B. POOLEY,
Executive Engineer,
2354 Lake Whiting District.

NOTICE.

Estate of MOTIBAI alias LADHIBAI widow of THAKAR GOPAL RAMJI late of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant .....Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the Estate of the abovenamed Motibai alias Ladhibai widow of Thakar Gopal Ramji deceased who died at Bombay on or about the 23rd day of November 1911 and the Probate of whose Will and Codicils having effect throughout the Province of Bombay was granted on the 15th day of November 1913 to Damodar Jagjiwan, Abji Umersey, Visanji Velji, and Thakar Dharamsey Keshavji are required to send in their claims to the said executors at the Office of Messrs. MADHAVJI KAMDAR & CHHOTUBHAI their Attorneys, at Esplanade Road, Fort, within one Calendar month from the date hereof after the expiration of which time the said Executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated this 22nd day of April 1914.

MADHAVJI, KAMDAR & CHHOTUBHAI,
2383 Attorneys for the Executors.

AUCTION SALE.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 21, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE IN THE CITY OF KARACHI.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 103 of 1913.
The Official Assignee of Bombay
vs.
Tyaballi & Others.

Under the instructions of R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above Suit and in pursuance of the Consent Decree made therein on the 7th day of April, 1914, the undersigned will sell on TUESDAY, the 28th day of April, 1914, at 4-30 o'clock (S.T.), in the afternoon at their Auction Rooms, 21 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, the following property.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All and singular that plot of ground situate in the Market Quarter of the City of Karachi, Registered No. 88 in the map marked Sheet C. No. 6 containing 573 and 77 Square Yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by Napier Road, on or towards the West by No. 1 Kutchiwada Lane, on or towards the North by plot No. 89 and on or towards the South by Marristt Road. The same is delineated in the plan drawn in the Certificate in respect thereof dated the 3rd day of December 1877 granted by the Collector of Karachi to Jeewanjee and Wulleji Noorbhai.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Madhawji Kamdar & Chhotubhai Attorneys for the Receiver herein at their office at Esplanade Road Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJI COWASJI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 23rd April, 1914.

MENESSE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 1,200 BALES COTTON (IN BALES AND LOOSE) DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by public auction THIS-DAY THURSDAY 23rd April 1914, at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), at Colaba Arthur Bunder near the Fort Press, on account of the Insurance Offices concerned the following Cotton salved from the late fire that occurred at Colaba in Mr. Hunundrai Soorajmull's godown.

About 1,200 bales (in bales and loose) Cotton (Broach-Burhanpur, [illegible] Bengal, etc.), damaged by fire and wate[illegible]

The above will be sold in diff[illegible] suit the requirements of the pu[illegible]

A deposit of 50 per cent. will [illegible] on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF BUIL[illegible] MATERIALS.

Under instructions from [illegible] Improvement Trust, Mess[illegible] and Co. will sell by Public [illegible] premises, THIS-DAY, T[illegible] 23rd April, 1914, at 10-30 [illegible] materials for removal [illegible] buildings:—Building S[illegible] 13-14, Case Nos. 32, 30, [illegible]

ME[illegible]

Bombay, 23rd April[illegible]

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AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.,
No. 22. APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 23rd instant, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Hydraulic Press, behind Grant Building, Colaba, on account of the Insurance offices concerned:—

About 300 Full pressed Bales of Cotton and five large heaps of loose cotton damaged by fire and water.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Mody Bunder, on account of the Insurance Offices concerned:—

About 750 Full pressed Bales of Bengal and Khandesh Cotton slightly damaged by water.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

TO-MORROW FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 5-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Messrs. Ralli Bro's Jatha, Apollo Reclamation, on account of the Insurance Offices concerned:—

About 140 Full pressed Bales of Staple Cotton from Central India slightly damaged by water only.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 5 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Victoria Bunder, Colaba, near Kallianji's Press, on account of the Insurance Offices concerned belonging to Messrs. P. Chrstal and Co.

About 468 Full pressed Bales of Cotton slightly damaged by fire and water.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

SUIT NO. 131 OF 1914.

CASUMALLY JAYRAJBHOY PIRBHOY

vs.

ARDESHIR M. MADAN AND OTHERS

Under instruction from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver herein Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 2nd May next, at 2 p.m., sell by Public Auction at house No. 8 and 9, Cuffe Parade, on the First floor of Khanum Terrace,—the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and carved French polish household furniture, rich glass and platedware, crockeryware, rich drawing room suite dining and bedroom furniture, rich China and Japanese vases, table ornaments, sliding dining table, and leather lined chairs, rich carpets, oil paintings, and oleographs, cooking utensils, etc., etc.

At 3-30 p.m., 1 De Lauany Bel 'Velle, 6 cylinder 15 H. P. limousine body grey colour with electric light fittings.

1 Renault car double cylinder 12 to 14 H.P. landaulette body. Both the cars are in working, the former was only imported last year.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Gowalia Tank Road, Cumballa Hill, above Messrs. Kemp and Co., very valuable and handsome, teakwood and blackwood, dining, drawing and bedroom furniture by Robert, Breslauer and Benjamin, such as rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, dining table, arms and without arm chairs, mirror back sideboards, dining waggons, drawing room suite, drawing room cabinets, glass door almyrahs, one sweet-toned cottage piano, Austrian figures, carved figures, rich pictures and engravings, wardrobes, chest of drawers, very old grandfather clocks, marble top-dressing and washhand tables, Singer sewing machine, with falling tops, screen, fancy teapoys, Standard electric lamps, bedsteads, beaded chicks, rich carpets, etc., etc., the property of A. Pell, Esq., Manager Kemp and Co., and others.

The property of another gentleman.

One 15 h.p. 4 cylinder, 5 seater, French Motor Car complete with Stepney wind screen 5 lights with all accessories, all tyres practically new, in good working order.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY the 29th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "The Cliff," Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, large dining table, arms and without arm chairs, large sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, drawing room cabinets, single and double glass door almyrahs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich pictures and oleographs, fancy teapoys, chest of drawers, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hinks' and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, a large collection of choice and rare plant in tubs and pots, etc., etc., the property of the Hon'ble Sir Richard Lamb, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY the 25th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNET & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S. T.).

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 handsome strong grey arab horse, 14-1, young goes well in harness and saddle.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & Co., (*Contd.*)

1 handsome strong nearly new fashion rubber-tyred bicycle wheels Landaulette on C. Spring, in very good order.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred light Vis-a-vis with a handsome strong grey arab horse and a set of harness.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred English built ralli cart by "Morgan" in good order.

1 handsome strong full size Landau especially made by Dyke and Co. of Calcutta, very little used, in good order.

1 bay waler horse, goes well in harness and saddle.

The property of Mr. A. B. Price.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria with a bay Australian horse and a set of harness.

The property of a deceased Parsee gentleman.

(1) 1 brown waler gelding "Wilful" 15-3, 8 years old, regularly ridden in Poona and Bombay Hunt.

(2) 1 brown waler gelding, "Avaitor" 15-2, 8 years old, he was also regularly ridden in Bombay and Poona Hunt.

(3) 1 Dun waler mare "Duchess" 14-2, 8 years old, has played polo, was regularly ridden in Bombay and Poona Hunt, won two prizes in jumping competition, Bombay Horse Show, 1913.

(4) 1 grey waler gelding "Sun Beam," about 15-2, 8 years old, a great jumper and good hunter.

All the above horses are thoroughly made and were regularly worked without any sickness, etc., in Bombay and Poona Hunt and they are to be sold on account of the owner's death.

BENNETT & Co.,

Bombay, 23rd April, 1914.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

34-36, Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE, THIS-DAY, THURSDAY, the 23rd April, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

THIS-DAY, THURSDAY, the 23rd day of April, 1914, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Esplanade Road, Fort, opposite the Rajabai Tower, by order of the concerned, very valuable and handsome, teakwood and blackwood household furniture, (made to order from John Roberts' designs), comprising of mirror back sideboard, dining table, chairs, dinner waggons, meatsafe, glass door cupboards, show cases, picture cases, marble top tables, tiled teapoys, tapestry, upholstered drawing room suits of sofas and chairs, handsome cabinets, corner cabinets, screens, clothes baskets, double and single door almyrahs, clothes and hanging presses, revolving book-cases, easy chairs, hatstands marble top dressing and washhand tables, chest of drawers, etc., etc.

The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 15 TO 20 CANDIES WATER DAMAGED AKDA COTTON.

On SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Keshavji Jadavji's Godown in Jeragbhai Street opposite the Morgue off Cursedji Sukhlaji Street by order of Mr. Ramji Rattonji and on account and at the risk of Messrs. W. Wolf and Sons.

15 to 20 Candies water damaged Akda Cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance will have to be paid and the lot taken delivery of within 2 days from the date of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE, ON SUNDAY, THE 26TH APRIL, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), ON PALLI HILL, BANDORA.

On SUNDAY, the 26th day of April, 1914 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on Palli Hill, Bandora, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood dining, drawing and bedroom furniture by Roberts and others, comprising of handsome mirror back sideboard, dinner waggons, sliding table, arm and armless chairs, rich cut glass set of glassware, rich French porcelainware, meat-safe cupboards, tapestry lined sofas, and easy chairs, tiles and plain top teapoys, Singapore cane furniture marble top tables, easy chairs, iron single and double bedsteads, mirror door hanging and clothes almyrah, panel doors linen cupboards, chest of drawers, marble top washhand and dressing tables, 2 Jost radio fans (almost new), clothes and hanging presses clothes baskets, bath room furniture, electric table fan. China and coir matting, copper boiler, large ice-box, garden flower pots and stands, etc., etc.

The property of J. DALLAPORTA, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,

Auctioneers.

Bombay, 23rd April, 1914.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND. Ltd., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,88,606.

Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very low scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife pre-deceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary & Treasurer.

AMUSEMENTS.

LA SCALA (Ltd.)

6-30 PALACE OF VARIETIES 10.

IN ASSOCIATION WITH

BANDMANN-RICKARD'S

EASTERN CIRCUIT.

Last night of our Present Programme

A RICH MUSICAL TREAT

The

4 VAGABONDS VAGABONDS VAGABONDS 4

Absolute marvels at Harmony.

TO-NIGHT LAST NIGHT OF

RICHARDS BROS.

COMEDY GYMNASTS

and

ALBERTO THE GREAT

MAGICAL NONSENSE

Assisted by **PRETTY PIXIE LAING**

The Latest "STAR" film Releases from London.

ANOTHER "BIG" ATTRACTION

TO-MORROW

Mr. Fred. E. Hawley and Co. will present Vaudeville's Melodramatic Masterpiece

"THE BANDIT"

The most thrilling sketch ever staged.

"THE BANDIT"

Will be

THE TALK OF THE CITY

"THE BANDIT"

A Mexican Romance of a man who lived and died *a man.*

THE CLEMENDOS TRIO.

THE CLEMENDOS TRIO.

Ground Acrobats—Acrobatic Extraordinary.

And last few nights of

THE FOUR VAGABONDS

THE HARMONIOUS COMEDIANS.

Complete change of Pictures

Book Now.—Plan at ROSE & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

General Manager: MR. JAMES McGRATH.

TO-NIGHT.
At 6-30 & 10 p.m.

SIXTY YEARS A QUEEN

SATURDAY 25th.

THE GRAND NATIONAL

A GIPSY CAMP.

"LURE OF LONDON"

A True Portrayal of London Slum Life

4010 Ft. Exclusive Right Film.

OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

The Scenes of the Film are without a precedent.

Also

SWIMMING CARNIVAL.

Never Seen Before Anywhere.

Saturday & Sunday, Prize Matinee,

5-15 to 6-45 and 7 to 8-30;
9 to 10-30 and 11 to 12-30
(S.T.) Prices half.

Sandhurst Road.

Telephone No. 1266.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

Charni Road. *TO-NIGHT!* Tel. No. 1271

Grand Change of Programme.

Another Selig Animal Novelty

A WISE OLD ELEPHANT.

IN TWO PARTS.

A beautiful Drama in which an Elephant takes the leading part, and works such wonders as surprise all beholders.

The programme also contains:—

Bumps .. .. (*Comedy*)
Root of Evil .. .. (*Drama*)
City of Melbourne .. .. (*Scenic*)
Four-Footed Pest .. .. (*Comic*)

3 Shows Nightly—*7 to 8-15; 8-30 to 9-45; 10 to 11-15.*

Films for Sale or Hire.

THE

CORONATION CINEMATOGRAPH

Sandhurst Road, Girgaum.

The most magnificent film to be presented this week.

QUO VADIS"

World's Greatest Tragedy

The most sublime human sacrifice ever made

The Bestial Violence of the Roman Emperor Nero.

Over 150 stupendous Scenes of terrifying vividness faithfully portrayed with all historical perfection. Being an exact Presentation of the essentical dramatic, historical, biblical and spectacular values of this masterpiece.

3000 ft. ong in three parts.

A unique selection of scenic & comic films.

Three shows nightly.

7 to 8-30; 9 to 10-30; 11 to 12-30.

Saturday & Sunday, Matinee Shows 5 to 6-30.

Prizes Given.

GENUINE CARARA

MARBLE STATUARY.

A few select pieces at

English Prices.

PREMIER ART SALON,

Navasari Building.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure. Stearns' Headache Cure, headache gone in a few minutes.

ALL INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, April 22.

Seoni and Gulbarga report half an inch of rain, and there have been a few local showers in Bengal. The temperature is still below normal in parts of the Punjab and North-east India.

Forecast:—Some rainfall in North-east India and a few showers in the central parts of the country and Baluchistan.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

FOR THE 22ND APRIL 1914.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 22nd April 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the south-western and extreme northern districts and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Ambala and normal or in excess at other stations. Day temperature has risen but is still in slight defect generally; night temperature is also below normal at Rawalpindi and Sirsa.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in the extreme southern districts and clear elsewhere.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are very lightly clouded.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect.

The Central Provinces.—Nagpur records 0.11 inch of rain. Skies are clear in the extreme western districts and lightly clouded elsewhere. Maximum temperature is in defect in the south-eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Local thunder showers have occurred in the south Bombay Deccan; Sholapur has had 0.14 inch. Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temptrature is in excess at some stations in the Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—Light local thundershowers have occurred in the south Bombay Deccan and the south-east Central Provinces.

Some thunder and dust storms are likely in the Central Provinces, Central India West and the south Bombay Deccan.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN

at 8 a.m. on WEDNESDAY,

the 22nd of April 1914.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hour.	Rainfall. Total 1st Dec. to date.	Variation 1st Dec. to date.
PERSIAN-GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (21st)	86.0	65.8	92	0.16	10.90	—0.02
Jask	86.6	74.3	88	..	4.54	0.48
Muscat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (21st)	96.6	78.3	37	..	2.41	—1.27
PUNJAB—						
Multan	97.5	71.0	41	..	1.88	0.23
Rawalpindi	85.9	55.9	64	..	15.68	5.02
Lahore	97.4	64.8	50	..	4.40	0.65
Sirsa	98.3	66.8	62	..	2.99	1.01
Ambala	94.7	67.7	34	..	3.25	—2.58
Delhi	99.0	75.2	38	..	1.56	—1.48
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	103.1	..	45	..	0.88	—0.87
Mainpuri	103.4	71.4	36	..	2.79	0.26
Jhansi	104.1	76.4	33	..	1.42	—0.50
Cawnpore	103.4	72.7	33	..	1.58	—0.57
Allahabad	104.4	72.9	43	..	1.98	—0.29
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobad	110.5	71.8	44	..	2.45	1.21
Karachi	86.7	70.6	80	..	2.11	0.52
Ajmer	100.1	74.0	29	..	2.73	1.32
Jalpore	102.4	72.1	24	..	0.87	—0.71
Kotah	105.6	79.4	26	..	1.20	—0.04
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	102.8	75.0	46	..	1.01	0.48
Dwarka	84.7	76.6	78	..	0.38	—0.30
Veraval	92.1	68.2	80	..	0.11	—0.36
Rajkot	105.1	73.0	44	..	0.08	—0.45
Bhavnagar Para	104.6	77.2	45	..	0.04	—0.61
Surat	103.3	76.0	53	..	0.04	—0.33
Ahmedabad	108.8	77.0	29	..	0.09	—0.32
Dessa	108.5	73.4	16	..	0.16	—0.36
Neemuch	105.7	79.5	22	..	0.14	—0.72
Indore	103.7	73.1	29	..	0.70	—0.30
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	101.8	75.9	43	..	7.01	4.25
Saugor	102.1	75.3	33	..	2.20	—0.20
Hoshangabad	106.6	72.6	28	..	2.82	0.08
Khandwa	108.3	81.1	35	..	0.30	—0.92
Akola	109.2	80.1	36	..	1.06	—1.10
Amraoti	107.7	79.8	40	..	2.13	—0.03
Nagpur	105.7	72.7	56	0.11	4.41	1.50
Chanda	101.1	77.4	53	..	4.84	1.54
Raipur	100.7	74.1	47	..	4.71	2.00
KONKAN—						
Bombay	88.5	77.5	85	..	0.15	—0.47
Ratnagiri	89.1	79.3	73	..	..	—0.83
Mormugao	87.9	78.1	79	..	..	—1.80
Karwar	88.6	75.7	79	..	..	2 23
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	107.4	77.1	30	..	0.08	—0.85
Ahmednagar	103.1	75.0	33	..	0.16	—1.53
Poona	104.2	78.4	48	..	0.04	—1.53
Sholapur	107.0	79.4	57	0.14	0.15	—1.83
Bijapur	105.7	77.1	45	0.02	0.26	—1.79
Belgaum	102.2	72.5	45	..	0.82	—2.71
Aurangabad	103.8	75.7	21	..	0 01	—1.61
Nizamabad (Indur)	105.6	79.1	47	..	0.44	—1.92
Hyderabad	100.1	76.2	64	..	0.26	—2.73
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore	90.5	79.5	75	..	0.93	—3.51
Calicut	90.5	78.7	81	..	4.07	—1.81
Cochin	93.0	81.5	76	..	5.18	—9.65
Colombo	92.0	74.1	95	0.14	33.81	—1.27
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	93.3	78.7	81	..	0.93	—6.47
Bellary	107.4	81.2	39	..	0.56	—2.46
Cuddapah	104.4	77.4	75	..	3.48	—1.76
Madras	92.2	77.5	70	..	30.75	9.89
Bangalore	92.0	69.5	74	..	4.15	—0.88
Coimbatore	101.1	76.5	64	..	4.87	—2.07
Trichinopoly	101.7	78.5	73	..	11.94	1.96
Negapatam	92.4	80.1	72	..	52.59	23.54

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F., and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 22nd April 1914 was 30-080 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch. for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached **thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the steam at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.**

Do you travel much? Any headaches? Slip a box of Stearns' Headache Cure in your pocket or travelling bag. Simple easy to take but effective.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 19th April 1914.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	..Inches.	29 870
Temperature of Air	..degrees	82.3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	.. ..	77.2
Dew Point	.. ..	75.3
Relative umidity of Air	.. ..	0.797
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)		0.2
Maximum temperature of Air ..	..degrees	88.5
Minimum do do	.. ..	77.2
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnigh.		NW, ENE, WNW, NW.
Movement of Wind do		miles 152
Fall of Rain	.. ..	inches
Total fall during month	.. ..	..
Do. do. year	.. ..	..
Addition fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 9th ..		

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tide in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	HIGH WATER. Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time	LOW WATER. Depth on Sill
	April	h m	ft. in.	April	h m	ft. in.
W	22	m 10 8	25 9	22	m 3 45	17 10
		10 6 a	26 2		3 50 a	19 2
TH	23	m 10 49	25 6	23	m 4 12	17 2
		10 31 a	26 4		4 25 a	18 11
F		m 11 10	27 1	24	m 4 38	16 7
		10 57 a	26 6		4 58 a	18 8
S	25	m 11 40	27 7	25	m 5 4	16 1
		11 24 a	26 7		5 30 a	18 8
S	26	0 10 a	27 10	26	m 5 30	15 9
		11 51 a	26 6		6 1 a	18 9
M	27	0 41 a	27 11	27	m 5 56	15 8
					6 31 a	19 1
TU	28	m ?	26 3	28	m 6 23	15 8
		a	27 9		7 1 a	19 6

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

April 22 (Wednesday) Sunrise 6h. 17m. Sunset 6h. 58m
" 23 (Thursday) " 6h. 16m. " 6h. 58m
" 24 (Friday) " 6h. 16m. " 6h. 58m
" 25 (Saturday) " 6h. 15m. " 6h. 59m
" 26 (Sunday) " 6h. 14m. " 6h. 59m
" 27 (Monday) " 6h. 14m. " 6h. 59m
" 28 (Tuesday) " 6h. 13m. " 7h. 0m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—New Moon, April 25th, 4 h. 51-9m. p.m.; Apogee, 23rd, 11-0h p.m.; First Quarter, May 3rd 11 h 59-3h. a.m.; Perigee, 9th, 1-2h. p.m.; Full Moon, 10th 3h. 0-3m. a.m.; Last Quarter, 17th. 3h, 42-1m. a.m.

RAILWAY SMOKING CARRIAGES

STORIES OF EARLY DAYS.

Mr. H. G. Archer supplies to "Notes and Queries" some interesting particulars of the early days of railway smoking carriages. During the first thirty years of their existence a great tobacco persecution was waged by the railways of England when with a few isolated exceptions, no accommodation was set apart in trains for smokers, and smoking was absolutely prohibited in railway carriages. This veto, Mr. Archer suggests, was probably dictated, not by any lingering belief in the supposed noxious qualities of the herb, but by an apprehension of danger from the carelessness of those who used it. Nevertheless, as early as 1839 Lieutenant Peter Le Count, inspector of rolling-stock on the London and Birmingham Railway, recommended attaching a smoking-carriage to every train, "as this habit has become almost a necessary of life with many people."

The railway companies' by-law against smoking was vigorously enforced, and sometimes to a point of gross illegality, if we are to believe contemporary accounts. Mr. Archer tells how the Great Western Company once caught a tartar. The stationmaster at Didcot removed a passenger from an "up" express train and handed him over to the police on a charge of smoking to the annoyance of a fellow-traveller. The next day the prisoner was brought before the magistrates, and when asked what he had to say in answer to the charge he replied:

Gentlemen, the offence took place in the county of Wilts, whereas I am now charged in Berkshire. I am a solicitor; I was specially engaged in a case which I shall now miss, and I shall sue the company for detaining me. I respectfully hold that you, in this county, have no jurisdiction over what occurred in another county.

He was released, and he did sue the company and got £80 damages.

The anti-tobacco people did everything in their power to strengthen the companies' hands. In 1853 a man sued the Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway merely because he *smelt* someone smoking not in his compartment, but somewhere in the train. He based his claim on the danger he ran from fire and injury to his feelings, and he was actually awarded "restricted damages" to the tune of £8 6s. 8d. Guards however, were venal, and inventors came to the assistance of smokers. Writing to "The Times" in 1846, a correspondent reported, with indignation, the tobacconists' windows were full of craftily contrived "railways pipes," adapted for instantaneous concealment. During the "fifties" and "sixties" the great railway smoking question was a standing jest in "Punch."

The first smoking-carriage was introduced on the Eastern Counties Railway in September 1846. But the warfare between smokers and non-smokers grew so fierce that the Legislature stepped in to end the breach of the peace which constantly arose. By Section 20 of the Regulation of Railways Act, 1868, it was enacted that:

all railways companies except the Metropolitan Railway Company shall in every passenger train where there are more carriages than one of each class provide smoking compartments for each class of passengers, unless exempted by the Board of Trade.

The Metropolitan Railway obtained its exemption on the ground of its special circumstances; but public pressure was too strong, and in 1874 it, too provided smoking compartments.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache, and be out of sorts. Carry Stearn's Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

THE MONEY MARKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, April 21st.

Consols 2½ %	75 5-8— 1-16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs.	25.15—½
Rentes 3 %	86¾unchgd.
Berlin Cheques on London	20.46 plus½
Bar Silver Spot	26 15.16plus1-16
Bar Silver 2 months hence	26 15.16 plus1-16
Closing Tone of silver:—Indian Buying	
Rupee Paper 3½ %	63¾unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying Rate)	½27.32unchgd.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 3%since 29th January 1914.	
3½ % India Stock (Sterling Loan)	88½—½
Discount Bank Bills 3 m-st.	2 1-16plus1-16
„ Indian Bank Bills 6 m-st.	2 3-4unchgd.
„ Fine Trade Bills 3 months	2¾ ungd
„ „ „ „ 6 „	3 ungd
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77.9½
Interest day to day loans	1½ unchgd
„ 7 day market loans	1⅝ unchgd

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, April 21st.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	16,000
„ Exports to Great Britain	25,000
„ Exports to Continent	1,000
Futures at New York May	12.52pl.6
Futures at New York July	12.43pl.4

Advanced on Foreign buying and on firm southern spot market and improved demand.

Spot Cotton at New York	13.10unchgd.
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	13 1-16 unchgd.
Tone of Spot Cotton:—Steady.	
Futures at New Orleans May	12.69plus.2
Futures at New Orleans July	12.65plus.6
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8¾unchgd.
Demand Bills	4.87 unchgd.
Silver Commercial Bars	58½plus ⅛

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, April 21st.

Bales.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	10,000
„ Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	1,000
„ Sales of East Indian	50
„ Imports	14,000

Tone of Liverpool Cotton. Spot:—Fair demand steady.
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Futures steady
Tone of Manchester Market Steady with a fair demand

Mid. Americans		7.32 plus 1
Egyptian F.G.F.		9.05—5
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	May	12.50plus4
	July	12.42 „ 8
New York Official noon call	May	12.47 „ 5
	July	12.41 „ 7
New Orleans 10 .am.	May	12.70 „ 3
	July	12.64 „ 5

CLOSING PRICES.

Months.	To-day's price.
A.M.	6.88 plus 4
M.J.	6.86 „ 4
J.J.	6.75 „ 3
J.A.	6.71 „ 4
A.S.	6.57 „ 4
S.O.	6.38 „ 5
O.N.	6.28 „ 5
N.D.	6.21 „ 4
D.J.	6.20 „ 5
J.F.	6.20 „ 5

LIVERPOOL COTTON GOODS.

Liverpool, April 21st 1914.

Tone "Dhooties" and "Shirtings" active at a further advance.
Tone "Cloth" steady at unchanged Prices

Weft American 54's	11⅜
„ Egyptian 80's	16⅞
Tone "Yarns"	steady
Weft Egyptian 32's	12
Twist 32's W.T.C.	10
„ 32's B.	10¼
„ 36's W.T.C.	10¼
„ 36's B.	10¾
„ 42's	11⅜
„ American 60's	14⅜
„ Egyptian 60's	16¼
„ „ 80's	20¼
Grey Shirtings 39" by 37½-38 yards 16 by 12—8 lbs. Red Heading	7-7
Grey Shirtings 44" by 39 yards 14 by 13—8 lbs.	8-1
White Nainsook 28" by 18 yards 16 by 13 to 16—15 Range	2-8
„ Mulls 28" by 18 yards 14 by 12 Green Ends	2-0½
„ Shirtings 32-33" by 42 yards Liepmans No. 1500	
Cloth Gunnis's 36" G. 20 cif	1 2-9
40's Bannermills Twist	11⅛
Geo. Mayalls Yarns	11-½
F. G. F. Tinnivelly cif Liverpool	5 11-16
Buyers or Sellers	Buyers.
Months	May
Water Twist American 30's	10⅝
„ „ „ 40's	11⅛
Mule „ „ 40's	11½
„ „ „ 50's	12⅝
„ „ „ 60'	14¼
„ „ Egyptian 40's	15¾
„ „ „ 50's	16½
„ „ „ 60's	17¼

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORT.

London, April 21st.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs.C.I.F. May-June; London Buyers	363-4—3-4
Tone Easier	
South American Rozario Santa Fe—60lbs. April sellers Dull unchanged	32 7-8
Barletta Russo—62½lbs. March-April; sellers Dull unchgd	33 1-2
Victorian April May sellers	35 3-4

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs. 85% ex-Ship April May Antwerp sellers	54 plus ¼
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat 416 lbs. ex-Ship April-May; Dunkirk sellers unchanged	54 3-4
Rapeseed, Brown, 416 lbs. ex-Ship April May Dunkirk sellers unchnged	49 3-4
Tone of Rapseed:—Quiet but steady	
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship April-May; Habburg value	51 1-2—1-2
Tone of Linseed:—Easier	
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) April-May; Hamburg sellers Easier	45—¼
Bombay Cottonseed April-May Hull Sellers Dull unchged	£5-16-0
Calcutta linseed April-May, London value steaty	49 6—3d.

METALS.

Standard Copper G. M. B. unchged	£ 61 7-16
Copper Braziers	£ 78½—½
Yellow Metal unchged	6 3-4

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal value unchanged	11
Arrivals:—Marienbad.	

SUGAR.

German granulated Sugar C. & F. India (Double bags) May-August; value unchanged	12.7 1-2
Little more enquiry—steady.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C. & F. India Oct Dec. Nothing doing nominal unchanged	11.10 1-2
German Beet-root 88 % sellers May	9.3½ ungl.
German Beet-root 88 % sellers Oct. December	9.7 plus½
Tone steady good business.	
E.A.R. & Similar Crystals C & F. India sellers May-August steady without activity	13 3 plus½
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta April; value unchanged	11. 1½
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Bombay April; value unchanged	1 1½
Tone steady.	
Raw Java Nos. 16-18 C. & F. Calcutta July Dec value unchauge	10 7½
Raw Java C. & F. Bombay and Karachi July Dec, value unchgd.	10 9
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta July Dec value unchged	11 9 3-4
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi July Dec value unchgd	11 11½
Tone Steady.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber April-May; Buyers Easier	2 11½-½

BOMBAY MARKETS.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Bombay, 22nd April 1914.

Packages.	Rs.	From	Banks.
176 bars	3,00,000	London	Charter5.

EXCHANGE.

Rates are steady and unchanged but there is little business doing either way.

We quote:—

BANKS SELLING—	s. d.
T. T. ready	1 4 1-32
D D. mail	1 4 1-16
T T. forward. to May.	1 4
BANKS BUYING—	
Private D D. ready	1 4 1-8
Credits 3 m-s ready	1 4 7-32
„ „ forward, from 9th May.	1 4 3-16
„ „ 6 m-s ready	1 4 5-16
Francs 3 m-s reads	170½
Marks „ „	138¼
60 days Hongkong	143
„ „ Shanghai.	192½
„ „ Japan	149

BULLION.

Bar silver in Loudon was 1/16 higher at 26 15/16 both for ready and for delivery in two months. The local market opened slightly steadier but has declined one anna during the day closing as under.

	Rs	a.	p
We quote:—			
English bar gold	24	3	0
Australian bar gold	24	2	0
Sovereigns	15	0	0
Silver (cum duty) ready	78	6	0
1st Settlem	78	2	0
2nd Se	78	2	0

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by Rail on 20th by 19th April 1914.

	Bars	Ounces
G. I. P. Railway	70	81,247
B. B & C. I. Railway	50	59,369

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The Paper Market stood firm to-day and a rise of about an anna was reported during the course of the day. The market opened at Rs. 95-8-6 gradually improved and closed at Rs. 95-9-6.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds were placed at Rs. 102-6 (New Issue).

SHARES.

The Cotton Mill Share Market stood unchanged to-day.

Davids were placed at Rs. 500 and Fazulbhai at Rs. 470.

Centrals changed hands at Rs. 1,855 and Swadeshi at Rs. 1,480.

Madhavji declined to Rs. 1,035. Currimbhai were quoted at Rs. 220, Crescent at Rs. 113¾ and New Great Easterns at Rs. 217-8.

Bombay Burma Trading shares declined to Rs. 890.

Bombay Electric Tram Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 234 Central Provinces Railway shares were in request at Rs. 125 and Tapti Valley at Rs. 580.

Bank of India shares changed hands at Rs. 62-8.

Eastern Bank shares were placed at Rs. 84.

Telephones were placed at Rs. 78-8 X. D. in a big lot.

New Berars were in demand at Rs. 515.

COTTON.

The following are the latest private cables to hand.

Weld and Co.:—(Liverpool): "Small market; a little straddle selling on American orders; very little calling of cotton by spinners." (New York):—"Market closed steady on speculative buying of summer positions." We have received the following telegram from Montgomery (Alabama):—"Good progress in planting; soil in fine condition and well prepared; crop on an average is early." Our travelling agent wires from Nueces (Texas):—"Condition fairly good; at present crop looks two weeks late."

Charles Williams:—"Market advanced in consequence of bears buying to cover their short sales, also in consequence of warlike rumours. The weather continues favourable. Demand is not sufficient to sustain the market."

There was a further small advance in the American markets, New York closing six and nine points higher for futures and New Orleans two and six points higher. There is nothing of importance to report in the position of the home markets. The weather in America appears to be favourable and planting is progressing. Further news regarding America and Mexico is awaited with interest.

The local market opened quiet but steady with prices practically unchanged. There has been some enquiry for fine Broach April and May, as also for fine Khamgaon Akola May, and business has been done to a moderate extent at current rates. The tone of the market at the close remains quiet but steady. Fine Broach April is Rs. 280 and May Rs. 277-78. Fine Khamgaon Akola May is Rs. 214. In new crops there is a small business doing in the bazaar at and about Rs. 282½ for good Broach March and Rs. 212½ for fully good Bengal January.

In ready cotton a moderate business has been done by exporters and mills.

OPENING PRICES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Opening Tone	Dull
Estimated Sales	8,000
Total Imports	10,000
Future delivery prices —	
Months.	
A.M	6.90plus 2
M.J.	6.88 „ 2
J.J.	6.77 „ 2
J.A.	6.73 „ 2
A.S.	6.59 „ 2
S.O	6.40 „ 2
O.N	6.30 „ 2
N.D.	6.23 „ 2
D.J.	6.22 „ 2

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat:—The Market is firm

Quotations —	Rs.	a.	p.	
Ready White, Pessi 85 %	5	15	0	R T
White Pessi 75 %	5	14	0	„
White Delhi, May	5	14	6	„

Linseed:—The Market is quiet but steady

Quotations:—	Rs	a.	p.	
Bold Brown Ready	8	7	0	B, T
Bold Brown May	9	1	6	R. T

Rapeseed:—The Market is steady.
Quotations:—

	Rs	a	p.	
Brown Cawapore May	8	0	0	B. T
Yellow Cawapore May	9	4	0	R. T.
Brown Delhi May	9	6	0	R T.

Teelseed:—The Market is steady.
Quotations:—

	Rs	a.	p.
85 % Bold White	55	0	0
Mughi	53	0	0
Black Kutni	46	4	0

Groundnuts:—The Market is steady.
Quotations:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Bold	47	8	0
Small	46	0	0

Mowraseed:—The Market is quiet.
Quotations:—

	Rs	a	p.	
Ready	7	5	0	B. T

Poppyseed:—The Market is quiet.
Quotations:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	10	0	0
May	10	11	0 R. T.

Castorseed:—The Market is steady
Quotations:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Madras ready	35	0	0
Guzerat ready	34	0	0
April May	7	1	0 R T.

Cottonseed:—The Market is quiet.
Quotations:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Berar	23	0	0
Guzerat	22	4	0

RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal Food Grains into Bombay for the 24 hours ending yesterday at 6 p m:-

Cotton	29,844Bales.
Wheat	13,363 Cwts.
Linseed	27,521 „
Rape, Rai, etc.	6,558 „
Gingellyseed	4,889 „
Poppyseed	4,178 „
Groundnuts	3,595 „
Castorseed	10,919 „
Rice	3,570 „
Myrabollams	23,552 „
Cottonseed	30,830 „
Mowraseed	Nil. „
Gram	804 „
Jowar	17,044 „
Maize	594 „
Barley	392 „

CALCUTTA MARKET REPORT.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, April 22.

Telegraphic Transfers stand to-day at 1s. 4 1/32d., on demand being quoted at 1s. 4 1/16d.

Government 3½ per cent. paper went at Rs. 95-11 and Rs. 95-12; for cash at Rs. 95-9 and Rs 95-10 for the forward position.

The Local Share Market is quiet with rates unchanged.

The Calcutta piece-goods market is depressingly quiet, and although deliveries are fairly satisfactory the demand from up country is falling off in a marked manner. The enquiry for forward lots of grey shirtings has been greatly depleted during the last few days and prices are no higher than those ruling during the recent rush. Ready dhooty values are steady with a slight rise with better prices ruling for forward lots. The stocks are still very heavy. There is small enquiry for white shirtings, but the lighter sorts are neglected.

THE SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 22.

The Calcutta share market to-day showed limited business with rates unchanged.

The transactions included:—

Coal:—Angrapatra 1½, Burrakur (ord.) 16½, Bansati Oakdem 1¼, Lakurka 18, Matigura 1 1/8.

Jute.—Auckland (ord.) 100; Barnagore (ord) 65, Delta (ord.) 124, Fort Gloster (ord) 140, Kanknarrah (ord) 181, Reliance (pref.) 99.

Miscellaneous:—India General (ord.) 151½, Tezpore Balipara Tramways (pref.) 75.

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken-down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh—increases your weight.

BOMBAY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Banks.

Name and Amount paid up.	When Div. Paid.	Last Div.	Approximate Quota tion.
INDIAN BANKS.			Rs.
Bank of Bombay	July	14%	1,660
Bank of India Rs. 50	do.	6%	63
Bank of Bengal	do.	14%	1,645
Bank of Madras	do.	12%	1,460
Bank of Rangoon	..	6%	100
Bank of Baroda Rs. 50	do.	8%	55XD
Bombay Merchants Bank Ld. Rs. 20	do.	Nil	8½
The Central Bank of India Rs. 25	..	..	17
The Central Co-operative Bank, Rs. 25	..	7½	26
Standard Bank Rs. 50 O.	..	..	15
Standard Bank Rs. 50. P	..	Nil	7
Alliance Bank of Simla, Ld.	..	..	280
Allahabad Bank	Jan.-Aug	14%	360
The Poona Bank (Old Issue) Rs. 30.	..	10%	35
New Issue Rs. 15	June	10%	15
Punjab National Bank	do.	..	..
EXCHANGE BANKS			
Chartered Bank	..	10%	175
Mercantile Bank	..	..	..
(£ 12½ A	..	8%	£22 1-2
(£ 12½ B	..	8%	£21 1-2
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp	do.	34%	£18-10
Eastern Bank, Ld, £4	Mar.-Nov.	..	..
National Bank of India £12½	Sep-Mar.	6%	84XD
		14%	675

Spinning and Weaving Companies.

		Last Div.	Year
		Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad Advance	May-Oct.	35	817½XD
Alliance	Apl-Oct.	Nil	90 Nom
Berar Manufacturing	..	..	60
Bo. Cotton Manufacturing	..	..	125
Bo. Dyeing and M. Co.,	..	..	630XD
Bombay United	May-Nov	25	490
Century	Apl-Oct.	20	235
Central India	May-Nov	8	1860
China	Mar-Sep.	50	580XD
Chinoi Silk	..	45	400
Oolabe Land and Mill	Mar.-Sep	55	1,420
Coronation Mills	Mar.-Sep	Nil	460
Connaught	do.	Nil	100
Coorla	April	50	575
Crescent	Mar.-Sep.	6	1131
Currimbhoy	do.	10	2193
David	May.-Nov.	20	500
Edward Sassoon	..	8	180
Emperor Edward	..	25	440
Empress	Mar.-Sep.	..	110
Fazulbhoy	May	20	470
Framjee Petit	Apl.-Oct	50	1,375XD
Finlay Mills	..	10	305
Gold Mohur	..	25	525
Hindustan	Mar.-Sep.	50	555
Howard and Bullough	do.	15	300
Hyderabad	do.	90	1250
Imperial Cotton	do.	Nil	80 Nom
Indian Dyeing and Bleaching	..	4	102½
Indian Manufacturing	do.	25	375
Indo-China Manufg.	Apl.-Oct.	60	950
Indore Malwa	Dec.	6	140
James Greaves	Mar.-Sep.	Nil	200
Jamshed Manufg.	Apl.-Oct.	5	97½
Jewraj Bros	May	20	400
Jubilee Mills	Apl.-Oct.	Nil	125
Khandesh Rs. 610.	June-Dec.	25	700
Khatao	May-Nov.	45	1,660XD
Kohinoor	Mar.-Aug.	25	700
Lakshmi Cotton	April	50	1,075XD
Madhavji Dharamsi	June-Dec.	75	1,037½
Madras United	June-Dec.	60	1,900
Manockjee Petit	Mar.-Sep.	50	1,780
Meyer Sassoon	..	Nil	80
Morarjee Goculdas	Apl.-Oct.	115	2,420XD
Nawab of Cambay	..	30	350
New Great Eastern	Apl.-Oct.	8	217½
New City of Bombay	Mar.-Sep.	25	1,000XD
Phoenix	Jan.-July.	8	170CD
Presidency	Apl.-Oct.	Nil	220
Sassoon Cotton	April.	Yr.50	725
Sassoon Silk	do.	Yr.85	420
Shahapore	June-Dec.	150	5,050
S. Mahratta	Nov.	..	45
Standard Mills	May.-Nov.	40	1097-8
Sun	Oct.	..	100
Surat Rice Mill	May.	15	200
Swan	Nov O.	10	260XD
Swadeshi	May.-Oct.	65	1,480
Textile	Apl.-Oct.	40	1,200
Union Mill	..	5	150
Vishnu Cotton	..	Nil	365
	7% P.	Nil	635
Western India	Sep.	60	435
Mysore Spinning	July.	15	240

Press Companies.

		Last Div. Rs.	Year Rs.
Akbar	May.	300	4,800
Albert Kurrachee	Nov.	45	500
Breed's Cawapore	Aug.	6%	120
The Bellary Press	Dec.	15	180
Broach City	Oct.	14	135
Fort	Nov.	5	210
Godavery Valley	..	6	90
Harvey and Sabnathy	July	40	445
Hindustan P. & M.	..	15	725
Hingolee	Sept.	5	95
Indian Cotton	Oct.	10	1281
Jumna Gmaing and Ing Co., Ld.	..	7%	1281 707
Kanagasm	Sept.	20	100
Mahmudpura Cha	..	7½	100
Mchuva	Oct.	Nil	25
Mercantile	do.	Nil	18
Mannar Manufacturing	Aug.	12½	220
New East India	Sep.	75	10
New Mofussil Co.,	Nov.	80	832½
New Berar	Oct.	40	520
New Prince of Wales	do.	45	685
Rlod	Nov.	20	250
Surat City	Oct.	20	250
Volkart, U.P. Ld.,	Sept.	30	625
Vardwan G.P.	..	12	130

Railway Companies.

Ahmedabad Dholaka Rly	Sep.-Aug.	5½%	136XD
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly	Feb.-July	6½	477½
Amritsar Patty Rly.	Mar.-Aug.	6%	130 CD
Central Provinces Railway Rs. 100	Jan.-July.	4%	122
Dhond Baramati Rs 50	..	4%	121
Gu erat Rlys. Rs. 100.	..	4%	103
Mandra Bhom rly. Rs. 25	Jan.-July	4%	39
Sara-Sirajgunj Rly. rs. 25.	Jan.-July	4%	25½
Sind Light Rys.	June-Dec.	8%	161
Tapti Valley Railway Co.	Apl.-Aug.	6%	580XD
Upper Sind Light rly.	..	4%	126

Miscellaneous Companies.

		Last Div.	Year
Alcock Ashdown Co.,	Oct.-May	6	125
All India U.I. Co., Ld. Rs. 20	August	Nil	6½
Bamankua	..	..	4½
Backbay Bath	..	..	33
Badham Pile	July.	7	92
Baroda Tram Co.,	Jan.-Aug.	Nil	25
Bo. Burma T. Corpr.	..	35	830
Bombay Electric Supply and T. Co., Ltd.,	F. Feb.-Aug.	6%	176
	O.	5%	235
Bombay Ice Manufg.	H. yearly	2	19
Bombay Flour Mill	Mar.-Oct.	30	880XD
Bo. Land and Building	..	20	500
Bombay S.N. Co., O.	Mar.-Sep.	Rs. 5	210
Bombay S.N. Co., P.	Sep.-Oct.	6%	262½
Central I.M. Co., Ltd.,	April	1	21½
City of Bombay Building Co.,	Dec.-Jan.	20	450 100nom
Delhi Flour	Sept.	Nil	590
Empire of I.L Rs. 50.	..	42%	1378
Indian Cement Rs. 150.	..	..	124
Indian Mercantile in Co. Ltd., Rs. 20	Dec.	Nil	..
Indian Cotton Oil Company	Old 100	June	12 106
	New Issue 75	..	.. 80
	P....100	..	7% 200
John Roberts & Co.,	Oct.-July	July	10% 182
Jose Engineering Co., Rs. 50.	..	do.	10% 52
Katni Cement Ordy. 100.	..	..	.. 81
Deffd. 40	..	..	.. 76
Pref. 100	..	..	.. 96
Kemp & Co., Rs. 175	..	..	12½ 162
Karrachee Landing Rs. 75	July	..	100
Marcha & Co.,	..	..	8 93XD
Marsland Pr Co., O	..	..	Nil 80
Marsland Price Co., P	..	..	7% 64
Napier Hotel Co.,	May.	Rs. 3½	85
O.O. vs. S. Life A. Rs.50	July.	30%	500
Phillips & Co.,	Sept.	10%	34
Port Canning Co.,	..	43	862½
Shivrajpur Synd, etc.	..	..	18
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co.,	Mar.-Aug.	17½%	79
Soundy & Co,	..	Nil	70 nom
Tata Iron and Steel,	O. Jan. & July.	..	70½
	D.	..	148
	P.	..	155
Tata Hydro Electric Co	O	Jan.	4% 1055
	7%	..	105
Thacker & Co 505	..	May	2½% 210
Telephone Co. 2	..	April	Rs.3 3 81½
Treacher & Co	..	July	15 480

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

April. 22nd

S.S. Colonial	Whidborne	Mauritius Apr. 11
S.S. Gablonz	Gillhuber	Trieste Apr. 5
S.S. Begum	Atkin	Calcutta Mar. 19
S.S. Lindula	Lane	Busreh Apr. 9
S.S. Trentham Hall	Jones	Mauritius Apr. 9
S.S. Lhasa	Manley	Karachi Apr. 20
S.S. Singu	Reid	Rangoon Apr. 7

DEPARTURES.

April 22nd.

S.S. Montebello	Smith	Hull via Karachi
S.S. Virawa	Crockston	Calcutta
S.S. Kaneufels	Kucken	Hamburg & Bremen via Karachi.
S.S. India	Talbot	Shanghai etc.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday.

S.S. Lunira	Anderson	Buserh via Karachi
S.S. Burjora	Cammack	Persian Gulf via Karachi

The following vessels began to load yesterday.

Steamer	Salsette	for	Aden.
„	Shigu	for	Rangoon.
„	Colonial	for	Liverpool, etc
„	Cape Finesterre	for	„
„	Lightning	for	Calcutta etc.
„	Warburn	for	Hamburg etc.

S. S. Colonial:—The Steamer Colonial, 3174 tons, Captain L. Whidborne, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius, which port she had left on April 11, with ballast.

S. S. Gablonz:—The A. L. S. N. Coy's Steamer Gablonz, 4740 tons, Captain J. Gillhuber, arrived in harbour yesterday from Trieste via Karachi, which port she had left on April 5, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Begum:—The Asiatic Coy's Steamer Begum, 2,944 tons, Captain F. W. Atkin, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta which port she had left on March 10, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Lindula:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's Steamer Lindula, 2183 tons, Captain O.H. Lane, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, which port she had left on April 9, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Trentham Hall:—The Steamer Trentham Hall, 2662 tons, Captain K. Jones, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius, which port she had left on April 6, with a cargo of sugar and 10 passengers.

S. S. Lhasa:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's Steamer Lhasa 951 tons, Captain H. Manley, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, which port she had left on April 20, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. India:—The P. and O. Coy's Steamer India, 4198 tons, Captain C. C. Talbot, sailed yesterday for Shanghai etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Burjora:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's Steamer Burjora, 1,908 tons, Captain F.R. Cammack, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general and same bottom cargo and passengers.

S. S. Singu:—The Steamer Singu, 1912 tons, Captain C.F.S. Reid, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, which port she had left on April 7, with a cargo of bulk oil.

S. S. Culna:—The B. I. S. N. Co's s.s. Culna arrived at Suez on the evening of the 20th instant.

S. S. Himalaya:—The P. and O. Co's s.s. Himalaya arrived at Plymouth on the morning of the 21st instant.

Wednesday, April. 22nd 1914.

P DOCK.

SHED STEAMER.	CAPT.	AGENTS
Graf Serenyi	Bela	Jurras
B. Clotsham	Johnston	J. M. & Co
C. & R. Othello	Turn	J. F. & Co
D. & F. Stolutum	Hatenkeir	T. M. & Co.
Ipada	Brocr	M. M. & Co
H. Mansuri	Gore	T. M. & Co
H. Alavi	Richardson	T. M. & Co
N. O an Shaw	Edward	J. F. & Co
O. Ekra	Millan	S. Smieth & Co
P Konig	Coltzan	A. S. & Co

V. DOCK.

1. Ecford	Donaran	J. M. & Co
2 Castalia	Mitchell	W. & A. G. & C.
3 Crown	Richards	D. N. & Sons.
4 Dunbarmoor	Thompson	W. & A. G. & Co
5 Sabine	Chave	K. N. & Co
6 Hallamshire	True	T. M. & Co
7. Rhodesia	Couch	Reiki Bros.
8. ArlingtonCourt	Rooks	D. N & Sons.
9. Politician	Woxfden	K. N. & Co
10 & 11 Kurmark	Reimer	W. & A. G & Co
12 & 13. Cape Finisterre	Wilson	J. F. & Co
14. Braconlas	Jones	D. N. & Sons.
15 Kirklee	Burn	W. & A. G. & Co
16 Dumra	Anderson	M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Caledonia	Dowell	P. & O. S. N. Co
5 Cape Corto	Kay	T. M. & Co
6 Okara	Mawle	M. M. & Co
9 Orna	Hewitt	M. M. & Co
18. Tauyabi	Kass A. M.	Iewa & Co

HARBOUR WHARF.

Homayun	Courtan	T. M. & Co
	H. W. V. D.	
Lhasa	Cutbush	M. M.& Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Aviemoor	Krefod	T. Jeewandas & Co
Adalia	Perry	T. M. & Co
Banca	Garwood	P. & O. N. & Co
Burjora	Cammade	M. M. & Co
Begura	Atkin	T. M. & Co
Clan Macdouyall	Price	J. F. & Co
Clan Fergusen	Jones	W. & A. G & Co
Clematis	Cunn	J. M. & Co
Clam Sinclair	Smith	J. F. & Co
Colonial	Whidborne	K. N. & Co
Ceo of Rynie	White	K. N. & Co
Dupleix	Donovan	W. & A. G. & Co
Dwarka	Moxon	M. M. & Co
Dwarka	Hickey	P. & O. S. N. & Co
Ferrara	Feathers	S. W. & Co
Fazilka	Rose	M. M. & Co
Gablenz	Gillhuber	A. L. S. N. & Co
Highland Monarch	Scobb	J. M. & Co
Kamakura Maru	Hori	N. Y. K
Lightlug	Connor	M. M. & C.
Luzon Maru	Miyata	O. S.K.
Lindula	Lane	M. M. & C
Oceana	Ronlee	T. M. & Co
Reichenfels	Kishetin	W. & A. G. & Co
Rightning	Connor	M. M. & C
Rangoon Maru	Kamoshita	N. Y. K.
Sumatra	Potter	P & O S N Co
St. Veronica	Stabb	T. M. & Co
Singu	Reid	S. W. & Co
Trentham Hall	Jones	K. N. & Co
Warburn	Koull	W. & A.C' & Co

ALL INDIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

The H. M. S. Swiftsure has arrived in Karachi harbour from Muscat.

The Indian Subordinate Medical Department will be glad to learn that the cadre of Senior Assistant Surgeons is to be increased from 45 to 47.

Colonel Melville, I. M. S., Civil Surgeon of Delhi, who is slowly recovering from blood poisoning, has been removed to the Walker Hospital, Simla, where he is progressing favourably.

Mr Henry Russell, of Molesey-road, Hersham, Surrey, who has just reached his eighty-first birthday, is believed to be the only survivor of the East India Company's Army in which he served all though the Mutiny.

Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Police Stations in Calcutta, have been deputed to make careful enquiries in their respective sections and to ascertain, if possible, the names of those who possess any description of fire arms, particularly revolvers.

The War Department of the United States has recently asked Colonel Henry Smith, Civil Surgeon of Amritsar, for a signed photograph of himself. This they desire to add to their gallery of distinguished modern medical celebrites in the Army Medical Museum and Library at Washington.

Messrs. Tomkins and Hari Kishan Kaul have completed their report on the criminal tribes in the Punjab. Mr. Tomkins has been re-appointed Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police from the 15th instant and Pandit Hari Kishan Kaul has returned to his appointment as Deputy Commissioner of Montgomery.

"The Englishman" understand that the Government of India will shortly be approached with a proposal to permit Anglo-Indian lads to join the various ammunition and other factories in India as apprentices on special terms. These

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

G. I. P. Railway Mechanics Institute, Parel, Fancy Dress Ball.

DAILY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m
"La Scala," Edwards Theatre, Bandmann-Rickard Vaudeville Co. 6-30 and 10 p.m.
America India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, and 10 to 11-15.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 6-30 to 8, 8-30 to 10, and 10-30 to 12.
Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road 5-15 to 6-45, 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTHS.

HARVEY.—April 4th, at No. 5, Clyde Row, Hastings, the wife of A. E. Harvey, of a daughter.

KYDD.—At Villa Ghita, Pedder Road, Bombay, on 19th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. David Kidd, a daughter.

SHEVLIN.—April 5th, at Ambala, the wife of W. Shevlin, Conductor, M.W.S., of a son.

DEATHS.

HENDERSON.—Marjorie Doreen Henderson, the dearly loved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Henderson, I.C.S., aged 4 years 10 months, at Jalgam on April 16th, killed by panther at circus.

KOBKE.—At J. J. Hospital, on 21st April, 1914, William Julius Kobke, Electrician, G. I. P. Ry., aged 40 years. Funeral will leave above hospital at 5-30, and arrive at Sewree at 6 p.m. to-day. (Madras and Calcutta papers please copy.)

OMMANNEY.—April 3rd, at Blackheath, Col. Edward Lacon Ommanney, C.S.I., late of the Punjab Commission, in his 80th year.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Regimental Orders by Major J. W. Hawes V. D. Commanding.

April 22.

145. Arms & Equipments.—All members should return their Arms & Equipment to Headquarters as early as possible.
157. Regimental Committee Meeting.—There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at the Corps Headquarters on Friday next the 24th instant at 6-45 p.m.
Business:—To discuss certain questions, with reference to the Prize Distribution.
158. Prize Distribution.—The Annual Prize Distribution and Dance will be held in the Town Hall on Wednesday 29th April at 9-30 p.m.
Admission by ticket only.
Members of Corps are entitled to free tickets of Admission for Two Ladies and One Gentleman.
Extra tickets for a Gentleman or Lady Rs. 2 each.
Tickets can be obtained from Headquarters.
All Members should wear White Uniform & Caps, or White Mess Kit.
159. Resignation.—The undermentioned having resigned is struck off the Strength of the Corps from to-day's date:—
No. 1365 Gunner W. J. Malone No. 2 Company.

(Sd.) R. C. D. GRAHAM Capt. R. A.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES

Regimental Orders by the Hon. Colonel R. W. L. Dunlop. C.I.E., V. D. Commanding,

April 23.

308. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted as follows:—
Thursday, 23rd afternoon, "K" Company.
Friday 24th, Morning any Coy. Class Firing
Afternoon, "K" Company.
Saturday, 25th afternoon, "K" Company.
Sunday 26th, Practice Binning Shield Competition.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus morning 6-15 a.m. Afternoon 1-5 p.m. The Binning Shield Competition will be fired on Sunday the 24th May instead of Tuesday the 26th May as stated in programme issued to members.
309. Prize Shooting.—"C" Coy. Prize Shoot will take place at Ghat Kopar on Saturday the 25th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 5-10 a.m.

(Sd.) O. T. MacR. LOCKE, Captain,
Offg. Adjutant Bombay Vol. Rifles.

BAND AT PRINCESS MARY GYMKHANA

By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D. and officers, the band of the 1st Battn. G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m. on Thursday.

March from the Suite.....At the King's Court .....Sousa
Overture .....Flotte Bursche .....Suppé
Selection .....Pelissiana .....Pelissier
Valse .....Beautiful Danube .....Strauss
Selection .....Hullo, Ragtime .....Hirsche
Dance of the Hours .....and Finale from La Gioconda .....Ponchielli

GREAT EASTERN MOTOR CO.

The Great Eastern Motor Company have been appointed suppliers of motor accessories etc. to H. E. L Willingdon.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD

The Annual General Meeting of the Students' Brotherhood for transaction of the business mentioned in the notices issued will be held on Sunday, the 26th April 1914, at 9 a.m. (S.T.), in the Prathana Mandir Hall Girgaon.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

An examination of the Home Nursing Class organised by Mr. Dosabhai Framji Panthaki under the auspices of the Bombay Centre of St. John Ambulance Association, will be held on the premises of the Elphinstone High School on Sunday next at 2 p.m. (S.T.).

MOTOR CYCLIST INJURED.

While riding his motor cycle along Sankli Street, Byculla, on Tuesday night, Mr. T. Over, a European, in order to avoid an old woman who was in his way, applied his brakes so suddenly that he was thrown over the handle bars and fractured his knee cap. He is detained in the European General Hospital for treatment.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION.

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Bombay Medical Union will be held at the Union Rooms on Saturday April 25th at 7-30 p. m., followed by a dinner at 8-45 p.m. At the meeting, Dr. R. B. Billimoria will read a summary of the Lord Reay lecture on "Specific Treatment of Pulmonary Tuberculosis."

COMMAND OF BOMBAY STATION.

The following appeared in yesterday's Station Orders:—Major-General G. F. Gorringe, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., having taken over officiating Command of the 6th (Poona) Division the Command of the Station devolves upon Colonel W. R. Marshall, 1st Bn., Sherwood Foresters, with effect from the forenoon of the 18th March, 1914.

THE TOWN PLANNING BILL.

The Hon. Mr. Claude E. Hill will leave for England by the mail steamer on Saturday, May 2nd, by which time it is expected the Report of the Select Committee on the Town Planning Bill will be completed. The Hon. Mr. W. D. Sheppard, who is to act for Mr. Hill during his absence on leave, arrived in Bombay yesterday morning, and on the arrival of Mrs. Sheppard by this week's mail, will proceed to Mahableshwar.

PARSI BOY BURNT.

At 7 p.m. on Tuesday night, two Parsi boys, aged three and five years, the sons of Dinshaw Framji, jeweller residing at Javeri Buildings, Grant Road were at dinner on the verandah of their house, when Rustomji, the younger boy, accidentally upset a kerosine oil lamp which was on the table, and set fire to his clothes. He was extensively burnt about his body, and was removed to the J. J. Hospital for treatment. His brother was not injured.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK.

A half-yearly ordinary general meeting of the Bank was held at the head office, Yokohama, on Tuesday, March 10, when the Directors presented their report for the half-year ended 31st December, 1913, which was adopted. The gross profits for the half-year, including yen 1,229,768.96 brought forward from last account, amounted to yen 23,466,476.79. It was resolved to add yen 350,000 to the Reserve Fund, and a divident at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum was declared which will absorb yen 1,800,000.

REPORTED BURGLARIES.

Mangesh Vishvanath, a Hindu residing at Bhatwadi, has reported to the police the theft of three silver cups and gold rings, collectively valued at Rs. 545 from his room of Tuesday night.

A pearl merchant named Baburao Jaisingrao residing at Prabhudur Road, has reported the theft of cash and ornaments valued at Rs. 2,420 from his room. A man named Ramrao Bapu was arrested in conviction with this theft, and property worth Rs. 332 was found on him. He was placed before Mr. G. R. Khairaj at Mazagon, and remanded in custody.

DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS

During the 24 hours ended at 6 a.m. on Wednesday, 48 attacks and 41 deaths from plague and 1 attack and 3 deaths from small-pox were recorded in Bombay City. There were no case of cholera. The Total mortality from all causes during the day was 129, as compared with 118 on the corresponding day of 1913, and 140 of 1912. The plague attacks were reported from the following places:—Mandvi 7, Kamatipura 5, Worli 4, Dhobi Talao 3, Mahalaxmi 3, Chukla 3, Fort (North) 2, Umarkhadi 2, Bhuleshwar 2, Khara Talao 2, Tarwadi 2, Parel 2, Sewri 2, Mahim 2, Sion 1, Byculla 1, Mazagon 1, Chowpati 1, Khetwadi 1, Kumbharwada 1. On Tuesday 1,940 rats were caught by the municipal rat-catchers, out of which 151 were found to be plague infected. Chukla sent 21 of these latter, Dhobi Talao 17, Mandvi 15, Umarkhadi 13, Market 11, Khara Talao 10, Kumbharwada 10, Bhuleshwar 9 and Fort (North) 9.

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES AND DEBT RECOVERY,

The Bombay Government have just issued a draft notification dealing with disputes touching the business of a co-operative credit society between members or past members or between members and the society and invite suggestions or objections from those interested. The draft, *inter alia*, proposes that "the Registrar, on receiving notice of such dispute, shall at his discretion, either decide the dispute himself or shall appoint an arbitrator or shall refer it to three arbitrators of whom one shall be nominated by each of the parties to the dispute and the third by the Registrar. Where any party to a dispute fails to nominate an arbitrator within fifteen days, the Registrar may himself make the nomination." It is proposed to vest the Registrar and arbitrators with the powers of a civil court, their awards to be final and conclusive and to be enforceable by a civil court as a decree of its own. These innovations, if given effect to, are expected to provide a simple procedure of summary recovery of loans and to do away with the delay, trouble and expense involved in filing suits in the civil courts. It is interesting to note that the Registrar or the arbitrator will be required to give his decision or award "in accordance with justice, equity and good conscience."

SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART GYMKHANA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Will any of your readers be good enough to inform me the reason why the Gymkhana of the Sir J. J. School of Art is closed during this Summer Vacation. Such was not the case in previous years. This is the only time for those students who could hardly spare a couple of hours during school days, to take part in out-door games in order to keep good heath.—Yours, etc.,

S. D. P.

Bombay, Apri 18.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

GOAN'S QUARREL.

MAGISTRATE SURPRISED AT POLICE UNDERTAKING CASE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Karnik charged Anton Pedar and three other Goans at the instance of Sebastian Menezes, also a Goan, with criminal trespass. Mr. S. A. Shete appeared for the defence.

The case for the prosecution was that on the morning of the 8th the four accused entered the room of the complainant, who is a cook, and was at the time cleaning fish with his knife, put him on the ground, and assaulted him. The complainant, who retained the knife in his hand, inflicted several wounds on his alleged assailants while waving his hands. He had no intention of using the knife, even in self-defence. As a motive for the assault, complainant alleged that the fourth accused and he had a quarrel a few days previously.

For the defence it was urged that the complainant and the third accused were playing cards, and a quarrel arising the complainant dragged him into the room and struck him, with a knife. The first and second accused, who went to the rescue, were also struck. As there was no intention of committing an offence when the accused entered the room, it was pleaded that there could be no criminal trespass.

After the case for the defence had been presented, his Worship, who during the course of the case had refused to allow Mr. De Lima to appear for the complainant, as it was a Police case; and had remarked that he hardly knew why the police had undertaken a case that was so different to nine-tenths of the summons cases, heard in that Court, called upon the complainant to show cause why he should not pay compensation.

Mr. De Lima was heard for the complainant and after Mr. Shete had made his remarks, his Worship delivered judgment, in the course of which he said that there were discrepencies in the evidence both of the complainant and his witness, as also in the alleged motive, and discharged all the accused.

ILLICIT TRAFFIC IN COCAINE.

At the Mazagaon Police Court before Mr. G. R. Khairaj, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Excise Inspector Burns charged one Kassam Ali, a Mahomedan, with illicitly selling two packets of cocaine.

The prosecution story was that on receipt of certain information Inspector Burns instructed one Kirsam to purchase cocaine from the accused for which purpose he handed him cetrain coins which had been marked in the presence of a punch. Kirsam, who was followed at a distance by Mr. Burns and his peons, went to the accused and bought two packets of cocaine from him for which he paid 12 annas out of the marked coins he had received. On effecting the purchase Kirsam raised an alarm when Inspector Burns pounced on the accused and arrested him. The accused was searched in the presence of the punch and the marked coins were found on him. The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

NEW FOUNTAIN AND DRINKING TROUGH.

A new fountain and trough for cattle has just been completed and opened for use by the Bombay Municipality, at Cruikshank Road. It has cost Rs. 5,000, which sum was handed over to the Municipality for this purpose by Mr. Madhavdass Luxmidass to commemorate the memory of his parents.

The design was prepared by the Executive Engineer to the Municipality, Mr. J. W. Mackison, and is in the Hindu-Saracenic style. The plinth and bases and trough are blue cut stone, fine dressed and moulded, and set in cement. The superstructure, from plinth to dome and canopies, is of Annagar stone, carved in cement.

It bears the following inscription:—"This fountain was erected by Madhavdass Luxmidass Kothare, in memory of his late parents, Shet Luxmidass Jiwandass Kothare and Hanibai, and was presented by him to the Municipal Corporation of Bombay for the benefit of the public. A. D., 1913, Samvat, 1969."

EMPRESS DOWAGER OF JAPAN'S FUNERAL

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, April 22.

With reference to the funeral of the late Empress Dowager, the Consul-General of Japan, has received a cablegram which states that the principal ceremonial will be held on May 24th, at Yoyogi, Tokyo, while the burial service will take place on the following two days at Momoyama, Kyoto, where the Imperial Mausoleum is to be situated.

MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, April 22.

The Hon. Mr. W. O. Horne, C.S.I., has resigned his office as Additional Member of the Madras Legislative Council and Mr. L. Davidson, C.S.I., has been nominated in his place.

BILL FOR PROTECTION OF MINOR GIRLS.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 22.

The Government of India have now circulated the Bill for the Protection of Minor Girls as amended by the Select Committee for opinion and criticism.

RESEARCHES IN TUBERCULOSIS.

(From our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 22.

Dr. Laucaster, of the Peshawar Medical Mission, has been selected to carry out researches in tuberculosis under the auspicies of the Indian Research Fund.

HOCKEY IN BOMBAY.

BETTER ORGANIZATION WANTED.

NEED OF MORE PLAY-GROUNDS.

A CONSTRUCTIVE SCHEME.

The article below suggests a constructive scheme for the better management of the game of Hockey in the Presidency of Bombay, in view of a wide spread feeling that a fluly representative body for the control and development of the game is needed.

An article dealing with Hockey, generally, in Bombay at this season of the year, needs no apology, for the interest evinced in the game is as considerable as criticisms as to its control are lavish. In this respect, as in most others, where any attempt is made to get out of the "rut" and inaugurate a forward movement, suggestions and criticisms meet the old cry that has ever logged the wheels of Progress: "You do not know our conditions." A few years ago a suggestion that the short-passing game, as played in other parts of India, could be utilised by a local team who would run out champions, would have been laughed to scorn. But the Lusitanians illustrated this in the Aga Khan Tournament last year, and anyone who has watched the present tournament in its progress, especially amongst the younger teams, will have noticed how the "hit and run" game is being steadily discounted. Again and again, the captains have been heard urging their teams before taking the field to play the short-passing game. To those who have seen the steady evolution of hockey in Bombay, the present tendency towards improvement will trace the first impetus as having been received when St. Xavier's from Calcutta visited Bombay in 1906. Bombay then, not only had the honour of sending the Calcutta champions back without the cup, but of learning from them the effectiveness of the game they played. A further impetus was received from the Calcutta Customs and the display of the Lusitanians. The little leaven has had a chastening influence even on the team of the "skull and crossbones," who, as was remarked in these columns before, used to play a game typical of Bombay hockey.

AN ASSOCIATION WANTED.

It would, however, be as foolish as it would be futile, to pretend that conditions in Bombay lend themselves to scientific hockey. Bad grounds and indifferent refereeing, had both contributed its share to the making of Bombay Hockey, and the time has undoubtedly arrived, as we have frequently insisted, when the "game of sticks" should receive further impetus from an association which would aim at its development. That there is immense scope for such an organisation no one will deny, but many continue to be sceptical as to its effectiveness, and a categorical statement of the necessities it could set itself to remedy, may not be without interest. We have made very searching enquiries as to this general and pervading discontent and have been told that nothing would be done until and unless certain votaries of sport agree to the changes in its management. Responsible club officials and well-known players and referees have said that any innovation will create a flutter in the dovecots of the powers-that-be, who naturally will not like to do away with their existing authority and will throw cold water on any scheme. We are not prepared to believe this, as we have abiding faith in British instinct for sport. There is a spirit of democracy in sport and the more any branch of it is advanced and gains in popularity the greater will be the fruition of those democratic ideals which enable one to see others on a level of equality. Considering therefore the popularity of Hockey in Bombay and the number of clubs which compete for the senior Aga Khan Hockey Tournament and two other junior Tournaments, the time indeed has come to put the whole thing on a sound basis which will inspire confidence and satisfaction to all.

WHAT SHOULD BE DONE?

How then can this be done? Before venturing on a scheme, which will be of a constructive nature, let it be understood that, in saying this, our aim is not a destructive criticism of the existing conditions, nor a wholesale denunciation of the management of the present controlling body who have for the last fifty years or so, nursed every branch of local sport with fostering care and who have sacrificed their interests in various ways for the sake of sport, and to whom the sporting public of Bombay should ever remain grateful; but to formulate a constructive scheme for the better management of the game of Hockey in the Presidency of Bombay on a thoroughly representative basis, which in the present day of democratic ideals, will remove all ill-feeling and heart-burning without prejudicing the cause of those who have a permanent interest in Hockey in Bombay, and by eschewing clubs of mushroom growth. "Where is our protection?", "Who will recognise us?", said a well-known referee now officiating in the tournament to a representative of "The Chronicle", when asked as to the advisability of forming a Referees' Union in Bombay. In proposing this, therefore, we know that we are echoing the sentiment of the sporting public of Bombay and trust that efforts will be made at an early date to bring the affair to a head. "Strike while the iron is hot"—let a preliminary general meeting of the representatives of all European—Civil and Military—and Indian clubs be called to consider the advisability of forming an association for the Presidency of Bombay, which will be affiliated to the English Hockey Association and will further the interests of the game of Hockey in this City as well as in various other towns within the jurisdiction of different Divisional Associations, to be created under it, e.g., at Poona. A Provisional Committee will have to be formed for drafting the rules and regulations of such an association which will, in due course, be adopted, by the general body of members. This, in short, is an outline of the scheme, which is quite practicable, as it has worked wonderfully well in the case of Bengal. A Referees' Board would be an integral part of this Association.

For the head-quarters of this Association viz., the one in Bombay, let the Clubs be divided into three classes according to the varying degrees of their locus standi and commensurate with their share in the permanent interest in Hockey in Bombay:—For a start the following may serve a useful purpose:—

A Class I—(of 10 or 15 original clubs who will found the Association) to pay an entry fee of Rs 25 and annual subscription of Rs. 25
—This class will elect eight representatives to the council.

B—Class II—Only Military Clubs who will not be required to pay any entry fee, but who will only pay the annual subscription of Rs. 20.
—This class will elect only one representative.

Class III—All other clubs, senior or junior. To pay an entry fee of Rs. 25 and annual subscription of Rs. 10.

This class will elect only two representatives.

These elected representatives may then elect their President, vice-Presidents Honorary Secretary, and Honorary Treasurer.

NEED FOR GROUNDS.

A crying necessity, is the want of playable grounds. That Bombay with its large and generous sporting public should be so badly served in this respect is deplorable, but, it may be said with confidence an appeal only is necessary to meet with a ready response. But, it must not be supposed that any great campaign is necessary. There are at present two good grounds in Bombay, the Marine Lines and the Oval, both of which are in good condition, and it is expected that the Bombay Gymkhana will have their ground in shape by next year. Things need not be as they are if grounds are apportioned to clubs of standing whose business it would be to keep such fields in condition throughout the year. But such a course should only be adopted if it is not possible that a representative body should control the many fields, as they are unforunately few and a monopoly by any single club should be only a last resort. With the new fields on Kennedy Sea Face, there is no reason why Bombay should not have at least half a dozen good grounds.

In the second place, as has been stated, such an Association could set itself to cater for the necessary practice for the teams by organising two leagues. This would give the tournament teams sufficient practice. The lack of finish is always a noticeable feature in many of the teams that have appeared in the Aga Khan both in this and in former. What, however, is specially necessary is some knock-out competition for non-Aga Khan teams. This would help to make the entries for the senior tournament fewer and of a better class, while there will be some provision for the other teams. The air has been full of criticisms as to entries of teams who have no business to be in the tournament, and it has been seriously suggested that such teams have paid an entrance fee of Rs. 25 to secure Rs. 37-8 in ticket value. But with no other competition which the weaker teams could possibly enter, it is difficult to blame them, and in urging that some competition should be provided for non-tournament teams, the concensus of opinion, both of players and spectators will be with us, and it would be much wiser to meet the difficulty in this way, than to adopt the arbitrary method of keeping out teams at the sweet will and pleasure of the tournment committee, for it difficult to avoid criticism, however conscienstiously the committee may proceed. Bombay might well borrow a leaf from Bengal in this respect, and whatever criticisms have been levelled at that body, everyone will acknowledge that the B. H. A. have done so much for Hockey in that Presidency, that local sportsmen who have seen the working of that body and are new in Bombay urge the formation of a similiar Association here. The catering for teams of varying strength by no means implies a plea for a profusion of cups, which would have a tendency to urge teams to pot-hunting, but we are sure all will be agreed that it is undoubtedly necessary that teams of different strength should be catered for.

THE REFEREE QUESTION.

The referee question has been one that has agitated Bombay for a very long time. That it can make or mar the game has been amply illustrated one can not too strongly urge that the refereeing should be improved as the referees should be made more representative of the teams in the tournament. The latter is a complaint that is deserving of more than a passing notice, and the tournament committee would be well advised in future years if they would use a broader field when looking out for men to take charge of the whistle, and it will not hurt if the obvious exclusiveness is dropped and the teams in the tournament, asked to share in the responsibility. In the last few years Bombay has produced only one referee of first-class calibre, who is possessed of sufficient alertness to be convincing, and of sufficient knowledge of the rules to avoid constantly erring. A Referees' Association is absolutely essential if it is desired to broaden the outlook of the game, and to keep abreast of developments, and no referee cares to work under a body that has no power to enforce its decisions.

Of course the initiative in the organisation of a Hockey Association must come from the local teams themselves, but there is not the slightest doubt that an appeal to the various clubs will meet with a ready, if not eager response, and all that is necessary is the initial step.

AGA KHAN TOURNAMENT.

SECOND ROUND.

2ND DORSETS (1) BEAT JHANSI RY. GYMKHANA (0).

The replay of the drawn tie between these two teams in the second round of the above tournament attracted a big crowd on the Oval on Wednesday, when a very close and fast encounter ended in a victory for the 2nd Dorsets from Poona by a goal to nil. It was a cruel irony of fate that the Jhansi team were unable to get even a goal to their credit, no less than four open chances being missed by the Railway forwards, either owing to erratic shooting or "sticks." They had a grueling time of it after a totally unexpected goal had been scored against them by the Dorsets, ten minutes before the close of the game. It will not be a fair estimate to say that they lost though they were the better team on the day's play, the Dorsets' defence being remarkably plodding and hard-working throughout with a dogged tenacity which illustrated the efforts. Each and every one in the Dorsets' defence knows how to stick to his man and hardly allowed a clean passage right through. Their ground fielding was better than that of the Railway team in which Duncann had to bear the brunt of defence. Their forwards were fast and nippy and the openings they had were of a more open character than what the military quintette had. Taken all in all, the game was very closely contested from start to finish and the result hung in the balance till the last minute of the game. There was hardly anything to choose between the teams, both sets of attack being kept busy throughout the sixty minutes play. It was a ding-dong affair and both sides went at it hammer and tongs. A fast pace was kept up throughout and the outstanding feature of the game was that brilliant forward movements on either side could not show up to any great advantage owing to the stubborn resistance by the opposing defensive ranks which persistently refused to be beaten. The teams were very evenly matched both in attack and defence and that the display of hockey was not very showy, was owing to the fact that insistently vigorous and incisive attacks were being invariably met with a defence which would not allow much liberty. The game came in interesting flashes and combination was being effectively neutralised especially by the opposing halves,—particularly Drew for the Dorsets and Duncann, for the Jhansi team—who developed magnificent defensive tactics in breaking up attack and being cool and collected in feeding the forwards, though occasional hard passing spoiled many chances for opening the game. Both sides fought with a grim determination to gain the ascendancy and there was a hardly dull moment throughout the game. Chances were lost on both sides but the Jhansi team curned out to be the worse as Dame Fortune never once smiled on them to make amends for the many mistakes made. It was the luck of war and the Railway team though beaten were by no means disgraced. Both sided played a clean sporting game—there having been not one instance of foul play or questionable tactics which often pass for excess of zeal. Every one put forth the best that was in him and fully justified his inclusion in the team, but as already stated, Drew (Dorsets) and Duncann (Jhansi) stood above the rest of their respective sides—both being equally fast, brainy and hard-working, to keeping up the forwards and falling back with remarkable judgment whenever there was pressure on their respective defence.

The balance of exchanges taken over both periods was quite even, both sides having in turn equally raided the opposing defence.

The supervision of the game by Messrs. Ward and Simpson was undoubtedly up to the mark. Before entering into the details of the game we should like to point out that a certain section of irresponsible spectators in the eastern enclosure are inclined to pass objectionable remarks, which only create bad blood between teams. Support your team by cheering them up by all means, but why make offensive remarks?

THE PLAY.

The game commenced punctually, Jhansi electing to defend the northern goal. For a couple of minutes neither team could settle down, till an attempt to force the pace by the Jhansi attack saw Lt. Stevens break up and give his forwards possession. Fast and smart stick work by Bartlett, White and Tatum resulted, but they were unable to push home their attack. Saunders, Longman and Spiers now became prominent for a pretty combined run, as a result of which Low secured in the circle, but balked his shot by giving sticks, and a moment later Spiers was pulled up for "offside" in receiving a pass from Longman when almost in the circle. Transfers at this stage became rapid, and a determined raid by the military inside men brought two short corners, but no score, and the onslaught being beaten back Saunders combined with Low in transferring the attack, but the halves breaking up transferred operations and White and Tatum worked the ball down the other end, but Esai nipping in relieved at the expense of a corner, the "free" passing through the feet of the attackers round the circle into play, where Rudd was pulled up for "carrying." But Stone cleared from the hit, and gave White who ran through but did not shoot till he was almost on the goal line. The relief saw Spiers dribble through till Rudd stayed his course, the referee ruling obstruction. A "bully" outside the circles was ruled a moment later, players of attacking and defending teams making sticks in an attempt to secure a high-flyer, but proved of no advantage to the Jhansi team. Low returned the attack immediately and transferred to the other and where Longman secured, and running in attempted to score at a difficult angle, was stayed by the goal-keeper's pads. Jhansi's first great opportunity now arrived. Stone attempted to transfer a long drive on the run, and missed and Saunders securing tipped out to Low, who ran down a few yards and gave Spiers in the centre of the shooting circle, that player stopping, shot hard, the ball rising shoulder high as it approached the net, but misssed the coveted area by inches. The Dorsets inspired by this piece of fortune inaugurated a determined raid and Bartlett sent out to Zobedee and receiving it back in the circle, drove hard for the net, but Timms taking it on his pads sent it out of danger. Esai and Woods were forcing out to touch constantly to relieve the sustained pressure, but kept his charge intact. Gellard got away on the left wing and tricking Lt. Stevens and Rudd raced for the goal. Hoils ran out and was also tricked, but the dribble was hard, and Stone ran between Gillard and the ball. The "penalty corner" awarded against Stone proved of no advantage, as was also the subsequent endeavours of Spiers and Saunders, who were frequently prominent. Ducann, shewed up well in breaking up several combined movements, and from one of these gave Saunders, but Low receiving sent over the line. There was

(*Continued on page 8.*)

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Thursday, April 23, 1914.

THE DOMICILED COMMUNITY.

The proceedings at the last annual meeting of the Anglo-Indian Association at Calcutta, which was held on Friday, reveal a somewhat dismal tale, for on every side there is evidence that the lethargy of the domiciled community has withstood all attempts at material and social advancement. We have it on the authority of a prominent member of the Association, who spoke at the meeting, that the record of the Association since 1910 has been "a record of decadence;" as shown by a marked falling-off in subscribers. The truth is the Anglo-Indian Association is languishing equally for want of funds and of energy to carry on its propaganda. As a consequence its views, it is to be feared, are apt to be regarded by the general public as not thoroughly representative of the community. Again, disunion has been created among the members of the community by the formation of another institution,—the Anglo-Indian Empire League,—whose aims, objects and methods have sometimes been, we are told, diametrically opposed to those of the older institution. Along with these differences, which seem to be acute among the better-educated members of the community, there seems, on the other hand, to be a feeling of unconcern among the rest towards any ideas or endeavours to ameliorate their present political and social status. The only organ of the community, "Anglo-India", died last year through inanition, and, unless greator co-operation and financial assistance are forthcoming, the Association will be compelled to continue its work as best as it may without the assistance of an official organ to express and disseminate its views. On the whole, therefore, the progress within the past year made by the domiciled community in directions which have over and over again been pointed out to them by friendly critics is hardly perceptible. We are told by the Chairman at the meeting, Mr. J.H. Rundlett, that a London Branch of the Association has just been formed, but we have our doubts as to whether the London Branch, however heroic its efforts, will receive the support necessary from the community itself to enable it to justify its existence. What we would suggest is the immediate fusion of the Anglo-Indian Empire League and the Anglo-Indian Association in the interests of the community as a whole. Considering the number and the comparative backwardness in education of the community, its present subordinate position in the public services, in trade, and in public life and other causes, which must act as a hindrance towards self-expression, it is obvious that one representative institution at this stage would have more weight with the Government, as well as the general public, when it claimed to speak on behalf of the community. We would also suggestion that the organisation be made more efficient. In this connection a striking instance of the failure on the part of the Anglo-Indian Association to interpret its responsibilities rightly may be mentioned by way of showing how great opportunities may be missed when the so-called leaders are incompetent, inexperienced or indifferent. The Association as a public body was asked, along with other public bodies, to record its views on many of the matters that came up before the Royal Commission on the Public Services. It is natural to suppose that on such an occasion a responsible and representative institution would at least have made an endeavour to consult its members on a subject that was of pressing concern to them. But it appears that the persons forming the Council of the Association did nothing of the sort, but themselves framed answers to the Commission's inquiries without holding any meeting of the members, or giving any opportunity to the community whatever to point out its special claims and grievances. The sooner, therefore, the domiciled community realise that a communal agitation conducted on these lines has not the remotest chance of success, the better will it be for all concerned. Everyone knows, of course, that the most important problem which the domiciled community is called upon to solve is that of education. So far, the community, left to itself, has failed even to touch the fringe of it, and no chance of rescue from the Slough of Despond is possible unless Anglo-Indians domiciled in the country make a supreme effort to take advantage of the facilities which the Government and the Anglo-Indian Education Fund will shortly make available to them. Another question, which is still agitating the community, is that of an Anglo-Indian regiment. Opinion seems divided on the matter. But while one sympathises with the praiseworthy aspiration of the members of the community to have the opportunity of serving as soldiers it is impossible to ignore the fact that an Anglo-Indian regiment would prove a considerable charge on the Indian revenues.

In this connection the Hon. Mr. Abbott, the representative of the community in the Imperial Legislative Council, has just addressed the Viceroy in reference to a statement made by His Excellency at Madras to the effect that Anglo-Indian boys "whose fathers and grandfathers had served in the British Army were eligible for enrolment" in the Army. This privilege, however, Mr. Abbott points out is still in practice withheld, and he asserts that, so long as enlistment is vested in commanding officers, so long will this right be denied to Anglo-Indian lads. Mr. Abbott suggests, thereore, that some such recruiting system as prevails in Great Britain should be introduced into India, and that the boys selected direct from the recruiting centres should be drafted to units of cavalry, artillery and infantry regiments. Mr. Abbott points out that, while the Army is at present open to any English, Irish, Scotch or Welsh boy, and all castes in India are also eligible, the most respectable Anglo-Indian is blocked. We can see no objection to the opening of the ranks of British regiments to Anglo-Indian lads. At the most there could not be more than a very small sprinkling in any one regiment, and, to our mind, such a way of meeting the aspirations of the community, besides being feasible, is preferable to the alternative of Anglo-Indian regiments "to perform the garrison and other duties now performed by regiments stationed in the presidency towns," as has been suggested. The weak part of the Anglo-Indian case for military employment, however, is that the community does not appear to know its own mind, and there is no concentration on any particular demand. The establishment of Anglo-Indian regiments is not a demand which it is advisable to press, because it has already been more than once refused, and it would, as we have said, increase the military estimates without bringing any pronounced commensurate advantage to the country as a whole. And to talk of compulsory service for a single community forming only a small fraction of the population is absurd. But to Mr. Abbott's demand for equal treatment of the Anglo-Indian with the Englishman, Irishman, Scotchman or Welshman, there can be but one answer, unless based on unfair and class considerations. Of one thing, however, it is necessary at once to disabuse the mind of the community. The plea is often put forward that the question of finding employment for Anglo-Indians in these days of keen competition would be partially solved if the Army were opened as a new field. The recruitment of Anglo-Indians for the Army would not assist the labour problem but would probably add to the number of men for whom it is hard to find employment. The greater number of these men would be thrown back on the labour market without resources or training for any trade, and at an age when their adaptability for new employment would have been greatly impaired. The provision of employment for the ex-soldier is a perennial problem of the greatest difficulty to the authorities at Home and it would not be any easier to solve in India. The admission of the Anglo-Indian to the ranks of the Army, as a matter of sentiment, is a demand with which one can sympathise, and which, we think, ought to be conceded. But as a solution, even of a partial character, of the economic problems of the community it has no attraction or recommendation.

Notes of the Day.

The Coercion of Mexico.

The coercion of Mexico has begun. The American Admiral Fletcher has seized Vera Cruz and has, as was expected, met with little opposition in the process. That is to say, the opposition was hopeless in face of the superior strength of the American force in arms, though it was sufficient to produce a casualty list of two hundred Mexicans killed by the shells of the transport Prairie. In the meantime further punitive measures are in contemplation and it remains to be seen how long President Huerta will be able to maintain the serenity of demeanour, with which, as he telegraphed to the "Daily Telegraph," he was awaiting events,—now that the events have materialised. We are inclined to think, however, that the ease with which the United States forces may be able to establish themselves in authority in the coastal towns of Vera Cruz and Tampico, will by no means indicate a brief and simple triumph over President Huerta. There may be much difficult and exhausting campaigning to be done before that remarkable personage is brought to the attitude of humiliation necessary to the requirements of the United States Government. It is interesting to note that the impossibility of Dr. Wilson's extraordinary proposal, that President Huerta should be dealt with as an individual and separated from the State of Mexico, of which he is *de facto* the head, has been realised by the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate, who have corrected the President's attitude by giving him broad authority to deal with Mexico

The Entente Cordiale.

The wonderful reception accorded to King George and Queen Mary in Paris provides the most gratifying testimony to the abiding character of the Entente Cordiale between England and France, which was established by the happy efforts of King Edward just ten years ago. There were many cynical prophecies on the Continent, and even in England, ten years ago, of a short life to a new-found friendship between two peoples who were supposed to be traditional enemies. But time has shown how ill-judged were these predictions, and to-day the Entente Cordiale stands as firm and secure as the binding contract of the Triple Alliance, and is cemented, not only by the increasing friendship and understanding between the two peoples, but by the mutual support which each has given the other in moments of grave crisis which threatened danger to both. It is difficult to believe now that less than fifteen years ago the visit of an English Sovereign to Paris would have been unthinkable, and that the causes of friction were so numerous that one never knew when one or another of them might bring the two countries to the brink of war. It is the possibility of war between England and France that is unthinkable to-day!

An Instrument of Peace.

King George's speech at the banquet at the Elysee, delivered in French, was couched in the happy vein and uneffected genuineness of tone that are so characteristic of all His Majesty's utterances. But equally happy was the President's phrase in which he described the visit of Their Majesties as "a brilliant consecration of a friendship which had stood the test of time and experience and which had proved its efficacity and become one of the surest guarantees of European equilibrium." Nothing, indeed, has been more notable about the Anglo-French understanding than the solid counter-balance it has supplied to the previously preponderating influence of the Triple Alliance on the Continent,—a preponderance which for many years left France isolated and forced her to submit to more than one humiliation. The alliance with Russia only partially redressed the balance, but the establishment of the Entente Cordiale and later of the Triple Entente, provided an effective counterpoise, which has been instrumental in restricting certain undesirable ambitions and has undoubtedly done more to preserve the peace of Europe than any other factor.

A Graceful Act.

With the tact and happiness of thought which always characterised both his father and the late Queen Victoria, King George has marked his visit to Paris with a very graceful act, in the presentation to the French Government of the six bronze basreliefs by the famous French sculptor, Dujardin, which formerly decorated the statue of Louis XIV in the Place des Victories, but which have long been in the possession of the British Royal Family. That is the sort of graceful sentiment to which the French more than any people in Europe are cordially responsive, and this, if there were nothing else, would be sufficient in itself to establish His Majesty's place in their affections. To-day, St. George's Day, the British colony in Paris will give a special reception to Their Majesties in the great hall of the Trocadero. The three days of the King's visit is crowded with engagements, of which the magnificent banquet, of course, at the Elysee has the most important bearing upon the Entente.

The Honour of Ministers.

Mr. Bonar Law has once more chosen discretion as the better part of valour; and, having tried to make all the capital possible out of throwing the odious accusations of Sir Edward Carson across the table of the House, has decided "to await the publication of the revised White Paper before deciding on a course of action." It is a pity that he did not come to this decision in the beginning. It is hardly playing the political game to bring before the House a series of allegations which impugn the honour of Ministers of the Crown, to accuse them directly of false statements, and then to withdraw from the arena when challenged to an open discussion in Parliament of the charges which he professes to be anxious to investigate. Such a discussion would enable Ministers to meet the charges which have been made; they are entitled to it, and it would quickly reveal how much justification there may be for Mr. Bonar Law's demand for a judicial enquiry. But to endeavour to limit himself to this latter demand, and to refuse the challenge to discuss allegations made against Ministers by his own colleagues, is unprecedented in politics.

Changes on the English Bench.

Some interesting changes have taken place in the English Judiciary this week. The retirement of Lord Justice Vaughan Williams is a notable event. The son of a judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Sir Roland Vaughan Williams was born in 1838 and was called to the Bar as long ago as 1864, and has therefore just celebrated his jubilee as a barrister. He became a puisne judge in 1890, succeeding Mr. Justice Manisty. It was during the years that he presided over the Companies Winding-up Court that his great judicial powers, his firmness and precision, first won him popular renown,—such renown that a rumour that he was about to be removed from that Court evoked violent protests from the press. He became a Lord Justice of Appeal in 1897 and during the ensuing seventeen years he has always dominated the Bench on which he sat and has delivered many notable judgments. Mr. Justice Channell, who has also just retired, has been a judge of the King's Bench since 1897. He, also, was born in 1838. He is a son of the famous judge, who, as Baron of the Exchequer, was notable for his inability to pronounce his "h's."

Stories of Baron Channell.

There are many excellent stories of the late Baron Channell in this connection. On one occasion he was arguing a shipping salvage case, in which the name of the ship that had been lost, began with an "h", which Channell was quite unable to pronounce. "I should be glad to know," said the presiding judge at last, "what is the correct name of this vessel." "Well, m'Lud, said the opposing counsel "it originally began with an aitch, but that, like the vessel itself, has been lost in the chops of the Channell!" On another occasion when he was defending a man, who was charged with stealing a horse, he made continual references to the halter, which was an important piece of evidence in the case, evoking from the judge the remark, that these constant references to the 'alter gave the case quite an ecclesiastical atmosphere. Reuter also announces the elevation of Mr. Justice Pickford to the Court of Appeal in succession to Lord Justice Vaughan Williams, and the appointment of Mr. Montagu Shearman K.C., and Mr. John Sankey K.C., to fill the vacancies in the King's Bench. Mr. Shearman is a very famous Common Law practitioner who has been at the Bar since 1881 and was in his youth a noted athlete. Mr. Sankey is a Chancery lawyer, who will fill the place of Mr. Justice Pickford, and has been since 1909, Chancellor of the Diocese of Llandoff.

Sir J. Rees and the Recent Fires.

In the course of his parliamentary career Sir John Rees has asked many silly questions, but for extreme foolishness, the one, just reported, in connection with the recent fires in Bombay and Calcutta, has possibly never been exceeded. We have often wondered of late why Sir John so persistently refuses to withdraw from public life, the strain of which, it has been apparent for some time, is telling somewhat seriously on his health. His second question in the House on Tuesday is equally astounding, and one is constrained to conclude, from the erratic manner in which he has recently been behaving both in the House and outside, that the "belief" to which he alludes must have originated in his own brain. It is reported that Sir John, when he was a shining light of the Madras Civil Service, had rather a reputation for cleverness. But there is no doubt he has changed considerably in that respect since those halcyon days.

OUTBREAK OF WAR.

SEIZURE OF VERA CRUZ.

FEEBLE OPPOSITION.

TWO HUNDRED MEXICAN CASUALTIES.

SLIGHT AMERICAN LOSS.

HUERTA IMPERTURBABLE.

Hostilities have commenced with the occupation of Vera Cruz by the Americans. The Mexicans offered no opposition to the landing, but opened fire after the seizure of the Customs House. American losses were trivial the Mexicans suffered more severaly with 200 killed. It is officially announced that the Mexicans have evacuated Vera Cruz.

In the debate at the Senate on the "substitute resolution," Senator Lodge remarked that he could not join any resolution which made the United States prefer one cut-throat to another.

An amendment providing, that after the subjugation of Mexico the United States shall retire from the country, leaving every portion of it to its own people, was rejected by the Senate.

Reports are reaching official circles that Generals Carranza and Villa will join President Huerta and make common cause with him against the United States.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, April 21.

Orders have been sent to Admiral Fletcher to seize the Vera Cruz Customs House.

A wireless message picked up at the Brooklyn navy-yard states that the Americans have captured Vera Cruz after losing four killed and twenty wounded.

MEXICANS EVACUATE VERA CRUZ.

WASHINGTON, April 22.

It is officially announced that the Mexicans have evacuated Vera Cruz.

PENSACOLA, April 22.

The battleship, Mississippi with four airmen with hydroplanes on board has left for Vera Cruz.

VERA CRUZ, April 22.

Admiral Badger and five battleships have arrived.

PROBABLE SEIZURE OF ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

WASHINGTON, April 22.

The German liner, Ypiranga is nearing Vera Cruz with machine guns, rifles and fifteen million cartridges for General Huerta. These will be seized by the Americans if landed.

LATER.

The Captain of the Ypiranga has placed his steamer under the orders of Vice-Admiral Fletcher.

FIGHTING AT VERA CRUZ.

TWO HUNDRED MEXICANS KILLED.

WASHINGTON, April 22.

A despatch from Vice-Admiral Fletcher says:—

"I landed marines and sailors from the battleships, Utah and Florida and the transport, Prairie on Tuesday and seized the Customs House. The Mexicans offered no opposition to the landing but opened fire with rifles and artillery after the seizure of the Customs House. The transport, Prairie, shelled the Mexicans out of their positions. There was a desultory firing from the housetops and in the streets. We hold a section of the city in the vicinity of the wharves. Our casualties were four killed and twenty wounded.

"After the fight the American Consul called on General Mass to assist in the restoration of order. General Mass refused. No refugees were injured."

GALVESTON, April 22.

Two hundred Mexicans were killed at Vera Cruz.

FURTHER DETAILS OF LANDING.

VERA CRUZ, April 22.

American marines were landed in whaleboats under cover of the Prairie's guns.

Sniping from house-tops was very troublesome for a long time, although sharp fighting only lasted for an hour.

Sharpshooters in the old lighthouse harassed the Americans till five of the Utah's shells demolished it.

A large body of Mexicans endeavoured to outflank a battalion of marines stationed in the railway-yard. Officers on the warships observed the movement through their binoculars and the Prairie's five inch guns scattered the Mexicans while three-inchers continued to rake the shore-line.

The Americans now occupy the waterfront on the eastern side of the city.

DEBATE IN SENATE.

"PREFERRING ONE CUT-THROAT TO ANOTHER."

WASHINGTON, April 22.

The Senate adjourned till to-day without taking action on the subject of Mexico.

In the debate yesterday Senator Lodge speaking on the substitute resolution said he could not join any resolution which made the United States prefer one cut-throat to another.

Mr. Shively, member of the Foreign Relations Committee, speaking on behalf of the Government, said Senator Lodge's substitute proposal meant a plain declaration of war. He urged the Republicans to wait till the Administration's Resolution had been tried as a means of peace.

SIGNIFICANT AMENDMENT REJECTED.

OCCUPATION OF MEXICO AFTER SUBJUGATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, April 22.

An amendment providing, that after the subjugation of Mexico the United States shall retire from the country, leaving every portion of it to its own people, was rejected by the Senate.

RESOLUTION JUSTIFYING WAR ADOPTED.

WASHINGTON, April 22.

The Senate has adopted by 72 votes to 13 the resolution declaring the President justified in employing armed forces to enforce the demands for unequivocal amends for the affronts and indignities committed by Mexico against the United States.

BROTHERS IN ARMS.

FEDERALS AND REBELS MAY MAKE COMMON CAUSE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, April 22.

Reports are reaching official circles that Generals Carranza and Villa will join President Huerta and make common cause with him against the United States.

GENERAL HUERTA'S MESSAGE TO "DAILY TELEGRAPH."

LONDON, April 22.

General Huerta has sent a message to the "Daily Telegraph" saying that he awaits the future events with serenity and that the Republic will continue to maintain its dignity.

DURAZZO, April 22.

The Government is calling out 20,000 men to join the colours.

AMERICAN REFUGEES.

Two trains of American refugees are held up between Mexico City and Vera Cruz, Mr. O'Shaugnessy, his wife and child and hundreds of Americans remain in the capital.

WARNING TO LEAVE MEXICO.

The State Department had advised the foreign diplomats in Mexico to warn their nationals to leave the country.

BANK FAILURES.

WEAKENING OF CONFIDENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 21.

Sir George Robertson asked a question with regard to the bank failures in India.

Mr. Roberts replied that the information received was to the effect that the bank failures had weakened confidence in banking institutions. The regulation of banking in India had for some time been under the consideration of the Government.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL FOR U. P.

Sir George Robertson enquired regarding the creation of an executive council in the United Provinces.

Mr. Roberts said that Lord Crewe was not in position to make a statement.

SHOULD MARINE VESSELS BE ARMED?

Referring to the Slade Committee's report on the Indian Marine, Colonel Yate asked whether the Government of India would now be permitted to arm the vessels of the Marine so that they could share in police work in the Gulf and enable the people of India to help in strengthening the naval forces in Indian waters.

Mr. Roberts replied that Lord Crewe had not officially received or considered the report. The occasion had not yet arisen to consult the Admiralty on its recommendations.

ROYAL VISIT TO PARIS.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

THE BANQUET SPEECHES

ANGLO-FRENCH FRIENDSHIP.

ITS PERMANENT EFFICACITY.

KING GEORGE ON CORDIAL RELATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 21.

The royal yacht conveying the King and the Queen to France crossed the Channel from Dover in perfect weather. A squadron of naval aeroplanes and naval arishipps were overhead.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION AT CALAIS.

Their Majesties were greeted on their arrival at Calais with deafening cheers, while the French warships fired the Royal Salute. Calais was en fete and everywhere Union Jacks and French flags were displayed side by side. The journey to Paris was accomplished without incident.

MEMORABLE OVATIONS.

Their Majesties were welcomed by the Parisians with memorable ovations. As the Royal procession drove through the streets the King and the Queen were wildly cheered by the people who thronged the pavements, even the house-tops being black with spectators.

ALONG THE ROUTE.

The bands along the route played the British and the French National Anthems in turn, while guns thundered in the distance. Long ranks of the Zouaves, lancers and dragoons lined the streets and saluted, the carriages of the cortege as they passed.

The King was wearing the Grand Cordon of the Legion of Honour. He drove with the President in the second carriage. The Queen, who was in mauve, was in the first carriage beside Madame Poincare. Bunches of flowers were thrown into her Majesty's carriage.

PROFOUNDLY TOUCHED.

Reuter's Agency is authorised to state that their Majesties were profoundly touched by the cordial and sympathetic reception accorded to them.

PRESIDENT POINCARE AT BANQUET

"A BRILLIANT CONSECRATION OF FRIENDSHIP."

PARIS, April 21.

At the banquet at the Elysee, President Poincare expressed the intense pleasure of France in welcoming the sovereigns of a great and friendly nation. The visit, he said, was a brilliant consecration of the friendship which had stood the test of time and experience and which had proved its permanent efficacity and become one of the surest guarantees of European equilibrium.

THE KING'S REPLY.

CORDIAL RELATIONS.

Speaking in French, the King said that he had been profoundly touched by his welcom in the Brilliant capital of a beautiful country. He felt a peculiar pleasure at being amidst the French people on the occasion of the tenth anniversary of the agreements by which the two countries had peacefully settled all the questions dividing them. From these agreements arose the intimate and cordial relations uniting them, thanks to which they were able to labour together in the humanitarian work of civilisation and peace.

HIGH AND NOBLE AIMS.

He thanked President Poincare for recalling that the name of his beloved father would ever remain associated with the Entente. He endorsed President Poincare's definition of the high and noble aims which the two countries jointly pursued.

In conclusion his Majesty expressed sentiments of the most profound friendship for France.

KING'S GIFT TO FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

PARIS, April 22.

The King has presented to the French Government six bronze bas-reliefs by the French sculptor, Dujardin, which have long been in the possession of the British Royal Family and which formerly decorated the statue of Louis XIV in the Place des Victoires.

BRILLIANT ILLUMINATION.

Paris was brilliantly illuminated yesterday evening and the enthusiasm of the vast crowds was remarkable, cheers and cries of "Vive le Roi" and "Vive la Reine" being continuous. Everybody is wearing miniature Union Jacks.

The correspondents all agree that no Sovereigns have ever been so splendidly welcomed.

BRITISH DEPUTATIONS.

"HAPPY INTIMACY BETWEEN FRANCE AND BRITAIN."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, April 22.

Sunny weather again prevailed here today. King George received deputations from the British community, the British Chamber of Commerce and others.

The King said that they, who were living in Paris and enjoying the hospitality of France, could be powerful agents for the maintenance of the happy intimacy between France and Britain.

He was gratified that the Chamber had recalled his efforts to stimulate Imperial trade and congratulated it upon its success in promoting trade between France and the British Dominions.

Enormous crowds are flocking to Vincennes to attend a great military review there.

PERSIAN FRONTIER TROUBLE.

COUNT LEWENHAUPT SHOT DEAD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

TEHERAN, April 22.

Count Lewenhaupt is dead. He was shot on returning after the completion of the work assigned to him.

QUESTION IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. Acland, replying to a question from Sir John Rees, said that the Government was giving every support to Persia in its efforts to restore order on the Southern roads.

(Count Lewenhaupt and fifteen gendarmes, while searching for booty were attacked near Hamadan by the brigands.)

COTTON FIRE AT LIVERPOOL.

SHEDS OF INFLAMMABLES GUTTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 22.

A great fire this morning destroyed the sheds of the Moss line at Liverpool containing inflammables. Three hundred bales of Egyptian cotton were destroyed. The steamer Meroe alongside the quay was slightly damaged.

GOLD FOR INDIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PORT SAID, April 22.

The P. and O. s.s. Persia to-day shipped £125,250 gold for India.

NEW JUDGES OF KING'S BENCH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 22.

Mr. Justice Channel has resigned.

Mr. Montague Shearman, K.C., and Mr. John Sankey, K.C., have been appointed Judges of the King's Bench.

BRITISH INTERESTS IN YANGTSE VALLEY.

FINANCIAL ACTIVITY OF OTHER POWERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 21.

In the House of Commons Sir John Rees asked what steps were being taken to safeguard British interests in the Yangtse Valley, where, in view of the financial activity of the other Powers, only financial action could be effectual.

NO ADVANCE OF MONEY CONTEMPLATED.

Mr. Acland replied that the Government was fully alive to the necessity of safeguarding British interests and was taking all possible steps but no advance of money was contemplated for the purpose, especially as the British firms were ready to take up the projects which were offered on a reasonable security and with prospects of a fair profit.

Sir John Rees asked whether the firms were not prejudiced by the other nations assisting their nationals financially. Mr. Acland replied that it was not proposed to finanace the doubtful propositions in the Yangtse valley and elsewhere.

OBITUARY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 21.

The death is announced of Sir Edwin Durning-Lawrence, formerly M. P. for Truro.

ENGLISH RACING.

GREAT METROPOLITAN STAKES

STARTERS FOR CITY AND SUBURBAN

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 22.

The race for the Great Metropolitan Stakes resulted as follows:—

Annecy, 100 to 8	1
Vermouth, 5 to 2	2
Gravelotte, 100 to 6	3

Nineteen ran. Won by three lengths, four lengths between second and third.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The probable starters and jockeys are:—

Maiden Erlegh	Walter Giggs.
Thistleton	E. Huxley.
Romeo	Wheatley.
Bonbon Rose	F. Bullock.
Drinmore	Cheshire.
Sunyat	W. Huxley.
Tuxedo	Donoghue.
Braxted	Herbert.
Aghdoe	Piper.
Wrack	Whalley.
Seremond	Spear.
Royal Weaver	Prout.
Candytuft	Cooper.
Census	McKenna.
Rather Bolder	Young.
Halos	Wing.
Cincinnatus	P. Alden.
Peter The Hermit.	
Pictorial	J. Patman.
Sands of Time	T. Clark.

BETTING.

The betting on the City and Suburban is as follows:—

Maiden Erlegh, 100 to 14.
Sunyat, 8 to 1.
Wrack, 9 to 1.
Drinmore, 10 to 1.
Cincinnatus, Census and Royal Weaver, 20 to 1.

WELSH DISESTABLISHMENT BILL.

SECOND READING PASSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 21.

The House of Commons has passed the second reading of the Welsh Disestablishment Bill by 349 to 265 votes.

IMPERIAL NAVAL CONFERENCE.

WHITE PAPER ON POSTPONEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 22.

The White Paper which has been issued shows that it is impossible to hold the Imperial Naval Conference in 1914 as Australia, which desires of a full conference, would be unable to attend.

RAINS IN AUSTRALIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MELBOURNE, April 22.

Splendid general rains have fallen in Victoria and a bountiful season is promised.

Official and Personal.

Sir Archdale Earle, Chief Commissioner, Assam, is proceeding on six months' leave.

A son and heir was born to tse Raja of Bijawar, a minor prince in the Bundelkhand Agency, on tse 20th April.

It is officially announced that Colonel W. R. T. Gordon, the Senior Member of the Assam Commission, has been appointed to act as Chief Commissioner of Assam vice Sir Archdale Earle. Mr. Arbuthnott is the senior official but he is now on leave prior to retirement.

The ballot held on Wednesday in the rooms of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of electing a representative of the Chamber to serve on the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, in place of Mr. W. L. Graham, resigned, resulted in the election of Mr. T. W. Birkett of Messrs Killick Nixon and Co.

News has been received that Mr. Harrison, Postmaster-General, Central Circle, is suffering from typhoid at Mount Abu. He has been granted one month's leave and Mr. M. P. Byrne, will officiate as Postmaster-General in the circle.

It is understood that Mr. A. Brenton has already retired from the India Office and Sir T. R. Wynne, will take over the Government Directorship of Indian Railways on his arrival in London by the middle of May.

A Press Note published yesterday states that Government are pleased to announce that the Secretary of State has sanctioned their proposal to create a third Deputy Directorship of Agriculture. Such an appointment brings the expert staff of the Department up to the minimum required, if the varied and extensive cotton-growing tracts are to receive the attention they deserve. The Bombay Mill-owners' Association pressed the view that if the Department is to command the confidence of the trade and to enlist their help, the work must be entrusted to a European expert, and their view has been accepted. Mr. T. Gilbert, Supernumerary Agriculturist, who has been on deputation to this Presidency has accordingly been appointed to the new post.

ALLEGED ULSTER PLOT.

ANGRY SCENES IN COMMONS.

ASQUITH-LAW CHALLENGES.

HONOUR OF MINISTERS.

OPPOSITION WANT ROVING ENQUIRY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 21.

One of the stormiest scenes between the party leaders in the history of the House of Commons occurred to-day when Mr. Bonar Law renewed his request for a judicial enquiry into the allegations regarding the Ulster question. Mr. Asquith and Mr. Bonar Law were alternately at the table challenging one another amid most angry cries.

Mr. Asquith demanded that Mr. Bonar Law should make the accusations in the House itself and refused an enquiry but would give the earliest date for discussion if he would make the charge that the Government devised an organised plot with the object of provoking and promoting a rising in Ulster.

Mr. Bonar Law replied that the Premier and his colleagues had already made false statements. (Cheers and uproar.)

Mr. Asquith re-challenged the Opposition to discuss the matter in the House.

Mr. Bonar Law: "If there is nothing to be ashamed of why not an enquiry?"

Mr. Asquith: "The allegation is against the honour of the Ministers". (Cheers and counter-cheers.) "It should be made in the House of Commons." (Cries of "Marconi".)

Mr. Asquith retorted that the members wanted a roving enquiry to discover whether there was any material for the charge. (Uproar.)

Mr. Bonar Law said that he would await the publication of the revised White Paper before deciding on a course of action.

CONFERENCE AT DOWNING STREET.

LONDON, April 22.

Sir Arthur Paget had a conference with Mr. Asquith at Downing Street yesterday. Mr. Birrell, Mr. Churchill, Colonel Seely, Lord Crewe and Mr. McKenna attended.

FULL CABINET COUNCIL.

LONDON, April 22.

Field-Marshall Sir John French had a prolonged conference with Mr. Asquith today. Afterwards the full Cabinet met.

ALLEGATIONS OF FALSEHOOD AGAINST PREMIER.

MOTION TO SUBSTANTIATE OR WITHDRAW.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 22.

Six Liberal members of the House of Commons have given notice of a motion demading that Mr. Bonar Law shall substantiate or withdraw the charges of falsehood he made against Mr. Asquith.

ARMY ANNUAL BILL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 22.

The House of Commons have passed the second reading of the Army Annual Bill.

IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

PARTY POLITICS AND BRITISH CABINET CONTROL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WELLINGTON, April 22.

In a speech here, Mr. Allen, Minister of Defence, said that the time was coming when the whole matter of Imperial Defence must be threshed out, so that the Dominions could rely on the agreements entered into.

Imperialism should be above party politics, and something more than the British Cabinet should have control.

Mr. Massey, the Prime Minister, made a speech at Auckland on similar lines.

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR'S INDISPOSITION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

VIENNA, April 22.

It is hoped that the Emperor will soon recover completely. His Majesty transacted business as usual yesterday.

DELHI CONSPIRACY CASE.

WHERE WERE "LIBERTY" LEAFLETS PRINTED?

PARDON FOR NEW APPROVER.

At the resumed hearing of the Delhi Conspiracy Case, the evidence given went to corrobrate the approver Dina Nath's statement as to the purchase of envelopes for the "Liberty" leaflets. Other evidence was to the effect that Rash Behari made his assistant do most of the office work while he wrote many letters. Evidence was also given of the association of Rash Behari, Raghba Sharma and Hari Das (alias Basanta Kumar Biswas). Mr. Norton, Bengal Government Printing Superintendent, gave technical reasons to prove that the two issues of the "Liberty" leaflet were printed at the Lokanath Press, Calcutta. The reasons recorded by the Court for the pardon of Sultan Chand were, his youth, the likelihood of his being only a tool, if guilty, and because he was able to give evidence which cannot be obtained from other sources.

(From our Correspondent.)

DELHI, April 22.

The reasons recorded by the Magistrate for granting a pardon to Sultan Chand are (1) his youth, he is only 17 and looks immature even for that age: (2) the likelihood that, if guilty, he has only been a tool in the hands of others of the accused or has acted largely under their influence, (3) he is in the position of being able to give evidence that may be important for the case and not obtainable from any other sources.

The preliminary examination in the Delhi Conspiracy Case was resumed to-day.

B.D. Khanna, hotel proprietor, Lahore produced a letter of enquiry regarding tariff which he received from Charan Das Gurdaspur, and identified his reply.

Jagath Singh deposed that he identified Dina Nath at the Lahore Kotwali as the man to whom he sold 100 envelopes. He also sold other things.

Bal Ram Upadheya, officiating Head Clerk in the Sylviculture Office, Dehra Dun, said:—I know Rash Behari Bose who was first assistant and then head clerk in the office. He taught me my work and after that I did the major part of the office work. I have seen him writing letters in the office, but I never saw the addresses to which the letters went, nor did I post any of his letters. He lived at first at Karanpore, outside Dehra Dun, and later went to Dandypore. I went to see him there once on official business when he was ill. I saw Pandit there on the occasion whom I now identify as Ragoba Sharma. In 1912 Rash Behari lived in a house in Ghai Mahalla.

RECEIPT OF "LIBERTY" LEAFLETS.

I went to see him two or three times on office business. When he was unwell I saw a young Bengali living with him whom Bose called Haridas. Basanta Kumar Biswas, accused, is the same man I saw him three or four times. He applied for work in our office, but the Sylviculturist refused to take him. I saw Haridas in Rash Behari's office room which was separate. I never spoke to him, nor did I have any private conversation with Rash Behari. I received some "Liberty" leaflets once in 1913, and a second time at the end of January 1914. The first was wrapped in a ruled foolscap paper with the address typewritten and addressed to my village. There were three copies in the cover. I read a few lines and then burned them. I did not like receiving them as they were bad. The last "Liberty" leaflets which I received came in an envelope. I received them in office though they were addressed to my village. The address was typed. There were two copies. I don't remember where the first lot came from. One day I saw Rash Behari in the verandah of the reading room at Dehra Dun. He called me in to see the place, and I found the Pundit there. This was two or three years ago. I was only in the room for three or four minutes. I don't know Charan Das. In November, 1912, I was officiating for Babu Bose when I received a letter from Charan Das asking for Bose's address to which I sent him reply.

Ram Kissen Student and Secretary of the Iswar Chandra Tract Society, produced his records books which shewed that in January no notices or advertisements were printed during 1914. The amount shown in the book Rs. 6-3-6 was for postage.

PRINTING EXPERTS' EVIDENCE

Mr. A. J. Norton, Superintendent of Government Printing, Bengal, examined by Mr. Ross Alston deposed that on 5th December last, he went to the Lokenath Press, Calcutta. Mr. Howman, Mr. Denham and Mr. Petrie of the police, were there. The press was locked and sealed when witness arrived. Witness took two copies of the "Liberty" leaflet with him to the press. The matter was the same on both. Mr. Denham, C.I.D. had handed these to witness whose object in going to the press was to find out if the leaflets had been printed there. In the first room witness entered, was a hand press and in the next room were some cases of type and composing frames. Witness first looked at the hand press in the second room. Witness examined the type to see if he could find a similar type to that used for printing the leaflets. Witness found similar type to that used in the heading in the word "liberty." That type was set up in another piece of work apparently ready for printing. Witness did not find in the case in the press room any type similar to that in which the word "liberty" was printed. The leaflets which witness took to the press, commenced with a poem. Witness found in the cases in the press-room types similar to that used in the body of the leaflet. Witness described the type as modern Roman. In the leaflets old style Roman also appeared occasionally (wrong founts).

THE WRONG FOUNTS.

Witness pointed out a few of these. The "G" in line 8 of the poetry in the word "guns" was one. Other old style letters "G" were also pointed out. Then witness pointed out various words in the pamphlets where the modern Roman "G" is used. Then as regards the capital "G" the one in Government is modern Roman, the one in God, is old style. Other instances were cited by witness of wrong fount letters being used in the leaflet. There was only one old style capital "G" in the press. When witness found that the only type like the heading word "liberty" in the leaflet was set up in a job in hand in the press he asked an employee of the press where the case of this type was. The man said he did not know. Witness found in the press printed books containing old styles "G". The books appeared to have been recently printed. These books witness found in the office room. Witness went into the house of the press proprietor adjoining the press. This was at Mr. Denams suggestive. A rack with a number of cases containing type was there. This type was similar to that used in the word "liberty" of the leaflet, also to that used in the set up job witness saw in the first room in the press. This was the type witness had enquired for in the press room. Witness said he found some inky letters and which witness set up and found they formed the word "liberty". The only letters with fresh ink on them were those which formed the word witness set up. Witness found only one each of the letters forming the word "liberty" except "L" and "Y" of which there were two of each in witness's opinion there were two settings of the word "liberty" at the heading of the two leaflets. In the white leaflet the letters are all perfect. In the pink leaflet the top left hand corner of the "L" is slightly damaged. The "T" has a diagonal mark across it. These defects are not seen in the white leaflets. Then the top right hand serif in the "Y" of the pink leaflet is slightly damaged. In the white one this is not so. In the proprietor's private room witness found a perfect and imperfect. "L" and "Y". Witness also found a "T" which might also have produced the damaged effect noted above. This type was imperfect. When the white leaflet was printed the "T" must have been perfect. Witness concluded that when the pink leaflet was printed the letter had been previously damaged and hence the pink leaflets showed a broken "T" in "liberty." In the word "awake" in the white pamphlet, the "W" was perfect. In the pink one it was imperfect. There was nothing in the type to suggest to witness that the body of the leaflet had been reset.

DELHI, April 22.

Witness visited the press again on December 20th and found the damaged T." In witness's opinion both the white and pink "liberty" leaflets were printed at the Lokenath Press. Even if witness's surmise about the letter "T" were incorrect, it would not alter his opinion that these leaflets were printed in the Press. Witness gave further instances of coincidences of defects found both in the leaflets and also in the type found in the press.

Questioned by the Court witness said:—The inky condition would lose its freshness in about a month; the ink would dry up, but not disappear. Before inky type can be used again it must be properly washed. There was no cross-examination.

A LECTURER ON RELIGION.

Mool Chand, proprietor of a private bank, Dehra Dun, said he was Secretary of the D. A.-V. High School, Dehra Dun, from October, 1910, to October, 1912. He knew Raghbar Dayal who was his cashier. Raghoba Sharma, accused, was identified as the same man. He also used to lecture on religion. Rash Behari, witness, Khusi Ram and Basanta Kumar, were all members of a reading room. Khusi owned a local paper there and this and other papers were in the reading room. Witness twice saw Raghoba Sarma in the room. Witness had lent and given some books to the library. Behari Banerjee, second clerk, A. C. R. E. Office, Dehra Dun, said he knew Rash Behari Bose, accused, whose office was close to witness's house. Witness identified Basanta Kumar and Raghoba Sharma whom he had often seen at Rash Behari's house. He knew Basanta Kumar Biswas as Hari Dass. Rash Behari had told witness that was his name. Witness went to the Kotwali at Dehra Dun, to identify Basanta Kumar Biswas. Witness asked him where he had been arrested and he said in Calcutta, and that his name was Basanta Kumar Biswas. Witness told him it was Hardas, and then said Rash Behari called him anything but his real name was Basanta Kumar Biswas.

Dr. Nikal Chand said he prescribed for a little child in November. Late the same evening he heard that the child was unconcious and concluded that the prescription had been wrongly dispensed. Witness examined the register at the Popular Dispensary and found that the compounding was wrong. The compounder was a Bengali.

FIGHT BETWEEN SOLDIERS AND STUDENTS.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, April 22.

The Government Railway Police at Sealdah are enquiring into a fracas between a party of Bengali students, who had come down to Calcutta to appear at the recent University examinations, and a couple of soldiers at the Sealdah station on Sunday night.

It appears that one of the students mistook one of the soldiers for a railway officer and requested him to have the price of a superfluous ticket to Barisal refunded. It is stated that one of the soldiers took away a watch from a student and passed it to a Sergeant on duty. From words the parties came to blows when the police interfered and separated them. The students were allowed to proceed by the Khulna Mail.

BOMBAY LADIES GYMKHANA.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana and Gymnasium was held on Wednesday, Mrs. W. S. Millard presiding.

Mrs. F. Sorabji Talyarkhan read the Report, from which the following are extracts: The Report shows a continuance of the steady and satisfactory progress made by the Gymkhana from the very commencement. The attendance of the Ladies' days has considerably increased. Children's days are also becoming very popular. The financial position of the Gymkhana can be judged at a glance from the statement of the Hony. Treasurer which is duly audited. The receipts during the year under review amounted to Rs. 14,800 including outstandings amounting to Rs. 2,000 against which the expenditure totalled Rs. 13,15s-13-0 (including Rs. 1,594-9-9 charged for depreciation of the various assets). The excess of income over expenditure of the year amounts to Rs. 2,594-7-11 which goes to bring up the capital fund to Rs. 82,152-15-11 including Government Paper of the face value of Rs. 29,900, out of which Paper of the face value of Rs. 4,900 was purchased during the year under review. 31 new Members were elected during the year against which 32 resigned and 1 died. The total number of members on this date is 469. The Committee recorded with regret the death of the Vice-President, Mrs. Ananumbai Noormanomed, who was one of the founders of the Gymkhana and had given Rs. 29,000 for the erection of the Pavilion which bears her name. A special General Meeting of the members was called on 26th November 1913 to record their sense of deep regret at her death. At the meeting it was resolved upon the proposition of Lady Mehta to get up a memorial fund and to place her portrait in the Gymkhana premises. At the request of a majority of members a subscription fund was opened for an oil painting of Lady Jehangir to be placed in the Pavilion. The painting has been done by Mr. Oliver, R.A., of London and the portrait is on its way to Bombay. Several very enjoyable and successful musical entertainments were held during the year. The Committee takes this opportunity to tender thanks on behalf of the Gymkhana to the Musical Secretary, Dilshad Begum and also to Mrs. Millard for very kindly helping her. A very successful concert was given in aid of the Turkish Relief Fund and the proceeds realised were handed over to Lady Ali Shah for the purpose. Several tournaments took place during the year. Mrs. D. N. Bahadurji very kindly presented cups for Ladies Double Badminton. The following were the recipients of the different cups:—Miss Ali and Mrs. E. Meyers won Mrs. Bahadurji's cups for Ladies Double Badminton. Misses Meyers won the 1st prize for another Ladies Badminton and Miss Ali and Miss G. Dadysett the 2nd pirze. Miss M. Dadysett and Mr. C. J. Wadia won the 1st prize for mixed Badminton and Miss Laki Wadia and Mr. Kanga the 2nd prize. Miss Meyers and Dr. Sabwalla carried the 1st prize for mixed Croquet and Mrs. Kanga and Mr. P. H. Pudumjee the 2nd prize. Mrs. Cowasji Jehangir and Mr. F. Desai won the 1st prize for Mixed Bridge and Mrs. A. F. Davar and Mr. E. S. Powala the 2nd prize. Mrs F. H. Vakil and Mr. A. F. Davar carried the prizes for a Progressive Bridge Tournament. Miss Clark's Prize Cup was this year given for Progressive (Ladies) Bridge which was won by Mrs. Cowasji Jehangir. Miss Dhun Desai and Miss Freany G. Pudmji won the 1st prize in Ladies Croquet. The Committee tender their thanks to Mr. P. M. Kanga for his services as Hony. Solicitor during the year and to Miss Dhun Desai for looking after the Catering Establishment and to Miss Meyers for having acted as the Sports Secretary.

On the motion of Miss M. Cursetji, seconded by Mrs. Morris, the Report was adopted and passed.

Mrs. Chatterji proposed and Miss M. Dadysett seconded that the audited accounts be passed and accepted.

The motion was carried.

On the motion of Mrs. Mohshin Tyebji, seconded by Miss Jinnah, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the retiring Committee.

Miss Dadachanji proposed and Mrs. N. Furdunji seconded a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. P. M. Kanga for having acted as Honorary Solicitor during the year.

The motion was passed.

On the motion of Mrs. Shams Tyebji, seconded by Miss Godrej Padomji, Messrs. Batliboi and Batliboi were appointed auditors for the current year on a remuneration of Rs. 100.

Mrs. Bowen moved and Mrs. Ali Tybji seconded that Mrs. Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy be appointed a Trustee in place of the late Mrs. Khanumbai Noor Mahomed.

The proposition was carried.

Mrs. Burn, Miss Desai, Miss F. Pudumji and Mrs. Shafi Tyebji were appointed scrutinizers to examine the voting papers sent in for the election of the new Executive Committee. The result of the scrutiny showed that 199 members had voted for the re-election of the same Committee, while 11 had voted in favour of a new Committee.

A hearty vote of thanks to Mrs. Millard terminated the proceedings.

THE COTTON FIRES.

REPRESENTATIVES ON THE COMMITTEE OF INQUIRY.

At the time of writing there has been no fire on the cotton green at Colaba for four days, and the lull is the more noticeable because prior to Saturday, when the last small outbreak occurred, seldom a day this month had gone by without one, two and sometimes three or four conflagrations necessitating the calling out of the Fire Brigade and the Salvage Corps.

Meanwhile the various bodies concerned are nominating their representatives on the Committee appointed by the Government to inquire into the causes of the fires.

It is stated that Mr. Melville Leslie of Messrs Greaves Cotton and Co., President of the Fire Insurance Association, will represent that Association, and that Mr. Purshotam Thakoredas (Chairman of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau, has been chosen to represent that Chamber.

As has already been notified in our columns, the Corporation of Bombay will be represented by Mr Wacha.

SALARES OF CIVILIANS.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, April 22.

In connection with the question of the pay of the civilians in the Punjab, the United Provinces and the Central Provinces, it has been decided to raise the minimum salaries of officers of from nine to twelve years' standing in these three provinces.

SPORTING NEWS.

AGA KHAN TOURNAMENT.

(Continued from page 5).

then a short period of tennis returns between Duncann and Rudd, till Lt. Stevens stopped one of them and sent a long drive across the field which baffled the sticks of White, Bartlett and Zebedee and found the touch line. Securing from the throws-in the Dorsets forced a corner, which was neutralised by "kicks." Play being transferred to the Dorset territory, Rudd was again pulled up for obstructing Spiers in the ring, but Cazelet neuteralised by "sticks." The teams changed sides with a blank score sheet.

2nd Dorset (Poona) ..... Nil.
Jhansi Railway Institute ..... Nil.

The second moiety opened in dramatic fashion. Spiers secured from the "bully" and dodging Drew, gave Saunders, who returned immediately and Spiers tricked the backs, but in doing so dribbled rather hard. Hoils ran out to met the ball, and both he and Spiers reached the leather at the identical moment, when Hoils slipped and sat on the ball, which had evaded Spiers's stick, but jumping up found relief, but only temporarily, Saunders, Spiers and Longmann returning to the attack with pretty combination, but secured no fruitful opening. Raynor got away well at the other end but his pass was nicely intercepted by Esai. The military team forced a corner, which proved abortive, and then commenced an onslaught in which the front line of the Dorsets were responsible for excellent stick work, but were able to secure few openings. White got away with a tricky run and was almost in the circle when Cazelet robbed him, and Jhansi responded with a raid which Low finished with a shot at an impossible angle, and a moment later Saunders and Spiers combined excellently, but secured no more than a corner. Play being transferred to the other extremity a "free" was awarded the Dorsets just outside the circle. Lt Stevens first attempt was recalled as the players were not keeping the five-yards distance, and were ordered to do so, when Lt. Stevens sent to Zebedee, who redirected for the net, the ball entering the coveted area without anyone,—goalkeeper included, who might have saved it easily, making any attempt to play the ball.

2nd Dorsets (Poona) ..... One.
Jhansi Railway Institute ..... Nil.

There was yet thirteen minutes to go, and Jhansi pressed strenuously from the start and the ball passed from Low to Saunders to Spiers, who took it on the run, but missed the net by inches. The attack was beaten back and Bartlett combining with White ran through, but the former stayed on to it, till it was almost on the goal line and then attempted to run it through the goal-keeper, but only succeeded in knocking the young custodian over and hurting him. The referee ruled a "free," from which Gellard got away and gave Longman in the ring, but the latter was "fouled" in the ring. The short corner awarded proved abortive, and the Dorsets attacking, White ran past the Jhansi defence, but was stayed against Timnis' pads. Esai in attempting to drive the ball further out of danger, hit Tatum over the eye with his stick, making an ugly gash. Just before the call of time a raid by Jhansi saw a severe struggle in the Dorset goal month, but Ducann laid the last hopes of their supporters to rest by shooting high in the air over the heads of the crowd behind the goal.

FINAL SCORE.

2nd Dorsets (Poona) ..... One.
Jhansi Railway Institute ..... Nil.

The following were the teams:—

2nd Dorsets (Poona):—Hoils, goal; Rudd, Stone, backs; Lt. Stevens, Drew, Parsons, halves; Zebedee, Bartlett, White, Tatum, Reynor, forwards.

Jhansi Railway Institute:—Timnis, goal; Esai, Woods, backs; Shannahan, Ducann, Cazelet, halves; Low, Saunders, Longman, Spiers, Gellard, forwards.

Referees:—Messrs. Ward and Simpson.

FIRST ROUND.

(1) Parsi Cyclists beat Parsi Pioneers, 9-0, 2-0.

(2) Parsi Hockey Association beat Albion United, 3-2.

(3) Grand Medicals beat Eastern Telegraph, 2-0.

(4) Cyclists, B. V. R. beat Young Cricketers' H. C., 1-0.

(5) Lusitanians beat Young Parsis, 9-0.

(6) Sherwood Foresters beat Pioneers, 4-0.

(7) R. G. A. (Bombay) beat Byculla H. C., 2-0.

(8) Y. M. C. A. beat Institute Luso-Indiano, 3-0.

(9) Customs A. C. beat G. I. P. R. "B" 5-0.

(10) G. I. P. R. "A" beat Crusaders 12-1

(11) Jhansi Institute beat Bombay Gymkhana, 1-0.

SECOND ROUND.

(1) Grant Medical College beat Parsi Cyclists, 6-0.

(2) R. G. A. (Bombay) beat Parsi Hockey Association, 4-0.

(3) Lusitanians beat Y. M. C. A., 5-0.

(4) Customs beat G. I. P. R. (A), 3-0.

(5) Sherwood Foresters beat Cyclists, B. V. R., 3-1.

(6) 2nd Dorsets (Poona) beat Jhansi Ry. Institute, 0-0, 1-0.

(7) R. F. A. (Kirkee) beat Bina Railway Institute.

(8) Bhusawal Ry. Gym. beat Igatpuri Ry. Gym., 1-0.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

Grant Medical College play R. F. A. (Kirkee).

THIRD ROUND TIES.

Thursday 23rd, Grant Medical College play R. F. A. (Kirkee).

Friday 24th, Lusitanian Sporting Club play R. G. A. (Bombay).

Saturday 25th, Customs A. C., play Sherwood Foresters.

Monday 26th, 2nd Dorsets (Poona) play Bhusawal Railway Gymkhana.

ELTON HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

Three more games were played off last evening in the above tournament. The Cup Holders (Byculla Educational High School) played the Panchgani High School on the Cooperage ground and ran out winners by 3 goals to 1. The Panchgani boys played a very good game but were much too light in weight to stand against the heavy Byculla boys. Messrs. E. Judah and Burnside officiated.

On the Bombay Gymkhana ground St. Xavier's defeated the Britania Hockey Club by 2 goals to 1, after a hard and fast game. Messrs. Hawkins and O. Brown acted as Referees.

On the Marine Lines the replay between the Boy's Gymkhana and the Cathedral High School ended in a win for the Boy's Gymkhana by 1 goal to nil. The Boy's Gymkhana did most of the attacking and the low score was due entirely to the very poor shooting in front of goal. The refereeing was in the hands of Messrs. L. H. Rose and D. Munro.

To-night on the Gymkhana ground the Parel Association are to play St. Mary's High School in the second round of the Cup, and on Friday the B. E. S. High school will meet the Boy's Gymkhana on the Cooperage.

LAWN TENNIS.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA TOURNAMENT.

Three Doubles and a Single were played yesterday, one of the former being close. This was when Wilkinson and Fox gave Milne and Stoneham a small start and wore them down. The first was either's, the latter going ahead after losing the opener, but then the former took three in succession. Milne and Stoneham answered with two, but after getting up to 5-all lost the set. In the next they could make nothing like as good a fight.

Croft and Sephton had a soft time of it practically on even terms with Muller and Brandenburg, the former lost only one game in two sets.

Orr and McCormick also had a comfortable task level with Hawkins and Sherwood, they played much steadier and had the game in their favour all the way.

Results:—

Doubles:—

Wilkinson and Fox, plus 3 6, beat Milne and Stoneham, plus 15; 6-5, 6-2.

Croft and Sephton, plus 3 6, beat Muller and Brandenburg, plus 4 6; 6—0, 6—1.

Orr and McCormick, plus 4 6, beat Hawkins and Sherwood, plus 4 6; 6-2, 6-2.

In "A" Class of the Singles, a good deal was given away by Skipwith to Bartlett, out in the last two sets it was quite a toss-up and took a very long time to settle. Skipwith is the more forceful player and by good placing gave Bartlett a deal of running about to do. The latter, however, got his shots up well with occasional drives and lobs. It looked as though he was done to a turn, but lasting out well he won a great struggle. He took the first easily, but each took the lead in turn in the second, Skipwith going out from 5-all. In the decider, Skipwith looked a winner when going away to 4—1, but Bartlett drew level. He was behind at 5—4, but with the next three won the set and match.

Result:—

"A" Class, Singles.

Bartlett, plus 4 6, beat Skipwith, minus 15; 6—1, 5—6, 7—5.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

A MEMBER CHALLENGES THE CHAIRMAN'S RULING.

The following letter addressed to the Secretary of the Bombay Municipal Corporation by Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia appeared on the agenda of the meeting of the Standing Committee for the weekly meeting yesterday:—

I request you to lay this letter before the next meeting of the Standing Committee. It is with regret I have to invite attention of the Standing Committee to the wrongful conduct of the Chairman at the last meeting of the Committee and his utter disregard toward the inherent rights of individual members, which, if continued, would lead to undesirable result, which should be so far as possible avoided. The action of the Chairman to ask and allow a member to move a proposition during the speech of another member and to stop the latter from proceeding was not only objectionable but subversive of all principles of ordinary rules of debate and his consequent ruling thereon was to say the least wrong and illegal. For the dignity and decorum of the meeting I hope the Standing Committee will not allow and the Chairman who is expected to know well at least the ordinary rules of debate and procedure will not do such a repetition of their breach and deprive individual members of their vested rights.

When this item was reached, the Chairman said that following past precedents that a Chairman's ruling cannot be discussed, he ruled this letter out of order.

THE SIMLA SEASON.

(From our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 22.

Arrangements at Annandale for the season are well in hand. Major-General Birdwood is the President of the General Committee and the Executive Committee will consist of Captain J. Mackenzie, Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwell, Brigadier-General Mercer, Captain E. S. Gillett, and Major H. B. St. John, Honorary Secretary. The Section Secretaries are:—Polo Capt. J. H. V. Cameron; Gymkhanas, Captain Mackenzie; Horse Show, Captain R. L. Benson; and Races, Mr. E. Deane.

The following are the fixtures to date:—Polo Tournament.—May 29th, June 1st, 3rd and 5th.

Summer races.—May 30th, June 4th and 6th.

Gymkhanas.—Wednesday afternoon except during polo and race weeks.

Simla Rifle and Revolver Club.—Tuesday and Friday afternoons.

Empire Day Volunteer Sports.—Date not settled.

Horse Show.—June 2nd.

Public days.—Dates not settled.

The Annandale Ball.—Date not settled.

BOARD OF SCIENTIFIC ADVICE.

(From our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 22.

The Board of Scientific Advice will meet at Simla, on the 13th May, when the Imperial and Provincial programme of the Scientific Departments for the current year will be settled. The Hon. Mr. Ker-shaw will preside.

PLAGUE RATS.

SEVERAL FOUND IN BUSINESS QUARTER.

DEATH OF TWO HAMALS.

During the past few days several dead rats, which, on examination at the Parel Laboratory were found to be plague-infected, have been found in offices and other premises in the Fort and business quarter of the City, and in consequence of what has occurred at one business house in the very heart of the city quite a scare has arisen.

The house in question is that of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, at whose godowns at the rear of the offices in Hornby Road on Monday several dead rats were found. These were sent at once to the Parel Laboratory, and were subsequently declared to be plague-infected.

In the meantime, however, serious developments had taken place. Two hamals employed by the firm were taken ill, and were removed to the Arthur Hospital where both died within a few hours.

On Tuesday, a number of men employed by the firm, including both clerks and sepoys, were induced to submit themselves to inoculation, the inducement in many cases taking the form of a gift of money. The premises have been thoroughly disinfected, and no other case of plague amongst the employees had been reported up to last night.

In another business office in Elphinstone Circle on Monday, a dead rat which was afterwards found to be infected was discovered, but in this case, so far as can be ascertained, none of the employees took the infection.

In the return for Tuesday, it was shown that on that day 1940 rats were caught by the municipal rat-catchers, of which 151 were infected. Of these a total of 144, of which 10 were infected were caught in A. ward, which includes Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, the Fort, North and South, and the Esplanade.

RAJABAZAR BOMB CASE.

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, April 22.

In the Rajabazar Bombay case, Atindra Nath Biswas, an employee of the Eastern Bengal Railway and staying in the Rajabazar Hotel, said he saw Kalipado Ghose in Sasenko's room. He had seen letters addressed to K. P. Pal in the common letter box of the hotel.

Cross-examined, witness said Jogendra Dutt was on friendly terms with Sanko.

Did you ever hear Shoshunka discuss political matters or cases?—No. He used to talk over religious subjects.

Did Jogendra tell you why he left the house?—Jogendra said he did not get the respect due to old age. He gave no other reason.

Did Jogendra ever tell you that Shoshunka used to discuss political matters with him?—No.

Did you have a talk with Shoshunka regarding the letter?—Shoshunka told me Jogan Babu is an old man and he is unnecessarily accusing me of having his letter.

Did not Shoshunka tell you that he had been put to loss by the quarrel with Jogendra?—I do not remember.

Did not Shoshunka tell you that the loss was in connection with an acetyline generator, the idea of which was known to Jogendra and Shoshunka?—No.

Debendranath Bhattacharya, a clerk in the Ripon College, deposed to the accused Dinesh Chunder Das Gupta being a student of the Ripon College. The witness said Dinesh Chunder took his admission in the first year class on the 19th September last. It appeared from the transfer certificate that previous to joining the Ripon College Dinesh was a student of the Krishnagar College.

The witness was speaking from the attendance register when Mr. Sen objected on the ground that the register proved nothing.

Mr. Pugh said he wanted to show the days on which the accused might have been absent from Calcutta.

The witness was allowed to depose from the register.

Cross-examined by Mr. Sen, witness said it would be very difficult for a student coming late to find seats in licensed hotels. The University would not allow a student to live in unlicensed messes. It was incumbent on the College authorities to have the permanent address of a student. Before joining the Ripon College Dinesh tried to be admitted into the Bangabasi College.

The Court rose for Lunch.

FARIDKOT COUNCIL OF REGENCY.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, April 22.

Sirdar Dayal Singh, President, Faridkot Council of Regency, applied for three months' privilege leave preparatory to his retirement.

It is stated that Rai Bahadur Ganga Sahai, of the Punjab Provincial Service, at present Dewan of the Datia State, will succeed him. The Council of Regency will, it is understood, be probably abolished on the arrival of Sirdar Dayal Singh's successor.

LUCKNOW DROWNING TRAGEDY.

MEMORIAL TABLETS OF VICTIMS.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, April 22.

With the object of commemorating the heroism of the members of the Boy Scouts in the Gomtee tragedy, the local committee of the Boy Scouts' Association decided to erect tablets to the memory of Messrs. Owen, McReddie and Williamson, in the new Charbagh Church and Christ Church. A benefit fund has also been opened for the relatives.

POONA POISONING SCARE.

A CORRECTED VERSION.

SYMPTOMS OF CHOLERA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
POONA, April 22.

Regarding yesterday's report from Poona about the sickness of four soldiers, it is stated that Privates Spinney, Whittington, Frampton and another man of the Dorset Regiment, took a week's leave and went out to Dhond where they put up at the travellers' bungalow. They had been there some days when on Saturday afternoon last Spinney showed symptoms of cholera. He had been out alone that morning and it is thought, ate some mellons. One of his companions took him to the railway dispensary where he was given medicine, but as he showed no signs of improvement he was brought into Poona and taken with Whittington who also gave signs of same illness to the Station Hospital. Spinney died early on Sunday morning, but Whittington is better. The other two men have nothing the matter with them.

COUNTRY SPIRIT SHOPS.

CURTAILMENT OF THE HOURS OF SALE.

The following Press Note was issued yesterday:—Government recently addressed the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari on the feasibility of curtailing further the hours of sale for country spirit shops. The Commissioner consulted all the Collectors in the Presidency proper, and the Collectors in their turn consulted their local advisory committees. After careful consideration of all the opinions collected, Government have come to the following conclusions.

In the Presidency proper the standard hours, during which country spirit shops may be opened for the sale of spirit, have hitherto ordinarily been from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. In Bombay City they are from 9-30 a.m. to 9-30 p.m. The circumstances in Bombay City are peculiar. It is necessary to adopt a uniform closing hour for all shops in this area, and generally speaking, the advisory committees did not consider any further curtailment advisable at present. The existing hours have therefore been maintained, subject to a special closing hour of 2 p.m. on the second day of the *Holi Festival*.

In considering any change in the standard hours outside Bombay City, Government consider it necessary to have regard to the extent of the local demand for spirit and to the facilities for obtaining illicit spirit if reasonable provision is not made for satisfying that demand in a lawful manner. While there should not be in any case an extension of the hours, the possibility of effecting a contraction should always receive consideration when both the demand and the facilities for illicit consumption are comparatively small. A similar course may be followed where the demand is considerable, but the danger of encouraging illicit practices is not material. But where the demand and the facilities for illicitly satisfying that demand are alike considerable or large, it is plain that any marked restriction on the hours of licit consumption cannot be expected to result in a decrease of real consumption; it must tend only to a transfer of consumption from licit to illicit.

After a survey of different areas on these principles, Government have decided that it is possible to shorten the hours of sale throughout the Dharwar, Belgaum, Bijapur, Sholapur, Satara, Poona and Ahmednagar Districts. Throughout these districts the opening hour will henceforward be 9-30 a.m. As regards the closing hour, the present hour of 8 p.m. is to be maintained in Sholapur City and in Nagar City and Cantonment, and extended to all other towns and cities in these districts which have populations of over 10,000. In the rural areas the closing hour is to be 8-30 p.m.

In the Nasik and the East and West Khandesh Districts, the normal demand is large and facilities for illicit distillation considerable. Government have therefore decided to fix the opening hour at 9-30 a.m. The closing hour in rural tracts will remain as at present 9 p.m.; in Nasik City the present closing hour of 8-30 p.m. is to be retained, and the same hour is also to be adopted in all towns and cities with a population exceeding 10,000.

For the rest of the Presidency proper, Government do not deem it practicable, in view of the principles stated above, to make any change in the existing hours, with the exception of fixing 8-30 p.m. as the closing hour in all towns and cities with a population exceeding 10,000 which have not already an earlier closing hour.

The conditions in Sind differ considerably from those in the Presidency proper. The geographical situation of the province makes standard time appear much later than it really is; 9 p.m. is practically the same as 8 p.m. in most parts of the Presidency. Moreover, the heat of Sind induces people to feed and end the day later. The present closing hours in Sind are 10 p.m. in winter and 11 p.m. in summer. Government agree with the Commissioner that no more can be done than to make the hour of 10 p.m., general for the whole year for both the country as well as foreign liquor shops. The shops have hitherto been permitted to be opened at sunrise. In future 9 a.m., is to be the opening hour.

It may be noted that these alterations in many cases go as far as, if not further than, the recommendations of the advisory committees, and Government trust that, in the few cases in which they fall short of those recommendations, it will be realised that this is due to special causes.

The new lighthouse on Cape Monze will be under trial on the night of May 13th and the light will be permanently exhibited from the 1st June next.

THE SMALL BUNGALOW

LECTURE BY MR. F. G. B. HAWKINS.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Housing Association Mr. F. G. B. Hawkins, architect to the Bombay Improvement Trust, delivered on Tuesday evening with the aid of lantern slides an interesting lecture on "The small bungalow, its architecture and surroundings." There was a fairly large gathering and the Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr presided.

In the course of his lecture, Mr. Hawkins said that he had selected the title partly because considerable interest had been aroused among architects and others in regard to the formation of the proposed Co-operative Housing Association, and partly because of the urgent need for some sort of accommodation between the ordinary chawl and the Bombay flat. Again, this was a subject in which he was greatly interested, having had some experience when he was at work in the Hampstead Garden Suburb in London. In his student days, and it was his keen desire to see that the present iniquitous system of housing the poorer and middle classes was bettered, and the ways of the jerry-builder and the speculative landlord were frustrated. He gave a graphic sketch of the chawl dwellings in Bombay, and proceeded to remark that an Indian was a particularly conservative idividual, and although the ravages of plague had brought the idea of having a bungalow in the country more to the fore in the past few years, yet he was not likely to stray a great many miles away from home. However, there was not the least reason for his going very far from his home, as the Improvement Trust had within the last few years matured designs for the lay-out of 500 acres in the north of the island, only ten miles from the Fort, designed on the most approved town-planning lines, with something like twenty lakhs of square yards of building area suitable for small bungalows, where they could go.

In the selection of the site they must take one or two essentials into consideration including accessibility and the right of way. They should also consider whether there was a regular development with building lines laid down, and whether the district would be restricted to buildings of the domestic class; otherwise they might find that, although they had left a certain amount of open space in their own plots for light and air, the neighbours had built up to the boundary, or, perhaps, had constructed some factory or other unsuitable building which would greatly depreciate their own property.

THE MAIN FACTOR.

The main factor which constituted the ideal of a small home was a good plan to start with. Apart from any architectural consideration, the plan must provide for an entrance conveniently placed for the approach from the road; living rooms should have a breezy outlook, and should be well-protected from the elements. There should also be a compact and a simple scheme of drainage. What were the main points to strive after in the plan?—Surely not to sub-divide into as many minute compartments as possible and then to fill each of these compartments with as much useless furniture as it would hold. No; there should be some expression in the plan of the fact that the average family required mainly at least one good-sized living apartment, with plenty of floor space and elbow room, where they might meet and entertain their friends.

They must remember that the plan was the essence of the design. The general mass, the individual elevations and the interior effect, all depended primarily on the plan; it was the basis of all architectural expression and beauty. It was not sufficient that the house be well-built, that communication between the rooms should be simple, and that the plan must also be architectural. Novelty soon ceased to attract, quaintness soon palled, but whether the mind was artistically-inclined or not, architectural dignity and careful detail both grew on one year by year. In other words, proportion, not ornament, should be the basis of architectural design. As they had it in the Essays of Francis, Lord Verulam, "houses were built to live in, and not to look on, therefore, let use be preferred before uniformity, except when both may be had."

Mr. Hawkins then gave the details for attaining these objects and showed on the screen small bungalows which could be built for from Rs. 3,000 to Rs. 5,000 very near each other with an open space for all of them.

INTERIOR ARRANGEMENTS.

Mr. Hawkins then described, how the interior arrangements of a bungalow, and said they must rely on proportion, and, with the aid of small details such as picture rails, skirtings and cornices, quite a pleasing effect could be produced. Here in India, it was needless to remark on the lack of internal finish, because the standard had never been set. It was rather wonderful to think that they were still content to put up with hideous warehouses, with arched ceilings and clipped china floors, with no rail on which to hang any pictures, but with a sufficient quantity of old nails driven into the wall and left by the former tenant. Colour should also play an important part in the internal decoration, and a different colour should be used for rooms for a different purpose. The first impression on entering a room should be unaffected usefulness and comfort.

Care and refinement should be next, and furniture should be designed to fit the room. Homeliness should be the basis of all the ideas and must be natural to those that lived in the houses. Art for art's sake was not a very high ideal, for art, like poetry and music, was only the means to an end, the end being the ennobling of everyday life. They must forget to think themselves artistic and only endeavour to attain natural refinement in all they did.

As to the electric wiring of some of the bungalows, he desired to say a word or two. It was almost sufficient to give one a severe nightmare to see the way in which the casing was allowed to wander about the ceiling, when all this unsightly casing could be disguised if the installation were carefully thought out. How many of the bungalows one saw were copied out of from building plates and planked down without any thought of climate conditions. This, he was told, was the architecture that was in demand. He asked Indians not to demand a new style. They should be reverent as a people, and should be proud of the heritage which their forefathers had left them. What better type of home could they have than the old bungalows in the old portions of the island at Byculla and Parel?

A vote of thanks was accorded to the lecturer and the chairman.

PROPOSED NEW THEATRE FOR BOMBAY.

MR. EDWARD PLATT'S SCHEME.

Theatre-going people in Bombay will regret to hear that the popular manager of the Royal Opera House, Mr. Edward Platt, has resigned his position in the above Theatre. By his courtesy, amiability, and constant attention to the needs and requirements of patrons of the Opera House Mr. Platt has done a great deal to popularise that place of amusement during the past year, and the attractions he has provided there have been greatly appreciated by the public of Bombay.

Mr. Platt is going to Europe this week to interview an important Theatrical Syndicate with regard to a new model theatre which he has designed, especially suitable for India and other tropical countries. While the theatre would be inexpensive to construct it would, Mr. Platt contends, be more comfortable than existing theatres. It would require no fans or ventilators, but would be kept cool on the refrigerating principle. The building will be of the pavilion type, surrounded by a garden in which will be a buffet and restaurant. Another point will be that the seats will be all on one floor, and there will be two stages, one at each end of the building. On one stage will be given the variety or theatrical entertainment, and on the other the pictures, and the seats will be made reversible, so that when the pictures are being shown the more expensive seats will be furthest away from the screen, as is the case in all the modern picture palaces in Europe. Mr. Platt's first effort will be to induce the Syndicate to construct one of these pavilion theatres in the Fort, Bombay.

PANAMA-PACIFIC EXHIBITION.

Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son have received a cable from the President of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, informing them that they have been appointed official Agents for the Exposition, in India, Burma and Ceylon. They have been requested to organize the exhibitors from India, Burma and Ceylon with a view to making a united display of the arts, handicrafts and commerce of India, Burma and Ceylon. It has been suggested that a special pavilion might be constructed in the Exhibition for the exclusive use of exhibitors from India, Burma and Ceylon. Intending exhibitors should communicate with Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son at their offices in Bombay, Delhi, Calcutta, Rangoon and Colombo.

The Exhibition opens on February 20th 1915 and closes on December 4th, 1915 and will undoubtedly attract a vast number of visitors from all countries.

THE FIRST ENGLISH POLICE WOMAN.

INTERESTING APPOINTMENT AT LIVERPOOL.

The Watch Committee of Liverpool have appointed a woman who will hold the nominal rank of police inspector. The choice of the "first woman policeman" fell upon Mrs. Hughes, and the appointment appears to be an excellent one. She is well known in connexion with police work of a special type, and has for the last two years been matron of the main bridewell in Cheapside, says the "Liverpool Daily Post." In other spheres of Corporation work she is also well known, her experience in this way being considerable, and likely to be of much practical use in her new duties. She has had the superintendence of all grades of female offenders at the main bridewell, and is well posted in the under-currents of the lower strata in which they move. She knows alike their weakness, temptations, and their criminality. She is, in fact, eminently fitted for the work of prevention, supervision, and suasion.

It is not quite known what the special duties of Mrs. Hughes will be, but it may be said generally that she will direct her attention to children, and especially to girls of a tender age who may be in danger from bad companionship, and that persons engaged in the white slave traffic will be the subject of the closest scrutiny.

A roving commission all over the city will, it is believed, be the first occupation of Mrs. Hughes. She will probably carry some kind of badge or indication of her authority, and, in case of need, a police-whistle will bring her ready assistance in any quarter of the city.

IRON HAND IN CHINA.

"Reports from every part of the country state that all attempts at outbreaks are now severely crushed, and that hundreds of executions are taking place," says the "Daily Telegraph's" Pekin correspondent. "In Pekin two secreteries of the Presidential Palace, five ex-Senators and Commoners, and a score of other individuals are reported to have been summarily shot after a drumhead court-martial.

"It is established in connection with the revolutionaries who have taken refuge in Japan that serious questions are likely to arise with the latter country, because it affords an asylum to prominent political personages who declared that they will conspire without cessation to wreck the present regime in China. Japan certainly resists any attempt to induce her to expel these people, and a growing bitterness may henceforth be expected to exist between the two countries."

BACK BAY SERPENTS.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—The complaints by your correspondent "Old Resident" and "Parsi" are more than justified: indeed, they are rather delayed and very moderately put. It is a very usual occurrence. I have been noting these things from the earlier months of 1909.

A number of side issues arse from such occurrences. Are such things peculiar only to some places, or are they of common occurrence in every fashionable European Promenade? If peculiar to some places, have they arisen out of the neglect of complaints, by Hindus and others, of similar molestations? Many of your readers might remember that numerous complaints of a like nature used to be made of such annoyances in running Railway Trains. It was not until some Europeans themselves were molested that the simple expedient of cutting off the running footboards was hit upon. It would seem that the encouraged audacity of these Back Bay Serpents is therefore a good, not a bad thing: in that some remedial measures will now be suggested and brought into effect. Hitherto, it has been impossible, especially for an Indian, to remedy or resent such annoyances; because, persons so resenting were usually alone, the annoying parties usually three or four, frequently bearing the King's uniform; and our sense of civic duty to each other is not so well developed as to support each other, or truth, in courts of justice. Besides, Indians have now become very pessimistic about receiving fair consideration in cases of complaint to the authorities concerned. I can myself quote numerous instances of having had to put up with slights, insults, and aggresive annoyances; in no case of complaint, was redress obtained; in many other cases no complaint was therefore made. Whether such experiences are now having their suggestive effect, or whether it is a case of encouraged audacity, we Indians, must, I think, welcome this development, in view of the remedial measures now sure to be introudced. Whether other Indians welcome it or not, I do; for, I had hitherto to forego the pleasure of evenings at such places with my family,—or enjoy it only in carrieages.—Yours etc.,

G. H. K.

Bombay, April 22.

DACOITS ATTACKED BY VILLAGERS.

SEVERAL WOUNDED IN FREE FIGHT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, April 22.

What appears to have been a daring dacoity in the village of Pachakola, in the Joynagore thannah, in the house of a well-to-do resident, Khetter Mohan Mondal, on the night of Sunday last, was reported to the district police at Alipore.

At midnight about twenty-five dacoits effected their entrance by breaking open the door. Before they could enter the zenana Khetter ran away from his house with almost all his valuables and informed the villagers. About fifty of them appeared on the scene and attacked the dacoits. A free fight ensued in the course of which some men on either side were more or less wounded. The dacoits after murderously assaulting an old uncle of Khetter carried away their wounded comrades and a box containing Rs. 35, the property of a servant of the house.

FODDER SCARCITY IN PUNJAB.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES.

(From Our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, April 22.

In view of the scarcity of fodder in parts of the Punjab the Government of India, have decided that with effect from 23rd April, 1914, and until further orders freight on all consignments of fodder, excepting fodder for the Army Department, booked from any station on any railway to any station in the Karnal and Gurgaon districts of the Punjab, shall be recovered from the consignor or the consignee at the rate of half an anna per four-wheeled, nine pies per six-wheeled and one anna per bogie waggon per mile, and the balance of the freight charges calculated at the ordinary tariff rates shall be paid by the Government and debited to the head "33 famine relief" in the accounts.

MARRIAGE PROFESSION PROSECUTION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, April 22.

A Marwari, named Rutton Lall Madho, was placed on Tuesday before the Commissioner of Police on a charge of failing to register at the Burra Bazar Thana the pass obtained by him for a procession through the streets of Calcutta on the 17th instant. The inspector who brought the charge against the Marwari, mentioned that objectionable effigies were carried in Rutton Lall Madho's procession. One of the effigies represented a European woman being embraced by a Bengali and another represented a Sahib drunk and in custody of a Parawallah.

The Commissioner of Police, however, confined himself to the question of the registration of the pass and directed proceedings to be taken by summons against the Marwari under Section 62 of the Police Act.

MAJOR DODD'S SUCCESSOR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, April 22.

It is understood that it has been decided to post Mr T. B. Copeland, I. C. S., at present Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, as Political Agent, Wano, vice the late Major Dodd. The new Commandant of the South Waziristan Militia, when appointed, will thus be relieved of political duties.

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SPORT AT HOME.

LEAGUE AND CUP RESULTS.

BOXING AND CROSS-COUNTRY RACES.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

The defeat of Aston Villa by Liverpool in the semi-final of the Football Association Cup came as a great surprise. Nine out of ten authorities were of the opinion that the holders of the trophy would reach the final, and come through the match with flying colours. Football is a curious game however, and such surprises as we saw on Saturday lend zest to the pastime.

The match was played on the Tottenham Hotspur enclosure, about 28,000 spectators being present, whilst the receipts reached £1,950.

Aston Villa pressed for the first twenty minutes, but gradually the Liverpool half-backs opened the play out, and after that they were always the more dangerous side. After twenty-six minutes a corner fell to Liverpool; Sheldon placed it well, and, although Hardy got his fingers to the ball, he could not get it away, and Nicholl shot into the net.

After this, both goals had some desperate escapes, and the Villa were the more generally attacking.

Liverpool were a great team in the second half. Soon after the re-start Nicholl hit the underneath of the cross-bar with a great shot, and the ball rebounded on to the turf. Hardy turned and scooped the ball out, and the referee ignored the appeal of Liverpool for a goal.

Half an hour elapsed before the second goal came. Metcalf was weakly challenged by Weston, but went on to send in a terrific shot, which hit the cross-bar, and glanced off to Nicholl who drove in a grand shot, well wide of Hardy.

This settled matters, and ensured the Liverpool players a trip to the Crystal Palace.

FIRST LEAGUE.

The first League matches provided something very sensational, the most noteworthy happening being the overthrow of the leaders (Blackburn) when visiting Sheffield Wednesday. The Blackburn men went under by 3 goals to 1, though, in spite of an accident to Aitkenhead, they pressed hard for a long time in the second half.

Much clever football was seen at Stamford Bridge, where Chelsea was opposed by Manchester City, but the only goal of the match was scored well on in the second half when Ford put in a well-judged shot that beat Smith.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

The fight for the Southern League championship is proving very exciting, and though Swindon looked like scoring a runaway victory up to Christmas, we shall now probably have the issue in doubt right up to the end of the season.

Swindon's visit to Brighton resulted in the dropping of two points, Longstaff and Webb scoring for the Sussex combination, whilst the Swindon team failed to get through the defence.

On the other hand, Crystal Palace made the most of their opportunity when receiving Queen's Park Rangers, the home players putting on two goals to the one by Rangers. In consequence of this, Crystal Place drew up to within one point of Swindon, and this with a game in hand.

Association football makes fast progress in Service circles, and upwards of 4,000 spectators attended the match between the Army and Royal Navy at Plymouth on Saturday.

It was due to Murphy's work that the Army opened a score He ran through and then crossing to Creeks, and the centre scored. The Army came again, and from Prince's pass the ball went right into the Navy goal. Squibb made a glorious effort to save, but he turned the ball into the net. On resuming, the Navy were top dogs for quite a long time, and after Baker had shot wide, Burch darted through the defence, and netted with a great shot. Burch and Davies nearly drew level just after, but Hushar got the ball on to the left wing, and the Army scored in the subsequent dash. Morris made a great run, and then crossed to Wearn, who sent to Creeks, and he clean beating the defence, scored the Army's third goal. Near the end the Army added a fourth through Wearn, and they won by four goals to one.

IN SCOTLAND.

The semi-final of the Scottish Cup claimed attention over the Border on Saturday. About 50,000 spectators witnessed the struggle between Celtic and Third Lanark at Ibrox Park, Glasgow, where it was a case of the popular fancy coming out on the right side. Celtic, who had a two-goal advantage at the call of time, had the better side all the time, the disparity being especially marked in the front rank, where Owers, the Celt's ruddylocked Englishman, kept the attack moving in capital style. Brownlie, in the losers' goal, did all that an international custodian could do. He had lots of work, and did it well.

HIBERNIANS PREVAIL.

The Hibernians were generally fancied to beat, St. Mirren in the other semi-final and this came to pass, the deficit being three goals to one. Play was keen rather than clever in the opening half-hour, when Edina's second string gained a two-goal, lead. Little variety marked the resumption until the last fifteen minutes ,when the losers showed dash and cleverness, and the reduction of their leeway livened up the game. However, a third point coming the Hibs' way brought the battle back to its former level, and the better side on the day ultimately passed ino the last stage.

WELSH CUP FINAL.

The meeting of Wrexham and Llanelly in the final, of the Welsh F. A. Cup competition drew 15,000 spectators to Swansea on Saturday. The game proved a fine one, though there was no scoring.

Taking a general view of the encounter, one can safely say that Wrexham had the best of matters, and at one period in the second half they certainly bombarded the Llanelly goal. In the first half the referee, Mr. James Mason, of Burslem, received a hit on the head with the ball and had to retire, his position being taken by Mr. T. G. Davies, of Llanidloes.

In the Arthur Dunn Cup competition, the Old Reptonians beat the Old Cholmeleins; at Merton Park, Wimbledon, on March 28, by 3 goals to 0.

St. Thomas's beat St. Bartholomew's in the final round of the Hospitals' Cup, at Ealing, on March 30, by 4 goals to 2.

Ilford beat Clapton in the Isthmian League, at Newbury Park, on March 30, by 2 goals to 1, and Dulwick Hamlet beat West Norwood, at Champion Hill, on March 31, by 1 goal to 0.

Southampton and Coventry City played a drawn game, at Chelsea, on April 1, in the final round of the Southern Charity Cup Competition, each side having scored 2 goals.

There was a comparatively short programme in the League Championship on March 28. The results were:—

Sheffield Wednesday 3 goals, Blackburn Rovers 1, at Sheffield;

Bolton Wanderers 3, Bradford City 0, at Bolton;

Oldham Athletic 0, Derby County 0, at Oldham;

West Bromwich Albion 2, Sunderland 1, at West Bromwich;

Everton 1, Tottenham Hotspur 1, at Everton; Chelsea 1, Manchester City 0, at Chelsea.

Liverpool beat Newcastle United, at Newcastle, on April 1, by 2 goals to 1.

In the Second Division of the League the results on March 28 were:—

Notts County 4 goals, Hull City 1, at Nottingham;

Birmingham 2, Woolwich Arsenal Arsenal 0, at Birmingham;

Bradford 1, Barnsley 1, at Bradford;

Leeds City 2, Blackpool 1, at Leeds;

Clapton Orient 5, Lincoln City 1, at Homerton;

Stockport County 3, Bury 0, at Stockport;

Bristol City 1, Notts Forest 0, at Bristol;

Huddersfield Town 3, Glossop 2, at Glossop;

Fulham 3, Grimsby Town 0, at Grimsby;

Wolverhampton Wanderers 3, Leicester Fosse 2, at Leicester.

The Southern League Championship is more than ever in the balance. On March 28 it was Swindon's turn to lose ground. The results were:—

Brighton and Hove Albion 2 goals, Swindon Town 0, at Brighton;

Crystal Palace 2, Queen's Park Rangers 1, at the Crystal Palace;

Millwall 3, Exeter City 1, at New Cross;

Northampton 1, Merthyr Town 0, at Northampton;

Norwich City 1, Plymouth Argyle 1, at Norwich;

Southend United 2, Bristol Rovers 2, at Southend;

Gillingham 3, West Ham United 1, at Gillingham;

Portsmouth 1, Cardiff City 1, at Portsmouth;

Reading 2, Coventry City 1, at Coventry;

Watford 2, Southampton 1, at Watford.

Watford beat West Ham United, at Watford, on April 1, by 6 goals to 0, and Gillingham and Reading played a drawn game, at Gillingham, neither side having scored.

Appended are the League tables corrected up to and including March 28:—

LEAGUE.—DIVISION I.

	Pld.	Won.	Lt.	Dn.	Goals For.	Ast.	Pts.
Blackburn Rovers	33	18	6	9	73	37	45
Bolton Wanderers	32	15	8	9	59	40	39
Aston Villa	31	16	9	6	54	30	38
West Bromwich A	33	13	9	11	39	36	37
Sunderland	33	15	12	6	57	47	36
Oldham Athletic	32	13	10	9	44	39	35
Middlesbrough	31	14	12	5	56	53	33
Bradford City	32	11	10	11	34	32	33
Chelsea	32	13	13	6	39	40	32
Burnley	32	10	11	11	50	39	31
Everton	32	11	12	9	41	46	31
Manchester United	30	13	13	4	44	50	30
Tottenham Hotspur	32	11	13	8	40	51	30
Newcastle United	31	10	12	9	32	42	29
Liverpool	30	11	13	6	40	52	28
Sheffield Wednesday	33	11	16	6	47	65	28
Sheffield United	31	11	15	5	45	52	27
Manchester City	32	10	15	7	39	47	27
Derby County	32	7	15	10	47	58	24
Preston North End	32	9	18	5	41	56	23

LEAGUE.—DIVISION II.

	Pld.	Won.	Lst.	Dn.	Goals For.	Ast.	Pts.
Notts County	34	21	7	6	73	34	48
Woolwich Arsenal	31	17	8	6	43	33	40
Bradford	32	19	11	2	58	44	40
Leeds City	31	17	10	4	69	41	38
Hull City	32	15	9	8	50	32	38
Clapton Orient	31	15	10	6	40	26	36
Bristol City	32	15	11	6	47	44	36
Wolverhampton W	32	16	12	4	44	46	36
Barnsley	31	14	10	7	43	39	35
Bury	32	13	11	8	35	34	34
Fulham	32	13	13	6	42	39	32
Grimsby Town	31	12	12	7	39	40	31
Stockport County	32	10	13	9	45	47	29
Birmingham	32	10	14	8	38	52	28
Huddersfield Town	32	10	15	7	38	45	27
Blackpool	32	8	14	10	28	37	26
Leicester Fosse	32	10	20	2	48	56	22
Lincoln City	33	8	19	6	31	44	22
Glossop	32	8	19	5	40	50	21
Notts Forest	32	5	18	9	31	64	19

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

	Pld.	Won.	Lst.	Dn.	Goals For.	Ast.	Pts.
Swindon Town	32	19	9	4	70	38	42
Crystal Palace	31	15	5	11	52	20	41
Reading	31	16	8	7	41	30	39
Northampton T.	32	11	5	16	37	25	38
West Ham. United	30	14	8	8	53	41	36
Plymouth Argyle	31	13	8	10	41	37	36
Brighton and Hove	31	11	9	9	37	38	353
Queen's P. Rang'rs	30	12	9	9	36	34	33
Portsmouth	31	11	10	10	45	37	32
Exeter City	31	9	10	12	34	32	30
Gillingham	31	12	13	6	44	43	30
Southampton	32	12	14	6	46	49	30
Millwall	30	10	11	9	43	44	29
Cardiff City	31	10	12	9	40	38	29
Norwich City	31	8	10	13	46	45	29
Southend United	32	9	14	9	38	60	27
Bristol Rovers	32	8	15	9	41	62	25
Watford	32	8	17	7	37	47	25
Merthyr Town	31	6	17	8	28	48	20
Coventry City	32	4	16	12	34	61	20

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

	Pld.	Won.	Lst.	Dn.	Goals For.	Ast	Pts.
Rangers	33	25	5	3	71	25	53
Celtic	31	24	3	4	64	10	52
Hearts	33	20	5	8	58	22	48
Morton	34	18	9	7	51	47	45
Airdieonians	34	16	7	11	63	37	43
Falkirk	33	16	9	8	57	46	40
Dundee	34	15	14	5	52	50	35
Third Lanark	29	11	10	8	36	38	30
Clyde	34	10	15	9	40	41	29
Kilmarnock	33	10	14	9	44	62	29
Raith Rovers	33	11	17	5	47	50	27
Motherwell	31	11	15	5	45	54	27
Partick Thistle	32	10	15	7	34	42	27
Hibernians	32	11	17	4	40	63	26
Aberdeen	33	9	16	8	34	48	26
Ayr United	33	10	18	5	44	69	25
Queen's Park	30	8	15	7	44	69	23
Dumbarton	31	8	18	5	37	73	21
Hamilton Acad.	32	7	19	6	40	50	20
St. Mirren	31	7	21	3	34	64	17

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

By defeating Durham, on March 28, by 3 goals (1 penalty) and 3 tries (22 points) to 1 goal (5 points), the Midland Counties won the Rugby County Championship.

In the final tie for the Army Cup, the 2nd West Riding (Duke of Wellington's) Regt. beat the 1st Gloucestershire Regt. on the Army Athletic Ground, Aldershot, on March 28, by 2 tries (6 points) to 1 try (3 points).

The Royal Engineers beat the Royal Naval College (Greenwich) in the final round of the Kent Cup Competition, at Blackheath, on March 28, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

The Harlequins beat Bristol, at Twickenham, on March 28, by 4 goals, 1 penalty goal, and 5 tries (38 points) to 1 dropped goal (4 points). Newport beat Blackheath, at Newport, by 1 goal and 1 dropped goal (9 points) to 1 goal (5 points). Richmond beat the United Services, at Richmond, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 1 goal (5 points).

Old Leysians beat Old Edwardians, at Wandsworth, on March 28, by 2 goals, 1 penalty goal, and 2 tries (19 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Old Alleynians beat Old Blues, at Twickenham, by 1 goal (5 points) to 0.

Streatham beat London Welsh, at Streatham, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

Devonport Albion beat Devonport Services, at Devonport, by 1 penalty goal, 1 goal from a mark, and 1 try (9 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Bath beat Llanelly, at Bath, by 1 goal (5 points) to 0.

Moseley beat London Irish, at Moseley, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Gloucester beat Northampton, at Gloucester, by 2 goals and 2 tries (16 points) to 0.

Old Merchant Taylors beat Bedford, at Bedford, by 1 goal and 1 dropped goal (9 points) to 1 goal (5 points).

Rosslyn Park beat Royal Naval College (Osborne), at Osborne, by 3 goals and 3 tries (24 points) to 1 goal, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try (11 points).

Watsonians beat Jed Forest, at Edinburgh, by 1 goal and 6 tries (23 points) to 0.

Glasgow Academicals beat West of Scotland, at Glasgow, by 1 goal, 1 dropped goal, and 6 tries (27 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Swansea beat Pontypool, at Pontypool, on March 30, by 1 try (3 points) to 0.

BOXING.

In a rather lengthy experience of sports and pastimes, going back to the eighties, the writer cannot recall having seen a much better contest than Marcil Moreau and Pte. Braddock put up at the National Sporting Club last Monday. The former is the middleweight champion of France, whilst the soldier must be the pick amongst British middleweights. They weighed 11st. 5lbs., though the Frenchman looked the heavier, and it was a fight from the start. Braddock differs from most English boxers in that he really can and does hit hard. He got home on Moreau during the opening round and the Frenchman went down in a sitting position, but was quickly up.

They both fought at a great pace, Braddock having the best of matters in the first three rounds. Moreau improved in the fourth and Braddock seemed to have lost much of his strength, which was not to be wondered at considering the pace. Just when it seemed as though the visitor might wear down Braddock, the latter got in a left to the jaw which dropped his man. Moreau was very, game, however, and he staggered up, though very "groggy," and Braddock tried his best to finish his man, but foolishly kept swinging on to the Frenchman's gloves—as he "covered up" to protect his jaw. The latter was so distressed, however, that he was toppled over three more times, and it was clear that he was well beaten. Unfortunately for Braddock, he lost his head entirely, and hit Moreau when the latter was on one knee and his hands. Mr. B. J. Angle, the referee, had no option but to disqualify the Englishman.

Moreau, like all his countrymen, displayed splendid pluck and the ability to take punishment. France is indeed making progress in the boxing world, and her fighters are tough men.

Another international was staged with J. Wilde, of Wales, and Eugene Husson, of France, as the principals. The latter was giving away 7lbs. in weight, which amoag fly-weights is a very big handicap. The bout was mainly noteworthy for the pluck of the visitor, who though outclassed, hung on for six rounds before being knocked out.

No one expected that the match between Bomb. Wells and A. Lurie of France would be a very exciting affair. The contest was decided in London, Wells contenting himself with "tapping" the Frenchman for six rounds. He cut loose in the seventh, however, and landed a few stiff jolts, which caused Lurie to sink on his hands and knees. He evidently recognised that he was beaten, and signified it by a shake of the head. Considering that Bandsman Rice recently beat Lurie, the victory has hardly added to the prestige of Wells.

RACING.

The Grand National Steeplechase, decided at the Liverpool Meeting on March 27, proved a good thing for the lightly-weighted Sunloch, belonging to Mr. T Tyler. The son of Sundorne—Gralloch made nearly all the running, and, setting up a substantial lead and fencing for the most part grandly, he won by eight lengths, the French horses Trianon III, and Lutteur III. being second and third respectively.

Liverpool Races ended on March 28, when the Champion Steeplechase was won by Sir G. Bullough's Ilston, the Liverpool Hurdle Race by Mr. R. Mill's Romeo, and the Earl of Sefton's Handicap by Lord Wolverton's The Gaul.

GOLF.

The Army Service Corps' Meeting at Woking was concluded on March 27. The results were:—First 9 holes.—Lieut. Croker, 43—9 equal 34; Capt. Godfray, 39—1 equal 38. Last 9 holes.—Capt. Pery-Knox-Gore, 46—4 equal 42; Major Richards, 46—3½ equal 42½. Station Handicap Foursomes.—Capt. Godfray and Capt. Roberts (3) tied with Major Davies and Lieut. Beuttler (3) at 5 down. Singles Championship.—Capt. Blencowe 83, Capt. Godfray 86. Handicap Singles.—Lieut.-Col. F. D. S. Taylor, 90—10 equal 80, tied with Lieut. Beall, 92—12 equal 80. Command Foursomes Championship.—Capt. Godfray and Lieut. Beuttler 87, Capt. Doran and Lieut. Apthorpe 96. Command Handicap Foursomes.—Capt. Godfray and Lieut. Beuttler, 87—5 equal 82; Capt. Doran and Lieut. Apthorpe, 96—8½ equal 87½. Eclectic Prize.—Capt. Godfray, 76—1 equal 75.

In the final round of the Royal Eastbourne Club's foursomes tournament for the Hughes Challenge Cups, at Eastbourne on March 27, Mr. J. W. Russell (handicap 5) and Mr. H. S. Malik, Oxford University (1), beat Mr. Stanley Jones (3) and Capt. H. H. Harington (4), by 6 holes up and 4 to play.

A GOLF BALL TEST.

Quite 3,000 spectators went to Sanday Lodge yesterday to see the relative merits of the old gutty ball and the modern rubber-core ball tested.

At the end of the morning round H. Vardon and J. H. Taylor (playing the rubber-core), were 5 up on J. Braid and H. Duncan. They changed the make of the balls in the afternoon round, Braid and Duncan having the newer make. The latter pair once obtained the lead, but Vardon and Taylor regained it, and were one up at the finish.

INTERNATIONAL CROSS-COUNTRY RACE.

There was a record crowd at Chesham during mail week to see the twelfth annual International Cross Country Championship. It it held in Scotland, England, Ireland, Wales, and France in rotation, and up to the present, England has always won the team honours. At one time on Saturday it looked as if the sequence might be upset, as when the runners commenced the last lap (3 miles) England only held a three points lead over Scotland; whilst Wallach of Scotland was making a bold bid for premier place. R. Stanton of Birmingham did much to give England the day, as he went up from the 26th to the 11th position during the last lap. A. H. Nicholls, the Southern champion, also rose to the occasion, and got away from Wallach during the last mile. C. A. Ruffel, the National champion, was evidently stale after his recent severe races and he could only finish 23rd. Glover and Nicholls failed in the National, but they made amends on Saturday. The winner is evidently a great "find," and will certainly take many more honours if all goes well with him. More particulars of the race will be gleaned from the positions of the leaders appended.

	Time. m.	s.
1. A. H. Nicholls (England) ...	60	23
2. G. C. L. Wallach (Scotland)...	60	46
3. E. Glover (England)	61	14
4. F. Antrobus (England)	61	38
5. J. Hughes (Ireland)	61	42
6. James Wilson (England)	61	54
7. A. S. Wilson (Wales)	62	10
8. J. Lindsay (Scotland)	62	12
9. M. Lalaimode (France)	62	54
10. C. Price (Wales)	62	56

The team placings were:—

1. England (1st, 3rd, 4th, 6th, 11th, 22nd), 47 points.
2. Scotland (2nd, 8th, 12th, 13th, 19th, 20th), 74 points.
3. France (9th, 14th, 15th, 18th, 24th, 26th), 106 points.
4. Wales (7th, 10th, 16th, 25th, 27th, 32nd), 117 points.
5. Ireland (5th, 17th, 21st, 28th, 30th, 31st), 132 points.

BILLIARDS.

Inman finished up his championship match against Reece by making a break of 491 at the final session, and eventually won by 5,174 points. This is the third year in succession he has secured the title, and he will take a lot of beating. His methods and style may not be so pleasing as some of his rivals, but he "gets there." Lord Lonsdale presented the cup to the winner at the finish, and the Twickenham man came in for plenty of applause. Inman had to be treated for ear trouble during the opening stages of the match, and that he did not show to better advantage at first is understandable. As for Reece, he was tired out after two hard games with Gray and Stevenson, and in future there should be a break between the preliminary heat (or heats) and final. Inman averaged 31 for the match, due to his fine form during the last week. His average of 188 on Friday afternoon, and break of 744 during the match, both rank as championship records.

OTHER GAMES.

At the annaul meeting of the Royal Thames Yacht Club on March 21, Mr. Theodore Pim was re-elected commodore, Mr. Almeric H. Paget, M.P., vice-commodore, Lord Anglesey rear-commodore, and Admiral the Hon. Victor Montagu cup-bearer.

CRICKET.

The Cairo correspondent of "Near ception of Barnes, returned home, on March 21, after a most successful tour. As on the outward journey Barnes, who is accompanied by his wife and son, travelled by a different boat.

The Cairo correspondent of the *Near East*" telegraphs that in the match played at Cairo on March 26, 27, and 28, I Zingari were:—I Zingari, 281 and 420 (the Hon. Rupert Anson 162); All Egypt 261 and 337 (Major Liddell, 83; Mr. J. Maclaren, 84).

HOCKEY.

England and Ireland played a drawn game, at Bournville, on March 28, each side having scored 2 goals.

The 2nd Royal Sussex Regt. beat the Royal Warwickshire Regt. in the final round of the Army Hockey Tournament, at Aldershot, on March 30, by 2 goals to 1.

RACKETS.

G. A Dury and A. C. Wingate have been chosen to represent Harrow in the Public Schools' Racket Championship at Queen's Club.

Mr. H. W. Leatham (Charterhouse and Cambridge) won his first Amateur Championship at Queen's Club on March 28. He beat Mr. E. M. Baerlein (Eton and Cambridge), who has been champion six times in the past, by 3 games to 2, after a match which for excitement at the finish will be remembered as one of the best of the whole series.

Mr. E. M. Baerlein and Mr. G. G. Kershaw won the Amateur Doubles Rackets Championship, at Queen's Club, on April 1.

UNIVERSITY SPORTS.

Cambridge beat Oxford, at Queen's Club, on March 27, by 6 events to 4. Records were beaten in the Three Miles Race, which was won by G. M. Sproule, in 14 mins. 34 4-5 secs., and in the Long Jump by H. S. O. Ashington with a jump of 23 ft. 6¼ in.

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Mavrodaphne, Manufacturers' Speciality, very old	2	8
" Empress Sweet, Vintage 1884	5	4
Saravalle, Red Wine, very old, similar to Port Wine but far better quality	2	6
Malvasia, White	2	10
Malvasia Gutland Red, Sweet Wines very very old	3	0
" White do. do.	3	0
Port Wine, White old dry	1	14
Port Wine, Red	1	12
Muscato, very old, light flavoured	2	0

TABLE WINES.

Morea, Vin de table, Red	1	6
Demestica, Vin de table, Red	1	10
Kalavryta, Vin de table, Red	1	12
Acheos, Vin de table, White. (very old)	2	8
Morea, Vin de table. White	1	8
Demestica, Vin de table, White	1	12

SPECIAL SHERRY WINES.

Acheos, Imperis' dry, vintage, 1894	5	4
Marsala de l'Achaia	1	10
Malaga de l'Achaia	1	10
Vermouth de l'Achaia	1	12

SUPERIOR BRANDIES.

Vintage of 1900 (one crown)	3	8
" 1895 (two crown)	4	0
" 1890 (Princess)	5	0
" 1887 (Royal)	6	0

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A DISSERTATION ON FOOLS.

THEIR CHARACTERISTICS.

Most people think that they know the meaning of the good old Gothic epithet of fool, and would be able to name a certain number of their acquaintance who would, in their opinion, answer closely to the title, but it is doubtful whether many would be able to describe exactly what they meant by it within the boundaries of a definition, writes Mr. F.M. Martin, in "T.P.'s Weekly" Even the dictionaries fail to satisfy us in this respect, as dictionaries invariably do, for all that most of them have to tell us in effect is what we already supposed we knew —that a fool is one who is void of understanding or of reason; an idiot, one who acts unwisely or wickedly, a buffoon, an absurd individual, and so on, which are really synonyms rather than definitions. But most of these terms are either incorrect or incomplete when we inquire more closely in to the psychology of the true fool and all the world connotes, because the fool, as we know him is not always void of understanding.

UNCONSCIOUS OF FOLLY.

There is, however, a saying which approaches with some shrewdness to the truth, to the effect that a fool who knows he is a fool is not such a fool as he supposes, and that the authentic fool has not the least suspicion of the fact any more we may suppose than a man who is dreaming is aware that he is dreaming. There is a good psychological foundation for this view inasmuch as a certain naive unconsciousness of folly is always characteristic of the complete fool. and it is this "innocence" which makes him as foolish as he is. For if he had the smallest self-consciousness of his absurdity he would be able, in some degree, at least, to avoid being ridiculous in his conduct or speech, and would do so as a matter of course. And it is truly in this self-blindness, in a certain exaggerated or disproportionate sense of his own ego, and in a lack of that sane and wholesome faculty of seeing himself as others see him, that the fool is usually discovered And this blindness may be complete comprehending all a man's faculties, circumstances and aspects, or it may be only partial and "astigmatic," so that we have the common spectacle of a man unusually intelligent and self-knowing in some directions but painfully unaware of his eccentricity or stupidity in certain others. This is illustrated by the frequency of "folly" in some men of the finest culture and intelligence, like artists and poets and men of genius, who, it must be said, by all common standards often have handsomely earned the title of fool in the conduct of their affairs, and in all the common matters of life. For a flagrant example of this we have Strindberg, who, in his famous "Confessions of a Fool," illustrates very painfully the efforts of a mind of unusual powers to understand itself and to adjust itself to the common experiences of life. There is the same combined extraordinary intellectual power and stupidity in many other famous autobiographies by men of genius from Rousseau to Tolstoy, Strindberg, or even Wagner, of some of which it may be said that, despite their extraordinary power and value as human documents, only a "fool" could or would have published them. We have excellent examples of combined wisdom and folly in our own Hazlitt and Coleridge and Gissing, to name only a few of many. It is almost incomprehensible that Hazlitt should have published the "Liber Amoris," which is an ill-disguised confession of his own almost idiotic infatuation and behaviour with respect to Sarah Walker, the shrewish daughter of a landlady of his. His biographers give us painful glimpses of his insane conduct in talking of this passion abroad; even strangers were taken into his confidence with regard to it. And yet at the same period Hazlitt was writing his volume of characteristics or shrewd aphorisms and psychological reflections after the manner of Rouchefoucauld.

DUALITY OF WISDOM AND FOLLY.

These observations are full of the finest wisdom of life, and how Hazlitt, the artist and sage and critic, regards Hazlitt, the fool, may be gathered from many of the aphorisms obviously derived from his own experience and an intellectual realisation of his own absurdity. This painful duality of wisdom and folly is so frequent in the histories of men of genius that we can only surmise that there is often some physiological cause for it, a cerebral lesion, or some disease of will and personality. In Gissing there is the same extraordinary combination of the philosopher and the fool, and perhaps he is an even more amazing illustration of his duality. Mr. H. G. Wells, who knew him, diagnoses this character in its general aspects as a unit of society very shrewdly, and it may be quoted here in full as it bears directly upon the true psychology of the fool. "It is not that he was a careless man. he was a most careful one; it is not that he was a morally-lax man, he was almost morbidly the reverse. Neither was he morose or eccentric in his motives or bearing; he was genial, conversational and well-meaning. But he had some sort of blindness towards his fellowmen, so that he never entirely grasped the spirit of everyday life, so that he who was so copiously intelligent in the things of the study misunderstood, blundered, was nervously diffident and wilful and spasmodic in common affairs, in employment and buying and selling and the normal conflicts of intercourse. He did not know what would offend and he did not know what would please. He irritated others and thwarted himself. He had no social nerve."

ABNORMAL AND NORMAL TYPES.

Exactly? That is an admirable description of the more common type of fool (using the word sympathetically). To this description we may add a diagnosis of the character of Hartley Coleridge by Walter Bagehot. "In estimating men like the Coleridges, the son even more than the father. we must take into this peculiar difficulty this dreamy unbelief, this daily scepticism, this haunting unreality, and imagine that some may not be quite responsible either for what they do or what they do not, because they are bewildered and deluded and perplexed and want the faculty as much to

This is applicable, however, not only to the abnormal, but to the normal type of fool, as most people know or have known him. He "wants the faculty to comprehend his difficulty as to subdue it." He has "some sort of blindness to his fellow-men so that he never entirely grasps the spirit of everyday life. . . . he does not know what will offend and what will please." It is impossible not to feel some sincere sympathy with this kind of "fool" when he is vaguely aware of his stupidity and folly even although there is an element of comedy in his behaviour which partly neutralises it, yet the spectacle is not an uncommon one. It is, indeed, distressing to observe the predicament of a fool who preserves a sense of his own folly and his attempts to overcome or extricate himself from it. It is not unlike that of an extremely nervous man who is quite clearly and intelligently aware that he is acting or speaking ridiculously, but cannot control his limbs or think of anything apt or sensible, say, at the moment.

But we must not be hasty in despising the fool for his folly, and it is always well to remember that there is no man who, at certain times in his life and in certain circumstances, has not been guilty of it. Folly in some sort is one of the universal ingredients of human nature, and it is always likely to break out unexpectedly. Every lover, for instance, is to the eye of common sense and cold reason, a fool. Wisdom and folly are related possibly much as are good and evil, and cannot exist without each other. The more wit and wisdom there is in any man the more danger is he in perhaps of committing folly, and it is only the hopelessly dull and mechanic mind which always avoids it.

RELIGION OF THE KORAN.

EARLY DEVELOPMENT OF MOHAMMEDANISM

In his preface to the recently published Hibbert Lectures delivered by him last year, Professor Margoliouth assumes in his hearers "an acquaintance with the elements of the subject" as expounded in other and more popular works by himself and others, says the "Morning Post." He also tells us that his material is mainly drawn from recently-published works of the jurist Shafi, Jahiz of Bozrah, whom he calls later the most important of all Moslem authors, and Tabari, besides a few unpublished MSS. Yet he gives no detailed references to these authorities, and the book is singular among Hibbert Lectures for its almost complete absence of footnotes. It is thereby much shortened, but necessarily loses—even when Professor Margoliouth's high reputation as an Arabist is taken into account—some of its usefulness to students of Islamic literature.

The part of the lectures most attractive to the general reader will doubtless be the specimens of Mohammedan mystical literature that he here gives, which form, indeed, the only lengthy quotations in the book. These are some of them of great beauty. They all deal with that union of the believer's soul during this earthly life with the Supreme and Only Being which is the goal of all mysticism, and are not therefore in any way peculiar to Mohammedanism. Moreover, all of them, so far as we can judge, are taken from the works of Sufis, who are looked upon as heretics by at least all the official Mohammedan world, and whose separation from the Sunnis or orthodox is a good deal more than geographical. It might perhaps have been wise to mark the distinction between such doctrines and those held by the greater number of Mohammedans in the Ottoman Empire and India more sharply than is here done.

THE DOCTRINE.

Professor Margoliouth does, however, bring out clearly enough the vast importance that attaches to the Koran in all early, and even late, Mohammedanism in the sense in which the word is used by most Europeans. The Koran, we are told, is not to be studied prior to conversion and is even profaned by the perusal of the unbeliever. It has to be accepted, as it was by Mohammed's companions and immediate successors, without examination, and generally in ignorance of its contents. Nor is this a question of the volition of the convert. God, according to the orthodox, has predestined certain individuals to receive Islam, and therefore every conversion is, as it were, miraculous. In this as in everything else in Mohammedanism, resignation to the will of God is the real merit compared to which all good works and everything else are subordinate. The Kadaris or sect—Mohammedanism is full of sects—who taught that man retained some freedom of will were, Professor Margoliouth tells us, always unpopular and were often torn in pieces by their co-religionists, while we gather that they are now extinct. The other "pillars" of Islam, prayer, which, as we are here told, is often more like "mention" of Allah than supplication, alms, which purify the giver and should make the recipient thankful to God only, even the "Pilgrimage of Islam," are as feathers compared to the acceptance of the Koran as a divine revelation, and are at most atonements for sins. Far more than any religion in the world, Mohammedanism is the religion of a book.

On historical matters Professor Margoliouth says little, perhaps because there is little to be said. The "Sunnah" or tradition which grew up round the Koran, like Testaments, troubled itself little about such matters. Yet Professor Margoliouth thinks that the relations of Islam with the other powers, and especially with the Byzantine Empire were at first friendly enough, and only gradually degenerated into open oppression and intolerance. He points out, too, that the early Mohammedans were greedy of wealth and luxury rather than fanatical ascetics, and were therefore less destructive of works of art than has sometimes been supposed. He does not say that the havoc which they often caused in the West was due rather to Semitic want of receptiveness for culture than to any other reason. Yet this seems evident from the better result of the Mohammedan conquests of Morocco, Spain, and India. Their worst crime in modern eyes, was perhaps their destruction of other literatures than their own; and this, as he points out, is the direct result of their view of the all-importance of the Koran. Professor Margoliouth's interesting and learned book would be improved by the correction of some trifling slips such as "conciser" and "heros eponymus."

WOMEN IN PUBLIC LIFE IN FRANCE.

MLLE. GRUNBERG. One of the two lady advocates who have been asked to assist in the defence of Madame Caillaux.

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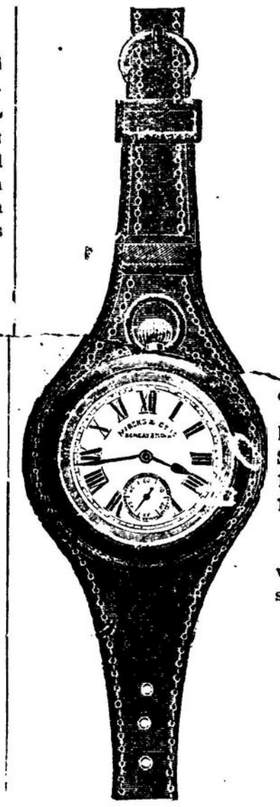

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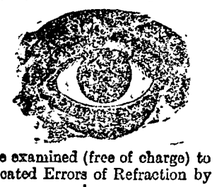

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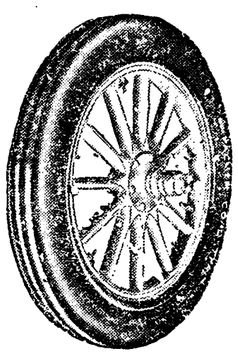

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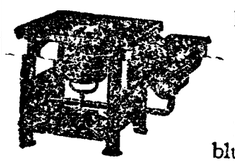

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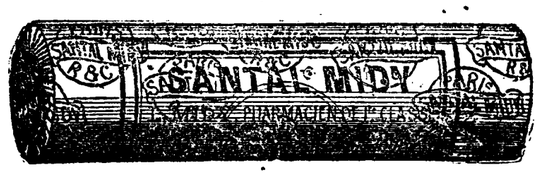

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